

# New York State National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS)

This document provides a detailed listing of all errors that could occur within a monthly NYS NIBRS file upon submission to the DCJS IBR Database. The listing includes each error number, the corresponding error message, and a detailed explanation of the error. This document is intended primarily as a reference for law enforcement agencies that receive errors on their NYS NIBRS Submission Transaction Report and need further assistance in correcting them.

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New York State Division of Criminal Justice Services
Office of Criminal Justice Records
New York State Crime Reporting Program

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#### 100 Incident not processed due to invalid segment length

Each segments length must equal the sum of required Data Specifications. If the specified number of characters is not input, and the sum of the characters in the segment will not equal the expected value, and the incident will not process.

#### ADINISTRATIVE SEGMENT

The Administrative Segment includes 11 data capture elements and 4 data transmission elements. The sum of the character requirements of each data element totals to 84. If any data element in the Administrative Segment is greater than or less than the required data length, the sum of the characters will not equal 84, and the incident will not process.

DATA ELEMENT	<b>DATA LENGTH</b>
Segment Type	1 character
Segment Action	1 character
IBR Month	2 characters
IBR Year	4 characters
ORI Number	9 characters
Incident/Complaint Number	12 characters
Incident Occurrence Date	8 characters
Incident Occurrence Time	4 characters
Incident Report Date	8 characters
Incident Time Reported	4 characters
Incident Case Status	2 characters
Incident Exceptional Clearance Date	8 characters
Location Code of Incident	4 characters
Station/Division/Precinct Identifier	6 characters
Bias Crime Type 1	2 characters
Bias Crime Type 2	2 characters
Bias Crime Type 3	2 characters
Bias Crime Type 4	2 characters
Bias Crime Type 5	2 characters
Cargo Theft Indicator	1 character

The sum of the data lengths = 1 + 1 + 2 + 4 + 9 + 12 + 8 + 4 + 8 + 4 + 2 + 8 + 4 + 6 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 1 = 84

EXAMPLE: If the Station/Division/Precinct Identifier is longer than 6 characters, the segment will violate the segment length and cause error #100. Alternately, if the Station/Division/Precinct Identifier is less than 6 characters and the RMS does not designate the number of spaces to offset the difference, the segment will violate the required segment lengths and cause error #100.

#### 101 At least one of the fields in a segment did not match the expected data type

Each data element in a segment must contain the expected characters and/or the specified formats per the NYS NIBRS Data Element and File Structure Specifications.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 102 Date must be formatted as YYYYMMDD

YYYY Four-digit year, e.g., 2029 MM Two-digit month, e.g., 09 DD Two-digit day, e.g., 30

Thus, the date of September 30, 2029, would appear as 20290930.

#### 104 Month must be in range of 01 to 12

Month must be 2 numeric digits ranging from 01 for January to 12 for December.

#### 106 Day of the month must be valid for that month

September, April, June, and November must be between 01 and 30. January, March, May, July, August, October, and December must be between 01 and 31. February must be between 01 and 28 with an exception for leap year when it is between 01 and 29.

#### 108 IBR MONTH on each segment must be the same as on header segment

IBR MONTH identifies the monthly data submission expected by DCJS for sequential processing. It is normally the month just completed and is to be submitted within 30 days of month's end. Enter the month being submitted from 01 - 12, e.g., 09 =September.

The header is the required first line of every monthly NYS NIBRS submission file. It contains all data required to identify the agency and the month that it is submitting. Each incident in the file will contain several segments. The number and type of segments may vary depending on the crime circumstances, but each segment must start with the same IBR MONTH as the header.

See Transmission Data Element TD#4 IBR MONTH.

#### 110 IBR YEAR on each segment must be the same as on header segment

IBR YEAR identifies the four-digit year (YYYY) corresponding to the IBR MONTH. Enter the correct year of file submission.

The header is the required first line of every monthly NYS NIBRS submission file. It contains all data required to identify the agency and the month that it is submitting. Each incident in the file will contain several detail segments. The number and type of segments varies depending on crime circumstances, but each IBR YEAR must be the same as the IBR YEAR in the header.

See Transmission Data Elements TD#5 IBR YEAR and TD#4 IBR MONTH.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 112 FILE CREATION DATE must be later than the IBR MONTH submitted

The NYS NIBRS monthly submission file is created by your agency on the FILE CREATION DATE. It must show that it was created at least one day after the end of the month shown in the IBR MONTH which is being submitted to DCJS. For example, the earliest possible FILE CREATION DATE for a submission file of April 2029 crime and arrest data is May 1, 2029. The date must be formatted as YYYYMMDD.

YYYY Four-digit year, e.g., 2029 MM Two-digit month, e.g., 05 DD Two-digit day, e.g. 01

The FILE CREATION DATE May 1, 2029 would appear as 20290501.

See Transmission Data Elements TD#3 FILE CREATION DATE and TD#4 IBR MONTH.

#### 114 IBR MONTH on header segment must be in range of 01 to 12

IBR MONTH identifies the month of the data submitted to DCJS. It is normally the month just completed and is to be submitted within 30 days of month's end. Enter the month being submitted from 01 - 12, e.g., 09 =September.

The header is the required first line of every monthly NYS NIBRS submission file. It contains the Segment Type, Segment Action, IBR Month, IBR Year, file creation date and agency ORI.

See Transmission Data Element TD#4 IBR MONTH.

#### 116 IBR MONTH on header segment must be the next month expected for IBR processing

IBR MONTH identifies the monthly data submission expected by DCJS for sequential processing. It is normally the month just completed and is to be submitted within 30 days of the new month's end (i.e., the submission file for July is due August 31). Enter the month being submitted from 01 - 12, e.g., 09 is September.

EXAMPLE: The August submission (IBR MONTH is 08) must be sent to DCJS and processed before the September submission (IBR MONTH is 09) can be processed.

The header is the required first line of every monthly NYS NIBRS submission file. It contains the Segment Type, Segment Action, IBR Month, IBR Year, file creation date and agency ORI.

See Transmission Data Element TD#4 IBR MONTH.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 118 IBR YEAR on header segment must be the next year expected for IBR processing

IBR YEAR identifies the four-digit year (YYYY) corresponding to the IBR MONTH submitted. It must be the year expected by DCJS for sequential processing and is normally the month just completed. It must be submitted within 30 days of the new month's end (e.g., the submission file for July is due August 31).

EXAMPLE: The December 2029 submission (IBR MONTH is 12 and IBR YEAR is 2029) must be sent to DCJS and processed before the January 2030 (IBR MONTH is 01 and IBR YEAR is 2030) submission can be processed.

The header is the required first line of every monthly NYS NIBRS submission file. It contains the Segment Type, Segment Action, IBR Month, IBR Year, file creation date and agency ORI.

See Transmission Data Element TD#5 IBR YEAR.

#### 120 FILE CREATION DATE must be a valid date and format

FILE CREATION DATE is the date that the NYS NIBRS monthly file for submission was created by your agency. It must be a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

YYYY Four-digit year, e.g., 2029 MM Two-digit month, e.g., 09 DD Two-digit day, e.g., 30

The FILE CREATION DATE September 30, 2029 would appear as 20290930.

See Transmission Data Element TD#3 FILE CREATION DATE.

#### 122 ORI NUMBER must be a valid ORI NUMBER on DCJS IBR Agency File

Enter the 9-character NCIC Originating Agency Identifier (ORI) Number which has been assigned to your agency. It must be a currently active ORI NUMBER in the DCJS file of NYS NIBRS agencies. If your agency has more than one active ORI, check with the DCJS Crime Reporting Unit to verify which ORI should be used.

See Data Element #1 ORI NUMBER.

#### 124 Header segment must be the first record on submission file

The header is the required first line of every monthly NYS NIBRS submission file. It contains the Segment Type, Segment Action, IBR Month, IBR Year, file creation date and agency ORI. The Header Segment must be the first record read by DCJS when the file is uploaded in eJustice.

See Transmission Data Elements TD#1 SEGTYPE and TD#2 SEGACT. The Header appears at the beginning of each.

#### 126 Header segment appears out of sequence; it must be the first record on submission file

The header is the required first line of every monthly NYS NIBRS submission file. It contains all data required to identify the agency and the month that it is submitting. A trailer segment is the required final line of a submission file. Normally each month's data must be submitted within 30 days of month's end.

See Transmission Data Elements TD#1 SEGTYPE and TD#2 SEGACT.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 128 Trailer segment must be the last record on submission file

The trailer is the required final line of every monthly NYS NIBRS submission file. It signifies the end of the file and contains all data required to determine if there was any data transmission problem.

See Transmission Data Elements TD#1 SEGTYPE and TD#2 SEGACT.

#### 130 Trailer segment appears out of sequence; it must be the last record on submission file

The trailer is the required final line of every monthly NYS NIBRS submission file. It signifies the end of the file and contains all data required to determine if there was any data transmission problem. It may immediately follow a header segment or a detail segment type 1 through 8. It may not follow another trailer.

See Transmission Data Elements TD#1 SEGTYPE and TD#2 SEGACT.

#### 132 RECORD COUNT on trailer must match the count calculated by DCJS upon receipt of file

RECORD COUNT is the number of segments transmitted in an agency's monthly data submission. It does not count header or trailer segments. Instead, it counts only the number of detail records (segments 1 - 8) of a data submission. Each incident following the header in the file contains several detail segments which vary depending on the crime circumstances.

The RECORD COUNT, first calculated by the contributing agency for transmission, is re-calculated by DCJS upon receipt of the file. Any difference between the two totals indicates a data transmission problem and results in DCJS rejection of the submission file.

See Transmission Data Element TD#8 RECORD COUNT.

#### 134 HASH TOTAL (computer calculation) on trailer record implies data is missing or corrupted

HASH TOTAL is calculated by adding together the values of each detail segment contained in an agency's monthly data submission. The header and trailer segments are not included in this addition. Hash looks within the detail records and adds up the number of offenses, number of victims, number of weapons, etc. contained in them.

Hash is first calculated by the contributing agency for transmission and is re-calculated by DCJS software upon receipt. Any difference indicates a data transmission problem, and the file is rejected. The same total on both ends indicates that DCJS received the complete file sent by the agency.

See Transmission Data Element TD#9 HASH TOTAL.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 136 ORI NUMBER on each segment must be the same as on header segment

ORI NUMBER must be the 9- character NCIC Originating Agency Identifier (ORI) Number which has been assigned to your agency. It must also be a currently active ORI NUMBER in the DCJS file of NYS NIBRS agencies. If your agency has more than one active ORI, check with the DCJS Crime Reporting Unit to verify which ORI should be used.

The header is the required first line of every monthly NYS NIBRS submission file. It contains the Segment Type, Segment Action, IBR Month, IBR Year, file creation date and agency ORI. Every file segment must contain the same ORI NUMBER.

See Data Element #1 ORI NUMBER.

#### 138 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER must be left justified

INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER is your agency-defined number, up to 12 characters, which uniquely identifies each reported incident. The first character of the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER must be left justified meaning it cannot be a blank space.

See Data Element #2 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER.

#### 140 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER cannot be blank or have embedded blanks

INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER is your agency-defined number, up to 12 characters, which uniquely identifies each reported incident. Each incident must be assigned a unique number using the agency's numbering system.

See Data Element #2 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER.

#### 142 Use allowed characters for INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER: A-Z, 0-9, hyphens, blank right-fill

INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER is the local agency-defined number, up to 12 characters, which uniquely identifies each reported incident. Valid character combinations include letters A-Z, numbers 0-9, hyphen, and/or blank right-fill. While incident numbers with blanks in the middle are rejected, incident numbers with blanks to the right following the last number or letter are valid.

See Data Element #2 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER.

#### 144 INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE must be formatted as YYYYMMDD

INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE is the year, month, and day when the incident occurred or the beginning of the time period in which it started (when appropriate). It may occasionally be entered as Not Reported or Unknown; but whenever known, it must be entered as a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

YYYY Four-digit year, e.g., 2029 MM Two-digit month, e.g., 09 DD Two-digit day, e.g., 25

The INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE September 25, 2029 would appear as 20290925.

See Data Element #3, INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 150 INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE must be prior to the FILE CREATION DATE

INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE is the year, month, and day when the incident occurred or the beginning of the time period in which it started (when appropriate). It may occasionally be entered as Not Reported or Unknown; but whenever known, it must be entered as a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMD.

FILE CREATION DATE is the date that the NYS NIBRS monthly file was created by your agency for submission to DCJS. It must show that the file was created at least one day after the end of the month shown in IBR MONTH which is being submitted to DCJS. It must be a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

EXAMPLE: The submission file for March must contain no incident dates after March 31. It must be created on April 1 or thereafter.

See Data Element #3 INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE, and Transmission Data Element TD#3 FILE CREATION DATE.

#### 152 INCIDENT OCCURRENCE TIME must be stated as military time

INCIDENT OCCURRENCE TIME is the time when the incident started. If known, it must be entered as a valid military time (24-hour clock) in HHMM format. Hours (HH) range from 00 to 23, and minutes (MM) range from 00 to 59. Midnight is 0000, and there is no 2400. INCIDENT OCCURRENCE TIME may occasionally be entered as Not Applicable (7777), Not Reported (8888), or Unknown (9999).

See Data Element #4 INCIDENT OCCURRENCE TIME.

#### 153 INCIDENT REPORT DATE must be formatted as YYYYMMDD

INCIDENT REPORT DATE is the date on which the incident was reported to police. In most cases this will be the same as the INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE. If the incident occurred over several days, the INCIDENT REPORT DATE will serve as a delimiter for the end of the incident. It must be entered as a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

YYYY Four-digit year, e.g., 2029 MM Two-digit month, e.g., 10 DD Two-digit day, e.g., 31

This INCIDENT REPORT DATE of October 31, 2029 would appear as 20291031.

See Data Element #5 INCIDENT REPORT DATE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 154 Unless incident is a Time Window, year of INCIDENT REPORT DATE must be 1991 or later

INCIDENT REPORT DATE is the date on which the incident was reported to police.

The INCIDENT REPORT DATE of an active incident must be on or after the start-up date for the State NYS NIBRS program. The only way that NYS NIBRS can process an incident that occurred prior to 1991 is if the local agency submits it as a Time Window or an update to an existing Time window.

Time Window is considered an inactive incident by NYS NIBRS. Only limited data is accepted, and only the following segments are allowed: Exceptional Clearance Only, Recovered Property Only, Arrest Only, Exceptional Clearance with Recovered Property, or Arrest with Recovered Property.

See Data Element #5 INCIDENT REPORT DATE, and Transmission Data Elements TD#2 SEGACT and TD#6 TIME WINDOW TYPE.

# 156 INCIDENT REPORT DATE must be on or after NIBRS start-up date for NIBRS submission by the agency

INCIDENT REPORT DATE is the date on which an incident was reported to police. All active incidents must have an INCIDENT REPORT DATE on or after the start-up date for NIBRS submission by the local agency. INCIDENT REPORT DATE must be entered as a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

YYYY Four-digit year, e.g., 2029 MM Two-digit month, e.g., 03 DD Two-digit day, e.g., 15

This INCIDENT REPORT DATE of March 15, 2029 would appear as 20290315. It would be valid for an agency whose NIBRS start-up date was on or before March 1, 2029 (NIBRS start-up is always the first of the month).

See Data Element #5 INCIDENT REPORT DATE.

#### 158 INCIDENT REPORT DATE must be prior to the FILE CREATION DATE

The INCIDENT REPORT DATE is the date on which the incident was reported to police.

The FILE CREATION DATE is the date that the monthly submission file was created by the local agency. It must show that it was created at least one day after the end of the IBR MONTH which is being submitted to DCJS. Therefore, a submission file created on May 1st must contain no incidents reported to police after April 30.

See Data Element #5 INCIDENT REPORT DATE and Transmission Data Element TD# 3 FILE CREATION DATE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 160 INCIDENT REPORT DATE must be on or after INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE

The INCIDENT REPORT DATE is the date on which the incident was reported to police.

The INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE is the date on which the incident occurred, or the beginning of the time period in which it started (when appropriate).

If the INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE does not equal Not Reported (88888888) and does not equal Unknown (99999999), then the INCIDENT REPORT DATE must be on or after the INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE.

See Data Elements #3 INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE and #5 INCIDENT REPORT DATE.

#### 162 INCIDENT TIME REPORTED must be stated as military time

INCIDENT TIME REPORTED is the time when the incident was reported to police. If known, it must be entered as a valid military time (24-hour clock) in HHMM format. Hours (HH) range from 00 to 23, and minutes (MM) range from 00 to 59. Midnight is 0000, and there is no 2400. INCIDENT TIME REPORTED may occasionally be entered as Not Applicable (7777), Not Reported (8888), or Unknown (9999).

See Data Element #6 INCIDENT TIME REPORTED.

#### 164 Enter a valid case status to indicate INCIDENT CASE STATUS

INCIDENT CASE STATUS field must contain a valid NYS NIBRS case status as of the end of the report month.

01 = Cleared by Arrest-Adult

02 = Cleared by Arrest-Juvenile

10 = Death of Offender

11 = Prosecution Declined

12 = Extradition Denied

13 = Victim Refuses to Cooperate

14 = No Court Referral (Juvenile Only)

20 = Warrant Issued

21 = Investigation Pending

22 = Closed

88 = Not Reported

99 = Unknown

See Data Element #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 166 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE requires a clearance by exceptional means in INCIDENT CASE STATUS

The INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE is the date on which an incident was cleared by exceptional means. It must be a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

The corresponding INCIDENT CASE STATUS field must contain a matching status that reflects a clearance by exceptional means.

10 = Death of Offender

11 = Prosecution Declined

12 = Extradition Denied

13 = Victim Refuses to Cooperate

14 = No Court Referral (Juvenile Only)

If a subsequent arrest update changes the case status from an exceptional clearance to an arrest clearance, the INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE must also be updated to Not Applicable (77777777).

See Data Elements #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS and #8 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE.

# 168 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE of Not Applicable requires a clearance by other than exceptional means in INCIDENT CASE STATUS

The INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE is the date an incident is cleared by exceptional means. If the INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE is Not Applicable, the corresponding INCIDENT CASE STATUS field must NOT equal one of the following Exceptional Clearance types

10 = Death of Offender

11 = Prosecution Declined

12 = Extradition Denied

13 = Victim Refuses to Cooperate

14 = No Court Referral (Juvenile Only)

If a subsequent update changes the case status to an exceptional clearance, the INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE must also be updated to a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

See Data Elements #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS and #8 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE.

#### 170 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE must be a valid date or Not Applicable

The INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE is the date on which an incident was cleared by exceptional means. If the incident was not cleared by exceptional means, enter Not Applicable. If a date is entered, it must be a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

YYYY Four-digit year, e.g., 2029 MM Two-digit month, e.g., 04 DD Two-digit day, e.g., 02

The INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE April 2, 2029 would appear as 20290402.

Alternately the INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE may equal Not Applicable (77777777)

See Data Element #8 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 172 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE must be on or after NIBRS start-up date

The INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE is the date on which an incident was cleared by exceptional means. It must be on or after the start-up date for NIBRS submission by the local agency. It must be entered as a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

See Data Element #8 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE.

#### 174 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE must be prior to FILE CREATION DATE

INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE is the date on which an incident was cleared by exceptional means. If the INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE does not equal Not Applicable (77777777), it must be entered as a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

The FILE CREATION DATE is the date that the monthly submission file was created by the local agency. It must show that the file was created at least one day after the end of the IBR MONTH which is being submitted to DCJS. It must be a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

See Data Element #8 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE and Transmission Data Element TD#3 FILE CREATION DATE.

#### 176 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE must be on or after INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE

The INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE is the date on which an incident was cleared by exceptional means. If INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE does not equal Not Reported (88888888) or Unknown (99999999), the INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE must be on or after the INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE.

The INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE is the year, month, and day when the incident occurred or the beginning of the time period in which it started (when appropriate). It may occasionally be entered as Not Reported or Unknown but whenever known it must be a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

See Data Elements #3 INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE and #8 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE.

#### 178 LOCATION CODE OF INCIDENT must contain a valid City-Town-Village (CTV) code

Use the correct CTV Location code for the location where the incident occurred.

A list of valid CTV Location Codes is available on the DCJS website:

https://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/ojsa/crimereporting/ibr\_refman/CTV%20Location%20Code%20Listing%20as%20of%2001-24-2020%20PDF.pdf

See Data Element #9 LOCATION CODE OF INCIDENT.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 179 LOCATION CODE OF INCIDENT Not Valid for this Agency ORI

This CTV location code is not in jurisdiction of this agency. Use the correct CTV Location code for the NYS location where the incident occurred. **This error is only reported for NYS Park Police** (ORI "NY0049000", "NY0139000", "NY0229000", "NY0303100", "NY0308300", "NY0319000", "NY0339000", "NY0439000", "NY0452900", "NY0519000", "NY0549000", "NY0609000").

See Data Element #9 LOCATION CODE OF INCIDENT

#### 180 STATION/DIVISION/PRECINCT IDENTIFIER must be left justified and contain no internal blanks

STATION/DIVISION/PRECINCT IDENTIFIER is an optional field. It is locally defined and may contain up to 6 alpha or numeric characters to specify the station, division, or precinct where the incident occurred. If fewer than 6 characters, it must be left justified. Otherwise, it must equal Not Applicable (777777).

See Data Elements #10 STATION/DIVISION/PRECINCT IDENTIFIER.

#### 182 BIAS CRIME TYPE (first occurrence) must contain a valid bias motivation

A bias crime or hate crime incident is an offense or unlawful act, which, after investigation by law enforcement, is or appears to be motivated by offender bias or hatred.

Enter the most descriptive BIAS CRIME TYPE for the incident.

#### **Racial Bias**

Anti-White (11)

Anti-Black/African-American (12)

Anti-American Indian/Alaskan Native (13)

Anti-Asian (14)

Anti-Multiple Races [Group] (15)

Anti-Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander (16)

#### Religious Bias

Anti-Religious Practice [Generally] (20)

Anti-Jewish (21)

Anti-Roman Catholic (22)

Anti-Protestant (23)

Anti-Islamic/Muslim (24)

Anti-Multiple Religions [Group] (26)

Anti-Atheism/Agnosticism (27)

Anti-Church of Jesus Christ (28)

Anti-Other Religion (29)

Anti-Jehovah's Witness (30)

Anti-Eastern Orthodox [Russian/Greek/Other] (81)

Anti-Other Christian (82)

Anti-Buddhist (83)

Anti-Hindu (84)

Anti-Sikh (85)

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### **Ethnicity/National Origin/Ancestry Bias**

Anti-Hispanic/Latino (31) Anti-Arab (32) Anti-Other Ethnicity/National Origin/Ancestry (34) Anti-Not Hispanic/Latino (35) Anti-Other Origin (39)

#### **Sexual Bias**

Anti-Gay (41)
Anti-Lesbian (42)
Anti-Lesbian/Gay/Bisexual/Transgender [Mixed Group] (43)
Anti-Heterosexual (44)
Anti-Bisexual (45)

#### Other Bias

Anti-Age [60 years old or more] (04) Anti-Physical Disability (51) Anti-Mental Disability (52) Anti-Male (61) Anti-Female (62) Anti-Transgender (71) Anti-Gender Non-Conforming (72)

If no bias was involved, enter No Bias/Not Applicable (77).

Not Reported by Agency (88) and Motivation of Perpetrator(s) Unknown (99) are valid choices however, these variables should not be used when other variables apply.

See Data Element #11 BIAS CRIME TYPE.

# 183 If the incident contains more than one BIAS CRIME TYPE, then enter only one bias motivation of each type

An incident may contain up to 5 distinct bias crime types. If the bias crime type does not equal *No Bias/Not Applicable* (77), it must not be repeated in successive occurrences of BIAS CRIME TYPE.

See Data Element #11 BIAS CRIME TYPE.

#### 184 OFFENSE NUMBER must be in range of 01 to 75

The OFFENSE NUMBER must be greater than or = to 01 and less than or = to 75.

The local agency Records Management System should assign an OFFENSE NUMBER for each offense within an incident. The number is used in Data Element #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK to link offenses to victims. It begins the Offense Segment for each incident, which contains Data Elements #12 through #21 for every offense involved. Each offense must have a number in the range of 01 to 75 that is internally unique within the incident.

EXAMPLE: If an incident involved both a homicide and a burglary, two Offense Segments would be required. The Offense Segment for the homicide would begin with Offense Number 01 entered in Data Element #12. The Offense Segment for the burglary would begin with 02 entered in Data Element #12, as it was the second offense reported for the incident.

See Data Element #12 OFFENSE NUMBER.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

185 If BIAS CRIME TYPE equals No Bias/Not Applicable, Not Reported, or Motivation of the Perpetrator(s) Unknown, then all successive occurrences must be No Bias/Not Applicable

If the first occurrence of Data Element #11-BIAS CRIME TYPE is *No Bias/Not Applicable* (77), *Not Reported* (88), or *Motivation of the Perpetrator(s) Unknown* (99), then all successive occurrences of Data Element #11-BIAS CRIME TYPE must be *No Bias/Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Element #11-BIAS CRIME TYPE

#### 186 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE must be a valid NYS Law

The first 21 characters of Data Element #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE must be an *exact match* with the DCJS Coded Law File. (The only exception is Justifiable Homicide, for which there is no criminal-law citation. Use the substitute "citation" of PL 35.30 for Justifiable Homicide.)

DCJS checks the validity of the NYS laws cited in INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE fields in the submission file and converts the citations to an Offense (IBR Code) defined by the FBI for the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS).

Make sure the correct citation is entered and that you have the latest coded law file. Local agencies are responsible for maintaining their copy of the NYS Coded Law File.

It is available on the DCJS website at: http://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/clf/rel-db/rel-db.htm.

See Data Element #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE.

#### 187 BIAS CRIME TYPE in the second, third, fourth, or fifth occurrence must contain a valid bias motivation

Data Element #11-BIAS CRIME TYPE in occurrences 2, 3, 4, and 5 cannot equal *Not Reported* (88), or *Motivation of the Perpetrator(s) Unknown* (99). Also, successive occurrences cannot be blank. If no Anti- bias type was involved in this occurrence, enter No Bias/Not Applicable (77).

Valid Bias Motivations include:

#### **Racial Bias**

Anti-White (11)
Anti-Black/African American (12)
Anti-American Indian/Alaskan Native (13)
Anti-Asian (14)
Anti-Multiple Races [Group] (15)
Anti-Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander (16)

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### **Religious Bias**

Anti-Religious Practice [Generally] (20)

Anti-Jewish (21)

Anti-Roman Catholic (22)

Anti-Protestant (23)

Anti-Islamic/Muslim (24)

Anti-Multiple Religions [Group] (26)

Anti-Atheism/Agnosticism (27)

Anti-Church of Jesus Christ (28)

Anti-Other Religion (29)

Anti-Jehovah's Witness (30)

Anti-Eastern Orthodox [Russian/Greek/Other] (81)

Anti-Other Christian (82)

Anti-Buddhist (83)

Anti-Hindu (84)

Anti-Sikh (85)

#### Ethnicity/National Origin/Ancestry Bias

Anti-Hispanic/Latino (31)

Anti-Arab (32)

Anti-Other Ethnicity/National Origin/Ancestry (34)

Anti-Not Hispanic/Latino (35)

Anti-Other Origin (39)

#### **Sexual Bias**

Anti-Gay (41)

Anti-Lesbian (42)

Anti-Lesbian/Gay/Bisexual/Transgender [Mixed Group] (43)

Anti-Heterosexual (44)

Anti-Bisexual (45)

#### Other Bias

Anti-Age [60 years old or more] (04)

Anti-Physical Disability (51)

Anti-Mental Disability (52)

Anti-Male (61)

Anti-Female (62)

Anti-Transgender (71)

Anti-Gender Non-Conforming (72)

See Data Element #11-BIAS CRIME TYPE

#### 188 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE requires a Completed or Attempted indicator

The 22<sup>nd</sup> and final character of the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is the Attempt Indicator. If the Incident/Complaint Offense does not equal 09C (Justifiable Homicide), It must be filled with either a C (meaning that the offense entered in the first 21 characters was Completed) or an A (signifying that the offense was Attempted).

See Data Element #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 190 INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE must contain a valid larceny type

If a larceny offense is being reported, the INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE field must contain a matching NYS NIBRS larceny type selection. Offense-specific coding is necessary to delineate the type of larceny, which cannot be determined using the NYS Penal Law.

Pocket-Picking (01)

Purse-Snatching (02)

Shoplifting (03)

Theft from Building (04)

Theft from Coin-Operated Machine/Device (05)

Theft from Motor Vehicle Neither Parts nor Accessories (06)

Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts or Accessories (07)

Theft from Mailbox (08)

All Other Larceny Offenses (09)

Motor Vehicle Theft (10)

If no larceny was involved, check that the correct offense was reported and enter Not Applicable (77). While Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) are also valid, they should not be used when more descriptive variables are appropriate.

See Data Element #14 INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE.

# 192 INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE requires a larceny in INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE

If the INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE field contains a valid larceny type selection, the corresponding INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE field must contain a matching larceny offense citation: 23A, 23B, 23C, 23D, 23E, 23F, 23G, 23H, or 240.

If no larceny was involved, check that the correct offense was reported and change the larceny type to Not Applicable (77). While Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) are also valid, they should not be used when more descriptive variables are appropriate.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #14 INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE.

#### 194 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is a larceny and requires a valid INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE

If the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE field = 23A, 23B, 23C, 23D, 23E, 23F, 23G, or 23H, then the corresponding INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE field must contain a matching valid larceny type. It must NOT = Not Applicable. While Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) are valid, they should not be used when more descriptive variables are appropriate.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #14 INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 195 LOCATION TYPE of Cyberspace is invalid for reported offense. See NYS NIBRS Error Messages and Explanations

The INCIDENT LOCATION TYPE *Cyberspace* (58) can only be used for offenses that can be committed via the internet. An Incident Location Type of Cyberspace can only be reported for the following offenses:

- 210 Extortion/Blackmail
- 250 Counterfeiting/Forgery
- 270 Embezzlement
- 280 Stolen Property Offense
- 290 Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property
- 370 Pornography/Obscene Material
- 510 Bribery
- 520 Weapon Law Violations
- 26A False Pretense/Swindle/Confidence Game
- 26B Credit Card/ATM Fraud
- 26C Impersonation
- 26D Welfare Fraud
- 26E Wire Fraud
- 26F- Identity Theft
- 26G Hacking/Computer Invasion
- 39A Betting/Wagering
- 39B Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling
- 39C Gambling Equipment Violations
- 13C Intimidation
- 35A Drug/Narcotics Violation
- 35B Drug Equipment Violations
- 64A Human Trafficking (Commercial Sex Acts)
- 64B Human Trafficking (Involuntary Servitude)
- 40A Prostitution
- 40B Assisting/Promoting Prostitution
- 40C Purchasing Prostitution

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #15 INCIDENT LOCATION TYPE.

#### 196 INCIDENT LOCATION TYPE must use a valid location type

INCIDENT LOCATION TYPE requires the selection of the most descriptive location type for the incident from the valid NYS NIBRS choices. Enter only one location for each offense. Select the most specific location code possible. While Not Reported and Unknown are also valid for location type, use of those choices should be avoided.

EXAMPLE: An assault started in a bar, continued into an adjoining parking lot, and ended in the street. Because the bar was the location where the offense originated and best describes the circumstances of the crime, "Bar" should be entered.

#### **Residential Structure**

- 01 = Single Family Home
- 02 = Multiple Dwelling
- 03 = Residential Facility
- 04 = Other Residential
- 05 = Garage/Shed
- 54 = Shelter (Mission/Homeless)

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### **Public Access Buildings**

06 = Transit Facility

07 = Government Office

08 = School

09 = College

10 = Church

11 = Hospital

12 = Jail/Prison

13 = Parking Garage

14 = Other Public Access Building

57 = Community Center

63 = Daycare Facility

#### **Commercial Service Locations**

15 = Auto Shop

16 = Financial Institution

17 = Barber/Beauty Shop

18 = Hotel/Motel

19 = Dry Cleaners/Laundry

20 = Professional Office

21 = Doctor's Office

22 = Other Business Office

23 = Amusement Center

24 = Rental Storage Facility

25 = Other Commercial Service Location

61 = ATM (Separate from Bank)

#### **Commercial Retail Locations**

26 = Bar

27 = Buy/Sell/Trade Shop

28 = Restaurant

29 = Gas Station

30 = Auto Sales Lot

31 = Jewelry Store

32 = Clothing Store

33 = Drug Store

34 = Liquor Store

35 = Shopping Mall

36 = Sporting Goods

37 = Grocery/Supermarket

38 = Variety/Convenience Store

39 = Department/Discount Store

40 = Other Retail Store

41 = Factory/Mill/Plant

42 = Other Building

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### **Outside**

- 43 = Yard
- 44 = Construction Site
- 45 = Lake/Waterway
- 46 = Field/Woods
- 47 = Street
- 48 = Parking Lot
- 49 = Park/Playground
- 50 = Cemetery
- 51 = Public Transit Vehicle
- 52 = Other Outside Location
- 53 = Rest Area
- 62 = Camp/Campground

#### Other

- 56 = Tribal Lands
- 58 = Cyberspace
- 59 = Abandoned/Condemned Structure
- 60 = Arena/Stadium/Fairgrounds/Coliseum
- 64 = Dock/Wharf/Freight Terminal/Modal Terminal
- 65 = Farm Facility
- 66 = Gambling Facility/Casino/Racetrack
- 67 = Military Instillation
- 88 = Not Reported
- 99 = Unknown

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #15 INCIDENT LOCATION TYPE.

#### 198 WEAPON/FORCE in the first occurrence must contain a valid Weapon/Force or None/Not Applicable

If the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE includes the use of a weapon or force, the corresponding WEAPON/FORCE field must contain at least one valid weapon or force.

- 01 = Firearm (type unspecified or not stated)
- 02 = Revolver/Derringer/Single-Shot Pistol
- 03 = Semiautomatic Handgun
- 04 = Fully Automatic Handgun/Submachine Gun
- 05 = Single-Shot/Pump Action/Bolt Action Rifle
- 06 = Semiautomatic Rifle
- 07 = Fully Automatic Rifle/Machine Gun
- 08 = Shotgun
- 09 = Imitation Firearm
- 10 = Simulated Firearm
- 11 = Knife/Cutting Instrument
- 12 = Blunt Object
- 13 = Motor Vehicle
- 14 = Personal Weapons (e.g., hands, feet, teeth, etc.)
- 15 = Poison (includes gas)
- 16 = Explosives
- 17 = Fire/Incendiary Device
- 18 = Drug/Narcotics/Sleeping Pills
- 19 = Other Weapon
- 85 = Asphyxiation

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

77 = None/Not Applicable

88 = Not Reported

99 = Unknown

WEAPON/FORCE requires the selection of the most descriptive weapon or use of force for the offense from the valid NYS NIBRS choices. You may enter up to three choices (occurrences) for each offense reported. Select the most specific choices possible.

None/Not Applicable (99) may be used in the first occurrence only if the offense does not require a weapon or force. While Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) may be entered for the first occurrence, they should not be used when more descriptive variables are appropriate. The correct weapon/force type should be determined and reported if possible.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

#### 200 WEAPON/FORCE in the second or third occurrence must use a valid Weapon/Force

If the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE includes the use of a weapon or force, the corresponding WEAPON/FORCE field must contain at least one valid weapon or force.

Select the most descriptive weapon or use of force for the offense from the valid NYS NIBRS choices. You may enter up to three choices (occurrences) for each offense reported. Select the most specific choices possible. The second and third occurrences must be either an additional weapon or use of force, or None/Not Applicable. Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) may not be used for second and third occurrences.

- 01 = Firearm (type unspecified or not stated)
- 02 = Revolver/Derringer/Single-Shot Pistol
- 03 = Semiautomatic Handgun
- 04 = Fully Automatic Handgun/Submachine Gun
- 05 = Single-Shot/Pump Action/Bolt Action Rifle
- 06 = Semiautomatic Rifle
- 07 = Fully Automatic Rifle/Machine Gun
- 08 = Shotaun
- 09 = Imitation Firearm
- 10 = Simulated Firearm
- 11 = Knife/Cutting Instrument
- 12 = Blunt Object
- 13 = Motor Vehicle
- 14 = Personal Weapons (e.g., hands, feet, teeth, etc.)
- 15 = Poison (includes gas)
- 16 = Explosives
- 17 = Fire/Incendiary Device
- 18 = Drug/Narcotics/Sleeping Pills
- 19 = Other Weapon
- 85 = Asphyxiation
- 77 = None/Not Applicable

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 202 If the incident contains more than one WEAPON/FORCE, enter only one Weapon/Force of each type

WEAPON/FORCE collects information on *types of weapons*, not *counts of weapons*. If more than one weapon or use of force is entered, there must be no duplicate weapon/force types.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

# 204 If WEAPON/FORCE is None/Not Applicable, Not Reported, or Unknown, then successive occurrences must be None/Not Applicable

If None/Not Applicable (77), Not Reported (88), or Unknown (99) is entered, all succeeding Weapon/Force occurrences must be None/Not Applicable (77). The incident will be rejected if a weapon or force is entered second or third and Not Applicable is entered in an occurrence before it.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

# WEAPON/FORCE (occurrence 1) cannot equal None/Not Applicable when INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is 09A, 09B, 09C, 13A, 13B, or 520

If the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 09A, 09B, 09C, 13A, 13B, or 520, then the corresponding WEAPON/FORCE (occurrence 1) must not equal *None/Not Applicable* (77).

NOTE: IBR codes 11A, 11B, 11C,11D, 100, 120, 210, 64A, or 64B may be reported with a WEAPON/FORCE type, however, there are circumstances where these offenses may be reported with a WEAPON/FORCE TYPE of None/Not Applicable.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

# 207 WEAPON/FORCE can only be entered when reporting a Crime Against Person (except Intimidation), Robbery, Extortion, or Weapon Law Violations

If the Incident does not contain at least one of the specified offenses, the WEAPON/FORCE must be reported as *None/Not Applicable*.

- 09A Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter
- 09B Negligent Manslaughter
- 09C Justifiable Homicide
- 11A Rape
- 11B Sodomy
- 11C Sexual Assault with an Object
- 11D Fondling
- 13A Aggravated Assault
- 13B Simple Assault
- 100 Kidnapping/Abduction
- 64A Human Trafficking (Human Sex Acts)
- 64B Human Trafficking (Involuntary Servitude)
- 120 Robbery,
- 210 Extortion/Blackmail
- 520 Weapon Law Violations

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 208 Simple Assault requires non-lethal weapon in WEAPON/FORCE

If the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is 13B, the corresponding first occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE field must contain one of the following WEAPON/FORCE types:

Imitation Firearm (09)
Simulated Firearm hand in pocket (10)
Personal Weapons hands, feet, teeth etc. (14)
Other Weapon (19)

None/Not Applicable (77) may NOT be used in the first occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE. Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) may be entered for the first occurrence, however, they should not be used when more descriptive Weapon/Force types are known. The correct weapon or force type should be determined and reported if possible.

Select the weapon or use of force for the offense from the valid NYS NIBRS choices. You may enter up to three choices (occurrences) for each offense reported. Select the most specific choices possible.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

#### 209 Simple Assault requires non-lethal weapons in multiple occurrences of WEAPON/FORCE

If the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is 13B, the corresponding 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE field must contain one of the following WEAPON/FORCE types:

Imitation Firearm (09)
Personal Weapons *hands, feet, teeth etc.* (14)
Other Weapon (19)
None/Not Applicable (77)

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

#### 210 NUMBER OF PREMISES ENTERED (BURGLARY) must be 00 - 99

Use the NUMBER OF PREMISES ENTERED (BURGLARY) field only when the offense is a burglary of a hotel or rental storage facility in which the Hotel Rule is applicable. The total number (in the range of 01 to 99) of individual rooms, units, suites, storage compartments, etc., involved must be reported. Enter 00 if Not Applicable, such as in the case of burglary of a single premises which is neither a hotel nor rental storage facility.

The Hotel Rule states: If a number of dwelling units under a single manager are burglarized and the offenses are most likely to be reported to the police by the manager rather than the individual tenants, the burglary should be scored as one offense. In NYS NIBRS, the Hotel Rule has been expanded to include rental storage facilities such as Mini-Storage and Self-Storage buildings. While the burglary of a multi-unit facility is one offense, NYS NIBRS wants the number of individual units entered illegally to be counted as well.

EXAMPLE: A hotel is burglarized, and 10 rooms were broken into during the incident. Enter 10 in NUMBER OF PREMISES ENTERED (BURGLARY).

See Data Element #17 NUMBER OF PREMISES ENTERED (BURGLARY).

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 212 NUMBER OF PREMISES ENTERED (BURGLARY) applies only to Burglary/Breaking and Entering

If the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE does not = 220, the corresponding NUMBER OF PREMISES ENTERED (BURGLARY) must be Not Applicable (00).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #17 NUMBER OF PREMISES ENTERED (BURGLARY).

# 214 NUMBER OF PREMISES ENTERED (BURGLARY) cannot be zero for Burglary of Hotel or Rental Storage Area

If the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 220 and the INCIDENT LOCATION TYPE is either a *Hotel/Motel* or a *Rental Storage Facility*, the corresponding NUMBER OF PREMISES ENTERED (BURGLARY) must be in the range of 01 to 99. It may not be 00.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #15 INCIDENT LOCATION TYPE, and #17 NUMBER OF PREMISES ENTERED (BURGLARY).

#### 216 METHOD OF ENTRY (BURGLARY) must be Force, No Force, or Not Applicable

A forced entry occurs when force of any degree, a mechanical contrivance of any kind (including a passkey or skeleton key), or concealment is used to enter a building or other structure unlawfully.

An unforced entry occurs when the unlawful entry was achieved without force through an unlocked door or window. If both forced and unforced entries were involved in the crime, the entry should be reported as having been accomplished through force.

EXAMPLE 1: Investigation of a burglary complaint disclosed that the offenders entered the building through an unlocked street door and then forced a locked door to an office and stole a computer. Since one door was forced, Force (F) should be entered.

EXAMPLE 2: Some teenagers entered an unlocked garage and stole a bicycle and some power tools. The entry should be No Force (N) since the garage door was unlocked and no force was used to enter.

See Data Element #18 METHOD OF ENTRY (BURGLARY).

#### 218 METHOD OF ENTRY (BURGLARY) applies only to Burglary/Breaking and Entering

If the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE does not = 220, the corresponding METHOD OF ENTRY (BURGLARY) must be Not Applicable (X).

See Data Element #18 METHOD OF ENTRY (BURGLARY).

#### 220 METHOD OF ENTRY (BURGLARY) is required for Burglary/Breaking and Entering

If the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 220, the corresponding METHOD OF ENTRY (BURGLARY) must be either Force (F) or No Force (N). Not Applicable (X) may not be used.

See Data Element #18 METHOD OF ENTRY (BURGLARY).

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE must contain a valid circumstance or Not Applicable

ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE must equal one of the following types:

- 01 = Argument
- 02 = Assault on Law Enforcement Officer(s)
- 03 = Dispute Among Drug Dealers
- 04 = Drug Buyer-Dealer Dispute
- 05 = Robbery/Theft from Drug Dealer
- 06 = Dispute between Drug Dealer and Witness/Complainant
- 07 = Other Drug-Related
- 08 = Gangland
- 09 = Juvenile Gang
- 10 = Domestic Violence
- 11 = Mercy Killing
- 12 = Other Felony Involved
- 20 = Other Circumstances
- 21 = Unknown Circumstances
- 30 = Child Playing with Weapon
- 31 = Gun Cleaning Accident
- 32 = Hunting Accident
- 33 = Other Negligent Weapon Handling
- 34 = Negligent Vehicular Killings
- 40 = Other Negligent Killings
- 77 = Not Applicable

See Data Element #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE.

# 223 If INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is not Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter, Negligent Manslaughter or Aggravated Assault, then ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE must be Not Applicable

If the reported offense does not = 09A, 09B, or 13A, then Not Applicable (77) must be entered in the associated ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE fields.

See Data Element #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 224 Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter requires ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE (first occurrence) must be other than a Negligent Homicide Circumstance or Not Applicable

For each 09A offense reported, the Assault/Homicide Circumstance (first occurrence) must be one of the following:

- 01 = Argument
- 02 = Assault on Law Enforcement Officer(s)
- 03 = Dispute Among Drug Dealers
- 04 = Drug Buyer-Dealer Dispute
- 05 = Robbery/Theft from Drug Dealer
- 06 = Dispute between Drug Dealer and Witness/Complainant
- 07 = Other Drug-Related
- 08 = Gangland
- 09 = Juvenile Gang
- 10 = Domestic Violence
- 11 = Mercy Killing
- 12 = Other Felony Involved
- 20 = Other Circumstances
- 21 = Unknown Circumstances

While Other Circumstances (20) and Unknown Circumstances (21) may be entered, the actual circumstance should be determined and reported if possible.

Not Applicable (77) may only be used in the Assault/Homicide Circumstance second occurrence.

See Data Element #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE.

# 226 Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter requires ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE (second occurrence), must be other than Negligent Homicide Circumstance

For each 09A offense reported, the Assault/Homicide Circumstance second occurrences must be one of the following:

- 01 = Argument
- 02 = Assault on Law Enforcement Officer(s)
- 03 = Dispute Among Drug Dealers
- 04 = Drug Buyer-Dealer Dispute
- 05 = Robbery/Theft from Drug Dealer
- 06 = Dispute between Drug Dealer and Witness/Complainant
- 07 = Other Drug-Related
- 08 = Gangland
- 09 = Juvenile Gang
- 10 = Domestic Violence
- 11 = Mercy Killing
- 12 = Other Felony Involved
- 20 = Other Circumstances
- 21 = Unknown Circumstances
- 77 = Not Applicable

See Data Element #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 228 Aggravated Assault requires ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES (first occurrence) must be other than Mercy Killing, a Negligent Homicide Circumstance, or Not Applicable

For each 13A offense reported, the Assault/Homicide Circumstance (first occurrence) must be one of the following:

- 01 = Argument
- 02 = Assault on Law Enforcement Officer(s)
- 03 = Dispute Among Drug Dealers
- 04 = Drug Buyer-Dealer Dispute
- 05 = Robbery/Theft from Drug Dealer
- 06 = Dispute between Drug Dealer and Witness/Complainant
- 07 = Other Drug-Related
- 08 = Gangland
- 09 = Juvenile Gang
- 10 = Domestic Violence
- 12 = Other Felony Involved
- 20 = Other Circumstances
- 21 = Unknown Circumstances

While *Other Circumstances* and *Unknown Circumstances* may be entered, use of them should be avoided. The actual circumstance should be determined and reported if possible.

See Data Element #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES.

# 230 Aggravated Assault requires ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE (second occurrence) must be other than Mercy Killing, a Negligent Homicide Circumstance or Not Applicable

For each 13A offense reported, the Assault/Homicide Circumstance (second occurrence) must be one of the following:

- 01 = Argument
- 02 = Assault on Law Enforcement Officer(s)
- 03 = Dispute Among Drug Dealers
- 04 = Drug Buyer-Dealer Dispute
- 05 = Robbery/Theft from Drug Dealer
- 06 = Dispute between Drug Dealer and Witness/Complainant
- 07 = Other Drug-Related
- 08 = Gangland
- 09 = Juvenile Gang
- 10 = Domestic Violence
- 12 = Other Felony Involved
- 20 = Other Circumstances
- 21 = Unknown Circumstances
- 77 = Not Applicable

While *Other Circumstances* and *Unknown Circumstances* may be entered, use of them should be avoided. The actual circumstance should be determined and reported if possible.

See Data Element #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 231 A valid CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE must be entered

Valid CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE include:

A = Simple/Gross Neglect (unintentionally or knowingly failing to provide food, water, shelter, veterinary care, hoarding, etc.)

B = Buying/Receiving

C= Cultivating/Manufacturing/Publishing (i.e., production of any type)

D = Distribution/Selling

E = Exploiting Children

F = Organized Abuse (dog fighting and cock fighting)

I = Intentional Abuse and Torture (tormenting, mutilating, maiming, poisoning, or abandonment)

O = Operating/Promoting/Assisting

P = Possessing/Concealing

S = Animal Sexual Abuse (Bestiality)

T = Transporting/Transmitting/Importing

U = Using/Consuming

J = Juvenile Gang (membership is predominantly juvenile [under 18 years of age])

G = Other Gang (membership is predominantly 18 years of age or older)

N = None/Unknown

X = Not Applicable

See Data Element #70 CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE

# Negligent Manslaughter requires ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES (first occurrence) be a specific Negligent Manslaughter circumstance

For each 09B offense reported, ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE (first occurrence) must be one of the following:

30 = Child Playing with Weapon

31 = Gun Cleaning Accident

32 = Hunting Accident

33 = Other Negligent Weapon Handling

34 = Negligent Vehicular Killings

40 = Other Negligent Killings

Not Applicable (77) may not be used in the first occurrence.

See Data Element #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES.

# 233 CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE associated with an offense cannot have duplicate values other than Not Applicable

The CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE cannot be repeated in an Offense Segment contained in an incident must have a unique combination of Data Element #13-INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and Data Element #70-CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE. The exception to this rule when the CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE is equal to *Not Applicable* (X).

See Data Element #13-INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and Data Element #70-CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 234 Negligent Manslaughter requires ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES (second occurrence) be Not Applicable

For each 09B reported, ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE (second occurrence) must = Not Applicable (77).

See Data Element #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES.

# 235 If the CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE (occurrence 1) is None/Unknown or Not Applicable, then occurrence 2 and occurrence 3 must be Not Applicable

If the first occurrence of CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE is None/Unknown (N) or Not Applicable (X), then subsequent occurrences must be Not Applicable (X)

See Data Element #70-CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE

# Duplicate ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE are not allowed when INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE is 09A, 09B, or 13A

When incident compliant offense = 09A, 09B, or 13A, there cannot be any duplicate ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE types related to an Incident/Complaint Offense.

If the Incident/Compliant Offense is not 09A, 09B, or 13A, enter *Not Applicable* in both occurrences of ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE. This is the only duplicate choice allowed and may be used only when the offense is not Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter (09A), Negligent Manslaughter (09B), or Aggravated Assault (13A) entered in the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE field.

See Data Element #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 237 CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE (occurrence 1) cannot be "Not Applicable" for specified offense. See NYS NIBRS Error Messages and Explanations

Agencies must report a CRIMINAL ACTIVITY TYPE (occurrence 1) other than Not Applicable in incidents involving the following offenses:

250 = Counterfeiting/Forgery

280 = Stolen Property Offense

35A = Drug/Narcotic Violation

35B = Drug Equipment Violation

39C = Gambling Equipment Violation

370 = Pornography/Obscene Material

520 = Weapon Law Violation

720 = Animal Cruelty

Agencies must report a GANG INFORMATION TYPE (occurrence 1) other than Not Applicable to describe the type, or lack of presence, of an offender's gang activity for incidents involving the following offenses:

09A = Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter

09B = Negligent Manslaughter

100 = Kidnapping/Abduction

120 = Robbery

11A = Rape

11B = Sodomy

11C = Sexual Assault with an Object

11D = Fondling

13A = Aggravated Assault

13B = Simple Assault

13C = Intimidation

See Data Elements #70-CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE

# 238 If ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE (occurrence 1) is Unknown Circumstances, then ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE (occurrence 2) must be Not Applicable

If *Unknown Circumstances* (21) is entered in the first occurrence, the only valid choice for the second occurrence is *Not Applicable* (77).

See #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 239 CRIMINAL ACTIVITY TYPE other than Not Applicable may only be reported for specified offenses. See NYS NIBRS Error Messages and Explanations

The following CRIMINAL ACTIVITY TYPE:

- B = Buying/Receiving
- C = Cultivating/Manufacturing/Publishing
- D = Distributing/Selling
- E = Exploiting Children
- O = Operating/Promoting/Assisting,
- P = Possessing/Concealing
- T = Transporting/Transmitting/Importing,
- U = Using/Consuming

may only be reported if offense is specified below:

- 250 = Counterfeiting/Forgery
- 280 = Stolen Property Offense
- 35A = Drug/Narcotic Violation
- 35B = Drug Equipment Violation
- 370 = Pornography/Obscene Material
- 39C = Gambling Equipment Violation
- 520 = Weapon Law Violation

See Data Element #70-CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE

#### 240 If ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE (occurrence 1) is Not Applicable, then ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE (occurrence 2) must be Not Applicable

If the Incident/Complaint offense is not 09A, 09B, or 13A, the ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE must be Not Applicable (77). If ASSULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE (occurrence 1) is Not Applicable (77) the only valid choice for Assault/Homicide Circumstance (occurrence 2) is Not Applicable (77).

See Data Element #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE.

# 241 GANG INFORMATION TYPE (occurrence 1) other than Not Applicable may only be reported for specified offense. See NYS NIBRS Error Messages and Explanations

If INCIDENT COMPLAINT OFFENSE is one of the following offenses:

- 09A = Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter
- 09B = Negligent Manslaughter
- 100 = Kidnapping/Abduction
- 120 = Robbery
- 11A = Rape
- 11B = Sodomy
- 11C = Sexual Assault with an Object
- 11D = Fondling
- 13A = Aggravated Assault
- 13B = Simple Assault
- 13C = Intimidation

then the GANG INFORMATION TYPE (occurrence 1) must be Juvenile Gang less than 18 years of age (J), Other Gang 18 years of age or older (G), or None/Unknown (N).

See Data Element #70 CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 242 For a Justifiable Homicide, enter a specific JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE choice

If a Justifiable Homicide occurs in the context of a criminal incident, it is to be reported as an additional offense in the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE field. Since there is no Penal Law citation for Justifiable Homicide, the substitute "citation" of PL 35.30 is used. DCJS converts the citation to the Offense IBR Code "09C Justifiable Homicide" for reporting to the FBI.

Enter only one circumstance per Justifiable Homicide offense. Not Applicable may not be used.

EXAMPLE: In resisting arrest, a fugitive pulled a gun and fired two times in the direction of two police officers who were attempting to take him into custody. Neither officer was hit, but both drew their weapons and returned fire, killing the fugitive. The possible entries are: Criminal Attacked Police Officer and That Officer Killed Criminal; Criminal Attacked Police Officer and Criminal Killed by Another Police Officer, and Criminal Resisted Arrest (Killed by Police Officer). As only one code can be entered, the most descriptive code (as determined by the reporting agency) should be used. In this case, the reporting agency entered Criminal Attacked Police Officer and That Officer Killed Criminal.

See Data Element #20 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE.

# 243 CRIMINAL ACTIVITY TYPE can only be Simple/Gross Neglect, Organized Abuse, Intentional Abuse and Torture, or Animal Sexual Abuse when offense is Animal Cruelty

If the CRIMINAL ACTIVITY TYPE is:

A = Simple/Gross Neglect

F = Organized Abuse (dog fighting/cock fighting)

I = Intentional Abuse and Torture (tormenting, mutilating, maiming, poisoning, or abandonment)

S = Animal Sexual Abuse (Bestiality)

the related offense must be 720 = Animal Cruelty.

See Data Element #70 CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE.

# 244 If the incident does not contain a Justifiable Homicide, enter Not Applicable in the JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE

If the INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE does not = 09C, the corresponding JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE field must be *Not Applicable (77)*.

See Data Element #20 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 245 CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE (occurrence 1) must be Not Applicable for unspecified offense

If Data Element #13-INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE is not one of the following offenses, then the CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE (occurrence 1) must = Not Applicable (X):

250 = Counterfeiting/Forgery

280 = Stolen Property Offense

35A = Drug/Narcotic Violation

35B = Drug Equipment Violation

39C = Gambling Equipment Violation

370 = Pornography/Obscene Material

520 = Weapon Law Violation

720 = Animal Cruelty

09A = Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter

09B = Negligent Manslaughter

100 = Kidnapping/Abduction

120 = Robbery

11A = Rape

11B = Sodomy

11C = Sexual Assault with an Object

11D = Fondling

13A = Aggravated Assault

13B = Simple Assault

13C = Intimidation

See Data Element #70 CRIMINAL ACTIVITY/GANG INFORMATION TYPE

#### 246 Use a valid OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE choice

The OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE field requires the selection of either *Computer Not Used to Commit Offense* (0) or *Offender Used Computer to Commit Offense* (1) for the corresponding INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE. Enter only one of them for each offense; the *Offender Used Computer to Commit Offense* (1) choice would indicate that a computer was a tool in commission of the crime. While *Not Reported* (8) is also valid for this field, use of that choice should be avoided if possible. The correct choice should be determined and reported.

EXAMPLE: A private residence was burglarized, and a personal computer was stolen along with other items. The incident should be reported as *Computer Not Used to Commit Offense*. Although the computer was one of the property types stolen, it was not used to commit the crime.

See Data Element #21 OFFENDER USED COMPUTER.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 248 A specific PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is required for every property offense

If INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23A, 23B, 23C, 23D, 23E, 23F, 23G, 23H, 240, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 26E, 26F, 26G, 120, 200, 210, 220, 250, 270, 280, 290, or 510, then a separate property segment must be submitted for every property crime reported. For each segment, enter only one method of loss in the PROPERETY INVOLVEMENT Types from the list below:

None/Not Applicable (01)

Burned (02) [includes damage caused in fighting the fire]

Counterfeited/Forged (03)

Destroyed/Damaged/Vandalized (04)

Recovered (05) [law enforcement impounded property which was previously reported stolen] Seized (06) [law enforcement impounded property which was not previously reported stolen] Stolen/etc. (07) [includes bribed, defrauded, embezzled, extorted, ransomed, robbed, etc.] Not Reported (88)

Unknown (99)

*None/Not Applicable* (01) may not be used when there is a loss of property. While *Not Reported* (88) and *Unknown* (99) are valid choices, their use of should be avoided when more descriptive options are available.

See Data Element #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

# 250 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Burned, Counterfeited, Destroyed, Recovered, Seized, or Stolen requires a PROPERTY TYPE other than None in PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1)

If PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT = Burned (02), Counterfeited/Forged (03), Destroyed/Damaged/Vandalized (04), Recovered (05), Seized (06), or Stolen (07), then a PROPERTY TYPE other than Not Applicable (77) must be entered in the PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) field.

While *Not Reported* (88) and *Unknown* (99) are valid PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and PROPERTY TYPE choices, their use should be avoided. The actual involvement and type should be determined and reported if possible.

Enter up to 10 PROPERTY TYPE descriptions for each Property Segment. If more than 10, enter the 9 most valuable specific types of property and use *Other Property* in the 10<sup>th</sup>. Property Type is a classification of property and multiple property items may be collapsed under a Property Type Category.

If property was burned and it is temporarily impossible to determine the property lost, enter *Pending Inventory* (50). An updated Property Segment with entries describing the types of burned property should be submitted when the results of the inventory are subsequently learned.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 252 Use a valid PROPERTY TYPE in the first occurrence

The first occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE must contain one of the 65-plus valid choices for the type of property that was *burned*, *stolen*, *recovered*, etc., in the crime. Enter up to 10 PROPERTY TYPE descriptions for each Property Segment. If more than 10, enter the 9 most valuable specific types of property and use Other Property in the 10<sup>th</sup>.

Use of *Not Reported* (88) and *Unknown* (99) should be avoided. The most descriptive property type should be determined and reported if possible.

Not Applicable (77) may be used only in PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) when no property is involved with the offense.

An attempted Burglary with no property stolen requires a property type of *Not Applicable* (77).

If property was burned and it is temporarily impossible to determine the property lost, enter *Pending Inventory* (50). An updated Property Segment with entries describing the types of burned property should be submitted later when the results of the inventory are subsequently learned.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

#### 254 Second and following occurrences of PROPERTY TYPE must contain valid choices

For all occurrences of PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, use valid NYS NIBRS property descriptions in the corresponding occurrences of the PROPERTY TYPE field. The most descriptive property types should be determined and reported if possible.

*Not Applicable* (77) may be used only following the last descriptive choice, and once used, all following occurrences must also be *Not Applicable* (77).

Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) are not valid choices in any occurrence beyond the first.

No blanks may be left in occurrences followed by later descriptive choices.

Enter up to 10 PROPERTY TYPE descriptions for each Property Segment. If more than 10, enter the 9 most valuable specific types of property and use *Other Property* (49) in the 10<sup>th</sup>.

If property was burned and it is temporarily impossible to determine the property lost, enter *Pending Inventory* (50). An updated Property Segment with entries describing the types of burned property should be submitted later when the results of the inventory are subsequently learned.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 256 PROPERTY TYPE cannot have duplicate values within the same property segment

For each PROPERTY SEGMENT, each PROPERTY TYPE, other than *Not Applicable* (77), cannot be repeated within that property segment.

A property type is a category of property for which there may be several distinct items which collapse under this distinct Property Type.

<u>Multiple occurrences of PROPERTY TYPE are used to capture *types* of property, not amounts, or counts of property.</u>

Each PROPERTY TYPE occurrence related to a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT (stolen, recovered, seized, burned, destroyed/damaged/vandalized, counterfeited/forged, etc.). A distinct PROPERTY TYPE can be repeated in separate property segments that have distinct PROPERTY INVOLVEMENTS.

For example, a PROPERTY TYPE can be reported in a PROPERTY SEGMENT where the PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is Stolen and ALSO reported in an additional PROPERTY SEGMENT where the PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is Recovered. A PROPERTY SEGMENT reports ONLY one PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

*Not Applicable (77)* may be used only following the last descriptive choice entered, and all following occurrences must also be Not Applicable. It is the only choice that can be used more than once.

Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) can ONLY be reported in PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

## 258 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of None/Not Applicable requires Not Applicable in all occurrences of PROPERTY TYPE

If the PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT choice entered is *None/Not Applicable* (01) all occurrences of the PROPERTY TYPE field must equal *Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

# 260 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Not Reported requires Not Reported in first occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE

If the PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT entered is *Not Reported* (88), then PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) must equal *Not Reported* (88).

While *Not Reported* (88) is an acceptable choice, use of it should be avoided if possible. The most descriptive property involvement and property type should be determined and reported.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 262 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Unknown requires Unknown in first occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE

For a property-crime offense, the corresponding PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT field must contain one method of loss from the NYS NIBRS choices. If the PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT choice entered is *Unknown* (99) then PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) must equal *Unknown* (99).

While *Unknown* (99) is an acceptable choice, use of it should be avoided if possible. The most descriptive property involvement and property type should be determined and reported.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

# In multiple occurrences of PROPERTY TYPE, once Not Applicable, Not Reported, or Unknown is entered, all successive occurrences must be Not Applicable

If any occurrence of the PROPERTY TYPE = *Not Applicable* (77), *Not Reported* (88) or *Unknown* (99), then all successive occurrences of PROPERTY TYPE must = *Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

## 266 PROPERTY TYPE of Pending Inventory requires that all successive occurrences be Not Applicable

If it is temporarily impossible to determine the property lost, due to its having been burned or for any other reason, enter *Pending Inventory* (50). If some property is known and other property is not, enter the known property types lost first and *Pending Inventory* (50) last. All successive PROPERTY TYPE entries entered after Pending Inventory must = *Not Applicable* (77).

An updated Property Segment with entries describing the types of burned property should be submitted later when the results of the inventory are subsequently learned.

See document Data Element #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

#### 268 PROPERTY TYPE of Pending Inventory requires a PROPERTY VALUE of Unknown

If *Pending Inventory (50)* is entered in an occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE, the corresponding occurrence of PROPERTY VALUE must be *Unknown (999999999)*.

A PROPERTY TYPE of *Pending Inventory* is considered temporary and anticipates that, after inventory, the property that was destroyed, burned, or stolen, etc., will be listed in an update of the incident. Once the type of property has been established, change the PROPERTY TYPE field to reflect the correct type of description and enter the actual dollar value in the PROPERTY VALUE field. Enter total dollar value loss in whole dollars for all victims in the incident for each of the up to 10 types listed in PROPERTY TYPES.

If the incident did not involve 10 property types, fill the remaining occurrences of Property Value with *Not Applicable* (77).

If the incident did not have any property involvement, the first occurrence of both PROPERTY TYPE and PROPERTY VALUE must be *Not Applicable*.

See Data Elements #23 PROPERTY TYPE and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 270 PROPERTY TYPE of Not Applicable in the first occurrence requires a PROPERTY VALUE of Not Applicable in all occurrences

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is *Not Applicable (77)*, all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be *Not Applicable (777777777)*. An attempted Burglary with no property stolen requires a property type of *Not Applicable (77)*.

If the incident did not involve 10 property types, fill the remaining occurrences of Property Value with *Not Applicable* (77777777).

See Data Elements #23 PROPERTY TYPE and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

## 274 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Recovered requires a valid PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE, formatted as YYYYMMDD

When the method of loss entered in the PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT field is *Recovered* (05), each occurrence of the PROPERTY TYPE field requires a corresponding occurrence of the PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE field. *Not Applicable* (77777777) may not be used. The date entered must be a valid calendar date formatted as YYYYMMDD.

Up to 10 dates of recovery can be entered to match each of the up to 10 property types associated with the Recovered Property Segment for the incident. If there is more than one date of recovery for the same PROPERTY TYPE, enter the earliest date. If the PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE is unknown, enter the date of the report.

EXAMPLE: On July 8, 2037, a residence was burglarized. Two mountain bicycles were stolen. The first bicycle was recovered on July 14, 2037, and the second on July 24. The first occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE should be *Bicycles* (32) and the first occurrence of PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE should be 20370714 since that is the earliest date of recovery for this property type. All remaining occurrences of PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE should be reported as *Not Applicable* (77777777).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #25 PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 276 PROPERTY TYPE of Not Applicable in the first occurrence requires that NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN also be Not Applicable

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is reported as *Not Applicable* (77), the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN field also must be *Not Applicable* (777).

If the property stolen did not include any motor vehicles, enter *Not Applicable* in the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN field. While *Unknown* (999) is an acceptable choice, use of it should be avoided. The correct number of vehicles or the best approximation should be determined if possible.

Since NCIC requires separate entry of each motor vehicle stolen, most agencies create a separate incident report for each stolen motor vehicle in order to facilitate subsequent investigation and data entry, should the vehicle be recovered. Therefore, it is most likely that the number of stolen motor vehicles in any incident will always be one for agencies using this reporting practice.

EXAMPLE: A car-carrier truck loaded with 5 new vehicles awaiting delivery is stolen. The NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN in this incident would be *006* (the truck and five new cars) if the one vehicle per incident reporting practice was not used by the agency.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #26 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN.

# 278 PROPERTY TYPE of Not Applicable in the first occurrence requires that the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED also be Not Applicable

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is reported as *Not Applicable* (77), the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED field also must be *Not Applicable* (777).

If the property recovered did not include any motor vehicles, enter *Not Applicable* (777) in the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED field. While *Unknown* (999) is an acceptable choice, use of it should be avoided. The correct number of vehicles or the best approximation should be determined if possible.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #27 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 280 If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is Not Applicable, then SOURCE OF DRUG DATA must be Not Applicable

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is reported as *Not Applicable* (77), the SOURCE OF DRUG DATA field also must be *Not Applicable* (7).

SOURCE OF DRUG DATA describes whether the information to follow in the DRUG TYPE, DRUG QUANTITY, and DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT fields are based on an estimate or on the results of laboratory analysis.

SOURCE OF DRUG DATA is used only to identify the source of data on Drugs/Narcotics seized in a drug case where PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is *Seized* (06); otherwise, SOURCE OF DRUG DATA should be reported as *Not Applicable* (7). While *Unknown* (9) is an acceptable choice, use of it should be avoided. The correct source of drug data should be determined and reported.

Once SOURCE OF DRUG DATA is determined to be *Not Applicable* (7), all the remaining fields concerned with seizure of drugs also become *Not Applicable* (7).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #28 SOURCE OF DRUG DATA.

### 282 If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is Not Applicable, then DRUG TYPE must be None/Not Applicable

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is reported as *Not Applicable* (77), all occurrences of the DRUG TYPE field must be *None/Not Applicable* (00).

The DRUG TYPE field is used only to identify the type of Drugs/Narcotics seized where PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is *Seized* (06); otherwise, DRUG TYPE should be reported as *None/Not Applicable* (00). While *Unknown* (99) is an acceptable choice, use of it should be avoided. The correct type of drug should be determined if possible and reported.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT. #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #29 DRUG TYPE.

# 284 PROPERTY TYPE of Not Applicable in the first occurrence requires that DRUG QUANTITY be Not Applicable in all occurrences

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is reported as *Not Applicable* (77), all occurrences of the DRUG QUANTITY field must be None/Not Applicable (777777777). *Not Applicable* (77) in the PROPERTY TYPE field indicates that there is no property -- including drugs – involved in this incident. It follows that where no property is involved, there will be no entry for property count, quantity, or other measurement.

See Data Elements #23 PROPERTY TYPE and #30 DRUG QUANTITY.

# 286 PROPERTY TYPE of Not Applicable in the first occurrence requires that DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT be Not Applicable in all occurrences

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is reported as *Not Applicable* (77), then all occurrences of the DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT field also must be *Not Applicable* (NA).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, #29 DRUG TYPE, #30 DRUG QUANTITY, and #31 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 288 PROPERTY TYPE of Not Reported or Unknown in the first occurrence requires that PROPERTY VALUE be Unknown in all occurrences

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is *Not Reported* (88) or *Unknown* (99), then the first occurrence of PROPERTY VALUE must be *Unknown* (99999999). All following occurrences of both these fields must then be *Not Applicable* (77777777).

Use of *Unknown* (99) and *Not Reported* (88) for property type choices should be avoided. If any property was lost, the actual involvement, type, and value should be determined and reported if possible. An attempted Burglary with no property stolen requires a property type of *Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

# 290 PROPERTY TYPE of Not Reported or Unknown in the first occurrence requires that NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN be Not Applicable

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is *Not Reported* (88) or *Unknown* (99), then the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN field must be *Not Applicable* (777). All following occurrences of PROPERTY TYPE must then be *Not Applicable* (77). Use of *Unknown* (99) and *Not Reported* (88) should be avoided. If any property was lost, the actual involvement, type, value, and number of vehicles (if any) should be determined and reported if possible.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #26 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN.

# 292 PROPERTY TYPE of Not Reported or Unknown in the first occurrence requires that NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED be Not Applicable

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is *Not Reported* (88) or *Unknown* (99), the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED field must be *Not Applicable* (777). All following occurrences of PROPERTY TYPE must then be *Not Applicable* (77). Use of *Unknown* (99) and *Not Reported* (88) should be avoided. If any property was recovered, the actual involvement, type, value, and number of vehicles (if any) should be determined and reported if possible.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #27 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED.

# 294 PROPERTY TYPE of Not Reported or Unknown in the first occurrence requires that SOURCE OF DRUG DATA be Not Applicable

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is *Not Reported* (88) or *Unknown* (99), the SOURCE OF DRUG DATA field must be *Not Applicable* (7). All following occurrences of PROPERTY TYPE must then be *Not Applicable* (77).

Use of Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) for Property Type should be avoided.

SOURCE OF DRUG DATA is used only to identify the source of data on Drugs/Narcotics in a drug case where PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is Seized (06); otherwise, it should be reported as Not Applicable (7).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #28 SOURCE OF DRUG DATA.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 296 PROPERTY TYPE of Not Reported or Unknown in the first occurrence requires that DRUG TYPE be None/Not Applicable in the first occurrence

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is *Not Reported* (88) or *Unknown* (99), the DRUG TYPE field must be *None/Not Applicable* (00). All following occurrences of PROPERTY TYPE must then be *Not Applicable* (77).

Use of Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) for PROPERTY TYPE should be avoided.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #29 DRUG TYPE.

# 298 PROPERTY TYPE of Not Reported in the first occurrence requires that DRUG QUANTITY be Not Applicable in the first occurrence

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is *Not Reported* (88), the DRUG QUANTITY field must be *Not Applicable* (77777777777). All following occurrences of PROPERTY TYPE must then be *Not Applicable* (77).

While Not Reported (88) is an acceptable choice for PROPERTY TYPE its use should be avoided.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, #29 DRUG TYPE, and #30 DRUG QUANTITY.

# 300 PROPERTY TYPE of Unknown in the first occurrence requires that DRUG QUANTITY be Not Applicable in the first occurrence

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is *Unknown* (99), then DRUG QUANTITY (occurrence 1) must be *Not Applicable* (7777777777).

Use of Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) should be avoided.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, #29 DRUG TYPE, and #30 DRUG QUANTITY.

# PROPERTY TYPE of Not Reported or Unknown in the first occurrence requires that DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT be Not Applicable in the first occurrence

If PROPERTY TYPE (occurrence 1) is *Not Reported* (88) or *Unknown* (99), the DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT (occurrence 1) field must be *Not Applicable* (NA).

Use of Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) should be avoided.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, #29 DRUG TYPE, #30 DRUG QUANTITY, and #31 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 304 PROPERTY TYPE of Not Applicable in any occurrence requires that PROPERTY VALUE be Not Applicable in the same occurrence

If any occurrence (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10) of PROPERTY TYPE is *Not Applicable* (77), the same occurrence of PROPERTY VALUE also must be *Not Applicable* (777777777). After *Not Applicable* (77) is first used in PROPERTY TYPE, all subsequent occurrences of PROPERTY TYPE and PROPERTY VALUE must then be *Not Applicable* (77).

If the incident involved fewer than 10 property types, fill the remaining occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE with *Not Applicable* (77777777).

An attempted burglary with no property stolen requires a PROPERTY TYPE of *Not Applicable* (77) in the first occurrence.

See Data Elements #23 PROPERTY TYPE and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

### 306 A known Non-Drug PROPERTY TYPE requires a PROPERTY VALUE

Each occurrence (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10) of PROPERTY TYPE must have a corresponding occurrence of PROPERTY VALUE with either a known dollar amount, or *Unknown* (999999999). The exception to this statement is when PROPERTY TYPE is *Drugs/Narcotics* (26) or is *Not Applicable* (77). (In the case of *Drugs/Narcotics* (26) in PROPERTY TYPE, a dollar amount must be entered in PROPERTY VALUE; *Unknown* (99999999) is not allowed. In the case of PROPERTY TYPE *Not Applicable* (77), PROPERTY VALUE is also *Not Applicable* (777777777).

While *Unknown* (99999999) is valid for PROPERTY VALUE, its use should be avoided. The correct value or the best approximation should be determined if possible and reported.

A separate Property Segment must be submitted for each method of loss described under PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT. For example, an incident containing larceny and arson would have two property segments [Burned (02) and Stolen/etc. (07)]. Each segment may contain up to ten occurrences of property types in the PROPERTY TYPE field. Each occurrence of a different property type should have a corresponding PROPERTY VALUE. The amount entered in each occurrence should be the total dollar value for all victims of that particular type of property loss within the incident. The grand total of all property type losses in all property segments should add up to the total property losses for all victims of the incident.

If the incident did not involve 10 property types, fill the remaining occurrences of PROPERTY TYPE with *Not Applicable* (77). If the incident did not include any property involvement, the first occurrence of both PROPERTY TYPE and PROPERTY VALUE must be entered as *Not Applicable* (77 and 77777777).

When an occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE lists *Drugs/Narcotics* (26) as part of other types of property involvement (e.g., they were stolen through burglary, robbery, theft, etc., or destroyed by arson) only the PROPERTY VALUE is to be completed. The SOURCE OF DRUG DATA, DRUG QUANTITY, and DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT fields are all to be entered as *Not Applicable* (7, 00, 777777777 777, NA) and the DRUG TYPE should be entered as *None/Not Applicable* (00).

See Data Elements #23 PROPERTY TYPE and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# A PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT other than Seized, with a PROPERTY TYPE of Drugs/Narcotics, requires a PROPERTY VALUE other than Not Applicable

In an incident including a PROPERTY TYPE of *Drugs/Narcotics* (26) with a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT choice of other than *Seized* (06), the corresponding occurrence of PROPERTY VALUE must be a known dollar amount, or *Unknown* (99999999).

If the incident did not include any property involvement, then the first occurrence of both PROPERTY TYPE and PROPERTY VALUE must be coded as *Not Applicable (Property Type = 77 and Property Value = 777777777)*.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

### 310 PROPERTY VALUE must be a valid 9-digit numeric with a zero left-fill

When an actual dollar value is entered in PROPERTY VALUE, the amount must be entered in whole dollars. The entry must be right justified with zero fill on the left if the value uses fewer than 9 positions. If the value of property is \$1,855, the entry would be *000001855*.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

## A PROPERTY VALUE of Zero is permitted only with PROPERTY TYPE of Credit/Debit Card, Non-Negotiable Instruments, Documents (Personal or Business), Other Property, Identity Documents, or Identity (Intangible)

If any occurrence of PROPERTY VALUE is reported as zero (000000000), the corresponding PROPERTY TYPE must be *Credit/Debit Cards* (02), *Non-Negotiable Instruments* (04), *Documents [Personal/Business]* (05), *Other Property* (49), *Identity Documents* (65), or *Identity [Intangible]* (66).

Other Property (49) is the only PROPERTY TYPE that may have either a PROPERTY VALUE of zero or a defined value.

See Data Elements #23 PROPERTY TYPE and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

# A PROPERTY TYPE of Credit/Debit Card, Non-Negotiable Instruments, Documents (Personal or Business), Identity Documents, or Identity (Intangible) must have a PROPERTY VALUE of Zero

If any PROPERTY TYPE is reported as *Credit/Debit Card* (02), *Non-Negotiable Instruments* (04), *Documents [Personal/Business]* (05), *Identity Documents* (65), or *Identity [Intangible]* (66), the PROPERTY VALUE must be reported as zero (000000000). These types of property, no matter how important to the owner, are deemed to have no intrinsic value in commercial terms.

See Data Elements #23 PROPERTY TYPE and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 316 A valid PROPERTY VALUE requires a valid PROPERTY TYPE

If an occurrence of PROPERTY VALUE contains any choice other than *Not Applicable (777777777)*, the corresponding occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE must NOT = *Not Applicable (77)*.

A dollar amount in an occurrence of PROPERTY VALUE must correspond with a type of property specified in PROPERTY TYPE. *Not Applicable* (777777777) in an occurrence of PROPERTY VALUE must correspond with a *Not Applicable* (77) in PROPERTY TYPE.

While *Unknown* (99999999 *Property Value and 88 Property Type*) and is a valid choice for both fields, use of it should be avoided. *Not Reported* is Not a valid PROPERTY VALUE. The correct value and property type, or the best possible approximations, should be determined and entered.

See Data Elements #23 PROPERTY TYPE and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

#### 318 PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE must be a valid date or Not Applicable

A PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE is required for each PROPERTY TYPE whose status under PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is *Recovered* (05).

Up to ten dates of recovery can be entered to match each of the up-to-ten property types associated with the *Recovered* PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

If there is more than one date of recovery for the same PROPERTY TYPE, enter the earliest date. If the PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE is unknown, enter the date of the report.

Date must be formatted as YYYYMMDD as shown below. If no property has been recovered, enter *Not Applicable* (77777777).

YYYY Four-digit year, e.g. 2029 MM Two-digit month, e.g. 09 DD Two-digit day, e.g. 30

This PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE of September 30, 2029 is entered as 20290930.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #25 PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE.

# 320 PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE must be on or later than the IBR STARTUP DATE for agency, or Not Applicable

A PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE is required for each PROPERTY TYPE whose status under PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is *Recovered* (05). Up to ten dates of recovery can be entered to match each of the up-to-ten property types associated with the *Recovered* (05) Property Segment for the incident.

The IBR STARTUP DATE is the official date agreed upon with DCJS for the agency to start submitting incident-based crime data as its routine monthly crime report. Crime statistics prior to that date must have been submitted through UCR Summary reporting. The startup date is always a valid calendar date, usually the first day of a month, and is formatted as YYYYMMDD.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #25 PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 322 PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE must not be later than the FILE CREATION DATE

A PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE is required for each PROPERTY TYPE whose status under PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is *Recovered* (05). Up to ten Property Recovery Dates can be entered to match the up-to-ten property types associated with the *Recovered* (05) Property Segment for the incident.

FILE CREATION DATE is the date that the NYS NIBRS monthly file was created by your agency for submission to DCJS. The FILE CREATION DATE must be at least one day after the end of the month for which crime data are being submitted to DCJS. It must be a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

If there is more than one date of recovery for the same PROPERTY TYPE, enter the earliest date. If the PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE is unknown, enter the date of the report. If no property has been recovered, enter *Not Applicable* (77777777).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, #25 PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE, and Transmission Data Element TD#3 FILE CREATION DATE.

# PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT other than Recovered requires that PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE be Not Applicable

If PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is not *Recovered* (05), all occurrences of PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE must be *Not Applicable* (77777777).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #25 PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE.

# 326 Not Applicable in an occurrence of PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE requires Not Applicable in all successive occurrences

If an occurrence of PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE is entered as *Not Applicable* (77777777), all successive occurrences also must be reported as *Not Applicable* (77777777).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #25 PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 328 Use the actual number of vehicles, or Not Applicable, in NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN

Enter the actual number of stolen vehicles in the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN field. If more than 500 vehicles were stolen, enter *501*.

If the property stolen did not include any motor vehicles, enter *Not Applicable* (777). While *Unknown* (999) is also an acceptable choice, use of it should be avoided. The correct number of vehicles, or the best approximation of that number, should be determined and reported.

Since NCIC requires the separate entry of each motor vehicle stolen, many agencies create a separate incident report for each stolen motor vehicle in order to facilitate subsequent investigation and data entry should the vehicle be recovered. Therefore, it is most likely that the number of stolen motor vehicles in any incident will always be one for agencies using this reporting practice.

EXAMPLE: A car-carrier truck loaded with 5 new vehicles awaiting delivery is stolen. The NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN in this incident would be 006 (the truck and five new cars) unless the one-vehicle-per-incident reporting practice was used by the agency.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #26 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN.

## 329 PROPERTY TYPE must have at least one occurrence of a Stolen Motor Vehicle type

If PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT status is *Stolen* (07) and the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN field contains a number between 001-501, then at least one occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE must be reported as *Automobiles* (31), *Buses* (33), *Trucks* (34), *Recreational Vehicles* (37), or *Other Motor Vehicles* (38).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #26 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN.

# 330 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN field must be Not Applicable when PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is other than Stolen

If PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT status is a choice other than *Stolen* (07), then the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN must be *Not Applicable* (777).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #26 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN.

# The number of motor vehicle types reported in PROPERTY TYPE may not be greater than the number reported in NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN

The number of different motor vehicle types reported in PROPERTY TYPE must be less than or equal to the number of vehicles in the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN field.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #26 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 332 Use the actual number of vehicles, or Not Applicable, in NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED

If the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED = a number between 001 through 500 motor vehicles, then enter the actual number of recovered vehicles in the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED field. If more than 500 vehicles were RECOVERED, enter 501 in the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #27 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED.

#### 333 PROPERTY TYPE must have at least one occurrence of a Recovered Motor Vehicle property type

If PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT status is *Recovered* (05) and between 1 and 501 motor vehicles have been entered in the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED field, then at least one occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE must be reported as *Automobiles* (31), *Buses* (33), *Trucks* (34), *Recreational Vehicles* (37), or *Other Motor Vehicles* (38).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #27 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED.

# 334 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED must be Not Applicable when PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is not Recovered

If PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT status is a choice other than *Recovered* (05), the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED must be reported as *Not Applicable* (777).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #27 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED.

# The number of motor vehicle types reported in PROPERTY TYPE may not be greater than the number reported in NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED

The number of different motor vehicle types reported in PROPERTY TYPE must be less than or equal to the number of vehicles in the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED field.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23, PROPERTY TYPE, and #27 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED.

## 336 SOURCE OF DRUG DATA should be Estimate, Laboratory, or Not Applicable

SOURCE OF DRUG DATA is used only to identify the source of data on Drugs or Narcotics seized in a drug case. In this case, PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is Seized (06), and PROPERTY TYPE is Drugs/Narcotics (26). If it is not a drug seizure incident, SOURCE OF DRUG DATA should be reported as Not Applicable (7).

The correct source of data should be reported as either Estimate or Laboratory Analysis. While *Unknown* (9) is also an acceptable choice, use of it should be avoided. If the corresponding occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE is *Not Reported* (88) or *Unknown* (99), the SOURCE OF DRUG DATA field must be *Not Applicable* (7).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #28 SOURCE OF DRUG DATA.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 340 Use a valid choice in DRUG TYPE

DRUG TYPE is used only to identify the type of Drugs or Narcotics seized when PROPERTY TYPE is *Drugs/Narcotics* (26) and PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is *Seized* (06). Otherwise, enter DRUG TYPE as None/*Not Applicable* (00).

The correct type of drug should be determined if possible and reported. While *Unknown Type* (99) is an acceptable choice, use of it should be avoided. If the first occurrence of the PROPERTY TYPE field is reported as *Not Applicable* (77), then all occurrences of the DRUG TYPE field also must be *None/Not Applicable* (00).

Enter up to 3 types of drugs in DRUG TYPE. If more than three drug types are seized in the incident, the two most important are to be reported specifically using their applicable DRUG TYPE choices and the remaining drugs are to be entered as 97, for *Over 3 Drug Types*. The reporting agency determines the most important drugs in such cases, based on the quantity, value, and deadliness of the drugs seized.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #29 DRUG TYPE.

### 342 DRUG TYPE requires a PROPERTY TYPE of Drugs/Narcotics

If an incident involves a drug seizure, it must include a choice for the type of drug (DRUG TYPE), a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Seized (06), and a PROPERTY TYPE indicating Drugs/Narcotics (26).

Correspondingly, if DRUG TYPE is *None/Not Applicable* (00), PROPERTY TYPE cannot contain a choice indicating *Drugs/Narcotics* (26).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #29 DRUG TYPE.

## 344 Over 3 Drug Types may be entered only in the third occurrence of DRUG TYPE

The choice of *Over 3 Drug Types* (97) may be entered only in the third and final occurrence of the DRUG TYPE field. It may be used only if each of the first two occurrences contain a valid drug choice and more than one other drug type remain to be reported. *None/Not Applicable* (00) or *Unknown* (99) must not be used prior to the use of *Over 3 Drug Types* (97).

If three drug types are involved in an incident, enter one type in each of the three occurrences. If more than three drug types are involved, the two most important are to be reported in the first two occurrences. The remaining drugs are to be entered as *Over 3 Drug Types* (97) in the third occurrence. The reporting agency determines the most important drugs in such cases, based on quantity, value, and deadliness of the drugs seized.

See Data Element #29 DRUG TYPE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 348 Over 3 Drug Types requires two previous known drug types in DRUG TYPE

The use of *Over 3 Drug Types* (97) in the third and final occurrence of the DRUG TYPE field requires that the first two occurrences of the field contain two different drug-type choices. *None/Not Applicable* (00) may not be used. While *Unknown Type* (99) and *Other Drugs* (69) are acceptable choices, use of them should be avoided. The correct types of drugs should be determined if possible.

If more than three drug types are involved, the two most important drugs are to be reported in the first two occurrences. The remaining drugs are to be entered as *Over 3 Drug Types* (97) in the third occurrence. The reporting agency determines the most important drugs in such cases, based on quantity, value, and deadliness of the drugs seized.

See Data Element #29 DRUG TYPE.

### 352 Each combination of DRUG TYPE and DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT must be unique

An incident involving a drug seizure allows for up to three occurrences in the corresponding DRUG TYPE, DRUG QUANTITY, and DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT fields to be entered. Each drug type and measurement combination [other than Drug Type = *None/Not Applicable* (00) Drug Measurement Unit = (Not Applicable (NA) or Drug Type = *Unknown Type* (99) or Drug Measurement = *Unknown* (XX)] must be unique.

While *Unknown Type* (99) Drug Type and *Unknown* (XX) Drug Measurement Unit are acceptable choices, use of these choices should be avoided. The correct type of drug and appropriate measurement unit should be determined if possible and reported.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, #29 DRUG TYPE, and #31 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT.

## 354 Use of Over 3 Drug Types in DRUG TYPE requires Not Applicable in DRUG QUANTITY

The use of *Over 3 Drug Types* (97) in the third and final occurrence of the DRUG TYPE field requires that the third occurrence of the DRUG QUANTITY field be *Not Applicable* (777777777 777). A quantity may not be entered because over three Drug Types means that two or more types of drugs are contained in this occurrence of DRUG TYPE; their combined quantity in this circumstance would be meaningless.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, #29 DRUG TYPE, and #30 DRUG QUANTITY.

## 356 Use of Over 3 Drug Types in DRUG TYPE requires Not Applicable in DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT

The use of *Over 3 Drug Types* (97) in the third and final occurrence of the DRUG TYPE field requires that the third occurrence of the DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT field be *Not Applicable* (NA). *Over 3 Drug Types* (97) means that two or more drug types are combined in this third occurrence of Drug Type. Since they are grouped together, their quantities cannot be distinguished. Their combined quantity would be meaningless for crime reporting purposes. Therefore, DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT would be *Not Applicable* (NA).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, #29 DRUG TYPE, and #31 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 358 DRUG TYPE of None/Not Applicable in the first occurrence requires None/Not Applicable in the second and third occurrences

Whenever the first occurrence of the DRUG TYPE field is reported as *None/Not Applicable* (00), all occurrences of DRUG TYPE must also be *None/Not Applicable* (00).

DRUG TYPE is used only to identify the type of Drugs/Narcotics seized where PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is Seized; otherwise, DRUG TYPE is reported as *None/Not Applicable* (00).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #29 DRUG TYPE.

# 360 DRUG TYPE of None/Not Applicable in the first occurrence requires that SOURCE OF DRUG DATA be Not Applicable

Whenever the first occurrence of the DRUG TYPE field is reported as *None/Not Applicable* (00), the first occurrence of SOURCE OF DRUG DATA must be *Not Applicable* (7).

SOURCE OF DRUG DATA describes whether the information in the DRUG TYPE, DRUG QUANTITY, and DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT fields are based on Estimates or on the results of Laboratory Analysis.

SOURCE OF DRUG DATA is used only to identify the source of data on Drugs/Narcotics seized in a drug case where PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is *Seized* (06); otherwise, SOURCE OF DRUG DATA should be reported as *Not Applicable* (7).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #28 SOURCE OF DRUG DATA, and #29 DRUG TYPE.

## 362 DRUG TYPE of None/Not Applicable requires DRUG QUANTITY of Not Applicable

Whenever any occurrence of the DRUG TYPE field is reported as *None/Not Applicable* (00), then the corresponding occurrence of the SOURCE OF DRUG DATA field also must be *Not Applicable* (7).

See Data Elements #29 DRUG TYPE and #30 DRUG QUANTITY.

## 364 DRUG TYPE of None/Not Applicable requires DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT of Not Applicable

Whenever any occurrence of DRUG TYPE is reported as *None/Not Applicable* (00), the corresponding occurrence of the DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT must be *Not Applicable* (NA). DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT specifies the unit of weight or volume of drugs seized in a drug case where PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is *Seized* (06). When no drugs are seized, there is no measurement of them.

See Data Elements #29 DRUG TYPE and #31 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# A known drug type in the first occurrence of DRUG TYPE requires that SOURCE OF DRUG DATA be Estimate, Laboratory, or Unknown

If the first occurrence of the DRUG TYPE field contains any of the known drug type choices, or Unknown Type, the SOURCE OF DRUG DATA field must contain *Estimate* (1), *Laboratory Analysis* (2), or *Unknown* (9). *Not Applicable* (7) may not be used as a source when actual drug types or suspected drugs of unknown composition are reported as *Seized* (06). While *Unknown* (9) is an acceptable choice for SOURCE OF DRUG DATA, use of it should be avoided. The correct source of data should be determined and reported.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #28 SOURCE OF DRUG DATA, and #29 DRUG TYPE.

# 374 DRUG QUANTITY can be Not Applicable only when DRUG TYPE is None/Not Applicable or Over 3 Drug Types

If any occurrence of DRUG TYPE contains any of the known drug type choices, or *Unknown Type* (99), the same occurrence of DRUG QUANTITY must contain a valid quantity. *None/Not Applicable* (00) may not be entered when actual drug types or suspected drugs of unknown composition are reported as *Seized* (06). Use of *Not Reported* (88888888 888) and *Unknown* (99999999 999) for DRUG QUANTITY should be avoided. The correct quantity of drugs should be determined if possible or the best approximation of that amount or number made.

Only DRUG TYPE entries of *None/Not Applicable* or *Over Three Drug Types* (97) may have Not Applicable (777777777 777) in DRUG QUANTITY.

See Data Elements #29 DRUG TYPE and #30 DRUG QUANTITY.

# 376 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT can be Not Applicable only when DRUG TYPE is None/Not Applicable or Over 3 Drug Types

If any occurrence of DRUG TYPE contains any of the known drug type choices, or *Unknown Type* (99), the same occurrence of DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT must contain a valid unit of measurement. *Not Applicable* (NA) may not be entered when actual drug types or suspected drugs of unknown composition are reported as *Seized* (06). Use of *Unknown* (XX) for the DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT should be avoided. The correct measurement unit should be determined if possible and reported.

Only when DRUG TYPE is *None/Not Applicable* (00) or *Over 3 Drug Types* (97) can DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT be *Not Applicable* (NA).

See Data Elements #29 DRUG TYPE and #31 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 378 DRUG QUANTITY must be numeric

DRUG QUANTITY serves only to record the estimated quantity of drugs seized in a case where PROPOERTY INVOLVEMENT is Seized (06). Otherwise, all occurrences will be entered as None/Not Applicable (01).

DRUG QUANTITY is a 12-character numeric field. It is divided into a 9-digit whole-number portion on the left and a 3-digit fractional portion on the right and is transmitted to DCJS in this format. If the whole-number portion of the quantity contains fewer than 9 numerals, fill it with zeros on the left side and then enter the total 9 characters into the left portion. If the fractional portion contains fewer than 3 numerals, fill it with zeros on the right side and enter all 3 characters into the right portion.

Use of *Unknown* (99999999 999) and *Not Reported* (88888888 888) for DRUG QUANTITY should be avoided. The correct quantity of a drug, or the best approximation, should be determined if possible and reported.

EXAMPLE 1: If Over 3 Drugs (97) is used in an occurrence of DRUG TYPE, the corresponding occurrence of DRUG QUANTITY should be entered as Not Applicable (777777777 777).

EXAMPLE 2: An occurrence of 1.5 kilograms of Crack should be entered as 000000001 500.

EXAMPLE 3: If 2.0 liquid ounces of Morphine were seized, enter it as 000000002 000.

See Data Elements #29 DRUG TYPE and #30 DRUG QUANTITY.

## 380 DRUG QUANTITY of Not Applicable requires that DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT be Not Applicable

Whenever any occurrence of DRUG QUANTITY is reported as *Not Applicable* (777777777 777), the corresponding occurrence of DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT must also be *Not Applicable* (NA).

See Data Elements #30 DRUG QUANTITY and #31 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT.

## 382 DRUG QUANTITY of Not Reported or Unknown requires that DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT be Unknown

Whenever any occurrence of DRUG QUANTITY is reported as *Not Reported* (88888888 888) or *Unknown* (999999999 999), the corresponding occurrence of DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT also must be *Unknown* (XX).

See Data Elements #30 DRUG QUANTITY and #31 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

386

## Use valid DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT appropriate to drug

The DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT is used as the basis of volume, count, or weight of seized drugs. A unit of measurement must be reported for each occurrence of DRUG QUANTITY. The correct measurement unit for the drug type and quantity seized must be chosen from the following choices:

```
Units of Drug Measurement

Capacity

Fluid ounce (FL)

Gallon (GL)

Liter (LT)

Milliliter (ML)

Units

Dosage Units (DU) [Capsules, Tablets, etc.]

Number of Plants (NP)

Weight

Gram (GM)

Kilogram (KG)

Ounce (OZ)

Pound (LB)
```

While *Unknown* (XX) is an acceptable choice for the DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT, use of it should be avoided. The correct measurement unit should be determined if possible and reported.

Only when DRUG TYPE and DRUG QUANTITY are Drug Type = *None/Not Applicable* (00) Drug Quantity = *Not Applicable* (777777777 777) or *Over 3 Drug Types* (97) can DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT be reported as *Not Applicable* (NA).

See Data Elements #29 DRUG TYPE, #30 DRUG QUANTITY, and #31 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT.

## 388 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT of Not Applicable requires that DRUG QUANTITY be Not Applicable

If an occurrence of DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT is *Not Applicable* (NA), the corresponding occurrence of DRUG QUANTITY must be *Not Applicable* (77777777 777).

See Data Elements #30 DRUG QUANTITY and #31 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT.

## 389 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT of Unknown requires that DRUG QUANTITY be Not Reported or Unknown

If an occurrence of DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT is *Unknown* (XX), the corresponding occurrence of DRUG QUANTITY must be *Not Reported* (8888888 888) or *Unknown* (999999999 999).

See Data Elements #30 DRUG QUANTITY and #31 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT.

# 390 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT of Not Applicable requires that successive occurrences be Not Applicable

If the first or second occurrence of DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT is reported as *Not Applicable* (NA), the successive occurrence(s) must always be reported as *Not Applicable* (NA).

See Data Elements #30 DRUG QUANTITY and #31 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 392 If DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT is Number of Plants, DRUG TYPE must be Opium, Other Hallucinogens or Marijuana

If an occurrence of DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT is *Number of Plants* (NP), the corresponding occurrence of DRUG TYPE must be reported as *Opium* (04), *Other Hallucinogens* (29), or *Marijuana* (51).

See Data Elements #29 DRUG TYPE and #31 DRUG MEASUREMENT UNIT.

## 394 OFFENDER NUMBER must be specified between 001 and 099, or 999 if Unknown

Each offender in an incident must be assigned a unique OFFENDER NUMBER from 001 to 099. A separate Offender Segment containing OFFENDER AGE, OFFENDER SEX, OFFENDER RACE, OFFENDER ETHNIC ORIGIN, AND OFFENDER CONDITION fields is to be submitted for each numbered offender.

If the offender is unknown, submit a single Offender Segment with 999 entered in the OFFENDER NUMBER field and Unknown in the OFFENDER AGE, OFFENDER SEX, OFFENDER RACE, OFFENDER ETHNIC ORIGIN, AND OFFENDER CONDITION fields.

Most agency Records Management System (RMS) software will automatically assign and count the number of offender segments entered. Alternatively, agency forms can have pre-numbered lines for each offender that will be keyed into the RMS when the incident data are entered.

This variable is used in the VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK field to link victims to offenders. It is also important to the edits that confirm any relationship between the victim and offender reported in the VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP field.

EXAMPLE 1: A corpse with multiple bullet wounds was found in an abandoned warehouse. There were no witnesses to the crime and no suspects. A single Offender Segment should be submitted with an OFFENDER NUMBER of 999 and *Unknown* entered in the five offender-demographic/condition fields (999, U, U, U, U).

EXAMPLE 2: Two offenders were seen fleeing the scene of a burglary. Two Offender Segments should be submitted: one with Offender Number 001 entered and the other with Offender Number 002. Each segment should report any witness statements about the corresponding offender's age, sex, race, ethnic origin, or condition in the appropriate fields.

See Data Elements #32 OFFENDER NUMBER, #33 OFFENDER AGE, #34 OFFENDER SEX, #35 OFFENDER RACE, #36 OFFENDER ETHNIC ORIGIN, and #37 OFFENDER CONDITION.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 396 Unknown OFFENDER NUMBER requires Unknown OFFENDER AGE

If the offender is unknown and *Unknown* (999) was entered in OFFENDER NUMBER, the corresponding OFFENDER AGE also must be reported as *Unknown* (9999).

OFFENDER AGE is a four-character numeric field. It may have a specific age, age range, or *Unknown* (9999) entered, in the following formats:

0001-0098 Specific age in years 0099 Over 98 years old

9999 Unknown

Age Range: Must be in order of lowest to highest age as a four-character code, e.g., 1921 would be an age range of 19 to 21 years of age. The first pair of digits must be greater than zero and less than the second pair of digits. The second pair of digits must be less than 99.

See Data Elements #32 OFFENDER NUMBER and #33 OFFENDER AGE.

## 398 Unknown OFFENDER NUMBER requires Unknown OFFENDER SEX

If the offender is unknown and *Unknown* (999) was entered in OFFENDER NUMBER, the corresponding OFFENDER SEX also must be reported as *Unknown* (U).

OFFENDER SEX is a one-character alpha field. It may contain only one of the following valid choices:

M Male
F Female
U Unknown
R Not Reported

See Data Elements #32 OFFENDER NUMBER and #34 OFFENDER SEX.

#### 400 Unknown OFFENDER NUMBER requires Unknown OFFENDER RACE

If the offender is unknown and *Unknown* (999) was entered in OFFENDER NUMBER, the corresponding OFFENDER RACE also must be reported as *Unknown* (U).

OFFENDER RACE is a one-character alpha field. It may only contain one of the following valid choices:

W White

B Black/African American

I American Indian/Alaskan Native

A Asian

P Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander

R Not Reported

U Unknown

See Data Elements #32 OFFENDER NUMBER and #35 OFFENDER RACE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 402 Unknown OFFENDER NUMBER requires Unknown OFFENDER ETHNIC ORIGIN

If the offender is unknown and *Unknown* (999) was entered in OFFENDER NUMBER, the corresponding OFFENDER ETHNIC ORIGIN also must be reported as *Unknown* (U).

OFFENDER ETHNIC ORIGIN is a one-character alpha field. It may contain only one of the following valid choices:

H Hispanic/Latino
N Not Hispanic/Latino
R Not Reported

U Unknown

See Data Elements #32 OFFENDER NUMBER and #36 OFFENDER ETHNIC ORIGIN.

### 404 Unknown OFFENDER NUMBER requires Unknown OFFENDER CONDITION

If the offender is unknown and *Unknown* (999) was entered in OFFENDER NUMBER, the corresponding OFFENDER CONDITION also must be reported as *Unknown* (U).

This variable is used to indicate the apparent condition of each offender involved in the incident. Use the most descriptive code if more than one applies. Enter only one of the following choices for each offender:

O1 Appears to be Impaired with Drugs
O2 Appears to be Impaired with Alcohol

03 Appears to be Mentally Disordered

04 Appears to be Injured/III

05 Apparently Normal

88 Not Reported

99 Unknown

See Data Elements #32 OFFENDER NUMBER and #37 OFFENDER CONDITION.

#### 406 Use exact age, age range, or Unknown OFFENDER AGE

OFFENDER AGE is a four- character numeric field. It must be entered in the following formats:

0001-0098 specific age in years 0099 Over 98 years old

9999 Unknown

Age Range: Must be in order of lowest to highest age as a four-character code, e.g., 1921 would be an age range of 19 to 21 years of age. The first pair of digits must be greater than zero and less than the second pair of digits. The second pair of digits must be less than 99.

EXAMPLE: The witness reported the offender's age as between 25 and 30 years old. Enter the age range of 2530.

See Data Element #33 OFFENDER AGE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 408 Use Male, Female, Not Reported, or Unknown for OFFENDER SEX

OFFENDER SEX is a one-character alpha field. It may contain only one of the following valid choices:

M Male
F Female
U Unknown
R Not Reported

See Data Element #34 OFFENDER SEX.

# 410 OFFENDER RACE must be White, Black/African American, Native American/Alaskan Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, Not Reported or Unknown

OFFENDER RACE is a one-character alpha field. It may contain only one of the following valid choices:

W White

B Black/African American

I American Indian/Alaskan Native

A Asian

P Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander

R Not Reported Unknown

See Data Element #35 OFFENDER RACE.

#### 412 OFFENDER ETHNIC ORIGIN must be Hispanic/Latino, Not Hispanic/Latino, Not Reported, or Unknown

OFFENDER ETHNIC ORIGIN is a one-character alpha field. It may contain only one of the following valid choices:

H Hispanic/Latino
N Not Hispanic/Latino
R Not Reported
U Unknown

See Data Element #36 OFFENDER ETHNIC ORIGIN.

## 414 Use valid choice for OFFENDER CONDITION

OFFENDER CONDITION is a two-character alphanumeric field. This variable is used to indicate the apparent condition of each offender involved in the incident. Use the most descriptive code if more than one applies. Enter only one of the following choices for each offender:

O1 Appears to be Impaired with Drugs

O2 Appears to be Impaired with Alcohol

03 Appears to be Mentally Disordered

04 Appears to be Injured/III

05 Apparently Normal

88 Not Reported

99 Unknown

See Data Element #37 OFFENDER CONDITION.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 416 VICTIM NUMBER must be in range of 001 to 999

Each victim in an incident must be assigned a unique victim number from 001 to 999. A separate Victim Segment must be submitted for each numbered victim.

Most agency Records Management System (RMS) software will automatically assign and count the number of victim segments (screens) entered. Alternatively, agency forms can have pre-numbered lines for each victim that will be keyed into the RMS when the incident is data entered.

See Data Element #38 VICTIM NUMBER.

#### 418 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK must be numeric

VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK is a two-character numeric field. Each occurrence must be filled with a unique two-digit number. If the number is in the range of 1-9, zero left fill the field. The number to be used is obtained from the OFFENSE NUMBER of an offense perpetrated against the victim whose information is being entered. Most agency Records Management System (RMS) software will automatically assign and enter OFFENSE NUMBERS.

While a maximum of only ten offenses may be included in any one incident, the numbers used may be any valid number in the range of 01 to 75. It is not necessary that Offense Segments be numbered consecutively if they are unique. Each victim must be linked to at least one and no more than ten offenses. When fewer than 10 offenses are present for the victim, enter *Not Applicable* (77) in any unused occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK.

See Data Elements #12 OFFENSE NUMBER and #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK.

## 420 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK must be in range of 01 to 75, or Not Applicable

VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK is a two-character numeric field. Each occurrence must be filled with a unique two-digit number. The number to be used is obtained from the OFFENSE NUMBER of an offense perpetrated against the victim whose information is being entered.

While a maximum of only ten offenses may be included in any one incident, the numbers used may be any valid number in the range of 01 to 75. It is not necessary that Offense Segments be numbered consecutively if they are unique. Each victim must be linked to at least one and no more than ten offenses. When fewer than 10 offenses are present for the victim, enter *Not Applicable* (77) in any unused occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK.

See Data Elements #12 OFFENSE NUMBER and #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK.

## 422 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK required; first occurrence must show valid OFFENSE NUMBER

Each victim in an incident must always be linked through the VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK to at least one offense. The first occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK must be filled with a two-digit number. The number to be used is obtained from the OFFENSE NUMBER of an offense perpetrated against the victim whose information is being entered.

The number used must be a valid number in the range of 01 to 75. If the number obtained is in the range of 01 through 09, be sure to zero left fill the field. *Not Applicable* (77) must not be used in the first occurrence of the VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK.

See Data Elements #12 OFFENSE NUMBER and #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 424 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK of Not Applicable requires Not Applicable in successive occurrences

Once any occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK is reported as *Not Applicable* (77), all following occurrences must always be reported as *Not Applicable* (77).

VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK is a two-character numeric field. Each occurrence must be filled with a unique two-digit number. If the number is in the range of 1-9, zero left fill the field. The number to be used is obtained from the OFFENSE NUMBER of an offense perpetrated against the victim whose information is being entered.

See Data Elements #12 OFFENSE NUMBER and #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK.

## 426 Duplicate VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK not allowed

Except for Not Applicable (77), no occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK can equal another occurrence of this data element.

See Data Elements #12 OFFENSE NUMBER and #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK.

#### 428 Use valid choices for VICTIM TYPE

VICTIM TYPE is a one-character alpha field. An incident may have more than one victim. Victims may be persons, businesses, various types of institutions, and society. A Victim Segment should be completed for each victim with the most appropriate choice entered in VICTIM TYPE. Enter only one code for each victim, using one of the following choices:

- A Firefighter
- I Individual
- B Business
- F Financial Institution
- G Government
- L Law Enforcement Officer
- R Religious Organization
- S Society/Public
- O Other
- U Unknown

See Data Element #40 VICTIM TYPE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 430 VICTIM AGE must be Not Applicable for Non-Person Victim

When the VICTIM TYPE reported on a Victim Segment is one of the choices shown below, the victim is considered a non-Person. While a Victim Segment must be completed for each victim within an incident, VICTIM AGE and other fields which describe individual human victims are inappropriate for non-Person victims and must be reported as *Not Applicable* (7777).

- B Business
- F Financial Institution
- G Government
- R Religious Organization
- S Society/Public
- O Other
- U Unknown

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #41 VICTIM AGE.

## 432 VICTIM SEX must be Not Applicable for Non-Person Victim

When the VICTIM TYPE reported on a Victim Segment is one of the choices shown below, the victim is considered a non-Person. While a Victim Segment must be completed for each victim within an incident, VICTIM SEX and other fields which describe individual human victims are inappropriate for non-Person victims and must be reported as *Not Applicable* (X).

- B Business
- F Financial Institution
- G Government
- R Religious Organization
- S Society/Public
- O Other
- U Unknown

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #42 VICTIM SEX.

#### 434 VICTIM RACE must be Not Applicable for Non-Person Victim

When the VICTIM TYPE reported on a Victim Segment is one of the choices shown below, the victim is considered a non-Person. While a Victim Segment must be completed for each victim within an incident, VICTIM RACE and other fields which describe individual human victims are inappropriate for non-Person victims and must be reported as *Not Applicable* (X).

- B Business
- F Financial Institution
- G Government
- R Religious Organization
- S Society/Public
- O Other
- U Unknown

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #43 VICTIM RACE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 436 VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN must be Not Applicable for Non-Person Victim

When the VICTIM TYPE reported on a Victim Segment is one of the choices shown below, the victim is considered a non-Person. While a Victim Segment must be completed for each victim within an incident, VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN and other fields which describe individual human victims are inappropriate for non-Person victims and must be reported as *Not Applicable* (X).

- B Business
- F Financial Institution
- G Government
- R Religious Organization
- S Society/Public
- O Other
- U Unknown

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #44 VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN.

## 438 VICTIM RESIDENCE STATUS must be Not Applicable for Non-Person Victim

When the VICTIM TYPE reported on a Victim Segment is one of the choices shown below, the victim is considered a non-Person. While a Victim Segment must be completed for each victim within an incident, VICTIM RESIDENCE STATUS and other fields which describe individual human victims are inappropriate for non-Person victims and must be reported as *Not Applicable* (77).

- B Business
- F Financial Institution
- G Government
- R Religious Organization
- S Society/Public
- O Other
- U Unknown

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #45 VICTIM RESIDENCE STATUS.

#### 440 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK must be Not Applicable for Non-Person Victim

When the VICTIM TYPE reported on a Victim Segment is one of the choices shown below, the victim is considered a non-Person. While a Victim Segment must be completed for each victim within an incident, VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK is used to connect only individual person victims to offenders who victimized them. Thus, if the Victim Segment is not for an individual, all occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK must be reported as *Not Applicable* (777).

- B Business
- F Financial Institution
- G Government
- R Religious Organization
- S Society/Public
- O Other
- U Unknown

See Data Elements #32 OFFENDER NUMBER, #40 VICTIM TYPE, and #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 442 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP must be Not Applicable for Non-Person Victim

When the VICTIM TYPE reported on a Victim Segment is one of the choices shown below, the victim is considered a non-Person. While a Victim Segment must be completed for each victim within an incident, VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP is used to relate only individual person victims to offenders who victimized them. Thus, if the Victim Segment is not for an individual, all occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP must be reported as *Not Applicable* (77).

- B Business
- F Financial Institution
- G Government
- R Religious Organization
- S Society/Public
- O Other
- U Unknown

See Data Elements #32 OFFENDER NUMBER, #40 VICTIM TYPE, #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK, and #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

## 444 LEVEL OF INJURY must be Not Applicable for Non-Person Victim

When the VICTIM TYPE reported on a Victim Segment is one of the choices shown below, the victim is considered a non-Person. While a Victim Segment must be completed for each victim within an incident, LEVEL OF INJURY is used only to describe the condition of individual human victims. Thus, if the Victim Segment is not for an individual, all occurrences of LEVEL OF INJURY must be reported as *Not Applicable* (7).

- B Business
- F Financial Institution
- G Government
- R Religious Organization
- S Society/Public
- O Other
- U Unknown

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE, #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK, and #48 LEVEL OF INJURY.

#### 446 TYPE OF INJURY must have all occurrences as Not Applicable for Non-Person Victim

Non-person victims cannot be injured. For non-person victims, the type of injury should always be reported as *Not Applicable* (77).

EXAMPLE: A Victim Segment has VICTIM TYPE of Government (G). All occurrences of TYPE OF INJURY should be coded as *Not Applicable* (77) since the victim is not a person.

See Data Element #49 TYPE OF INJURY.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 448 VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT must be Not Applicable for Non-Person Victim

Non-person victims cannot be treated for injuries. For non-person victims, VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT should always be reported as *Not Applicable* (7).

EXAMPLE: The victim is Society/Public; the entry for VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT should be *Not Applicable* (7).

See Data Element #50 VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT.

## 450 VICTIM AGE required for Person Victim

Enter an exact age, or if exact age is unknown, enter an age range using four digits. An age between 20 and 25 would be entered as 2025; age range of 6 to 8 would be entered as 0608. When entering a range, be sure that the first age (first 2 digits) is less than the second age. If age is unknown, enter *Unknown* (9999). *Not Applicable* (7777) is not allowed for person victims.

Other acceptable values are:

00NN under 24 hours old (neonate)
00NB 1to 6 days (under one week old)
00BB 7 to 364 days (one week to under one year old)
0099 Over 98 years old

9999 Unknown

See Data Element #41 VICTIM AGE.

## 452 VICTIM SEX required for Person Victim

A valid sex choice must be entered for person victims. Not Applicable (X) is not allowed for person victims.

Valid Sex choices for person victims are:

M Male
F Female
R Not Reported
U Unknown

See Data Element #42 VICTIM SEX.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 454 VICTIM RACE required for Person Victim

A valid Race choice must be entered for person victims. *Not Applicable* (X) is <u>not</u> allowed for person victims.

Valid Race choices for person victims are:

- W White
- B Black/African American
- I American Indian/Alaskan Native
- A Asian
- P Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander
- R Not Reported
- U Unknown

See Data Element #43 VICTIM RACE.

# TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE cannot be Not Applicable, when VICTIM TYPE is Law Enforcement

Use of the VICTIM TYPE Law Enforcement Officer (L) indicates the incident involves a Law Enforcement Officer Killed or Assaulted (LEOKA). The TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE cannot be reported as *Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Elements #40-VICTIM TYPE and #71-TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE

### 456 VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN required for Person Victim

A valid VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN choice must be entered for person victims. Ethnicity is entered separately because it is possible to be a *White* (W) person of *Hispanic or Latino* (H) origin or a *Black or African American* (B) person of *Hispanic or Latino* (H) origin, and so forth. For this data element, a person is either *Hispanic or Latino* (N), regardless of race.

Not Applicable (X) is not allowed for person victims. Valid Ethnic Origin choices for person victims are:

- H Hispanic/Latino
- N Not Hispanic/Latino
- R Not Reported
- U Unknown

See Data Element #44 VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN.

## 457 TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE must be Not Applicable when VICTIM TYPE is not Law Enforcement

When the victim is any type other than *Law Enforcement Officer* (L), the TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE must be *Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Elements #40-VICTIM TYPE and #71-TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 458 VICTIM RESIDENCE STATUS required for Person Victim

Enter a valid VICTIM RESIDENCE STATUS choice for each person victim. *Not Applicable* (77) is <u>not</u> allowed for person victims. Acceptable VICTIM RESIDENCE STATUS are listed below:

01 = Resident

02 = Commuter

03 = Tourist

04 = Military

05 = Student

06 = Temporary Resident/Foreign National

07 = Other Status

08 = Homeless

88 = Not Reported

99 = Unknown

EXAMPLE 1: If the victim was robbed in White Plains, NY, where he resides, select Resident (01).

EXAMPLE 2: The victim was a Mexican citizen working as a migrant worker and temporarily residing in the town where his radio was stolen. Select *Temporary Resident/Foreign National* (06).

See Data Element #45 VICTIM RESIDENCE STATUS.

# 459 OFFICER ASSIGNMENT TYPE, VICTIM AGE, VICTIM SEX, VICTIM RACE, and VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN must not be Not Applicable when VICTIM TYPE is Law Enforcement

Use of the VICTIM TYPE *Law Enforcement Officer* (L) indicates the incident involves a Law Enforcement Officer Killed or Assaulted (LEOKA). Victim demographic information and Officer Assignment Type must be reported as something other than *Not Applicable* (X).

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE, #41 VICTIM AGE, #42 VICTIM SEX, #43 VICTIM RACE, #44 VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN, and #72 OFFICER ASSIGNMENT TYPE

#### 460 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK required for Person Victim

Person victims must be linked to offenders. The VICTIM /OFFENDER LINK is used only to link person victims to offenders who victimized them. Non-person victims are not linked to offenders.

See Data Element #46 VICTIM OFFENDER LINK.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 461 OFFICER ASSIGNMENT TYPE must be other than Not Applicable when VICTIM TYPE is Law Enforcement

Use of the VICTIM TYPE *Law Enforcement Officer* (L) indicates the incident involves a Law Enforcement Officer Killed or Assaulted (LEOKA).

Officer Assignment Type may be one of the following for

#### **Uniformed Law Enforcement Officers:**

F = Two-Officer Vehicle

G = One-Officer Vehicle (Alone)

H = One Officer Vehicle (Assisted)

#### For Non-Uniformed Officers:

I = Detective or Special Assignment (Alone)

J = Detective or Special Assignment (Assisted)

## For Law Enforcement Officers in Other Capacities (Foot Patrol, Off Duty, etc.,)

K = Other (Alone)

L = Other (Assisted)

If Victim Type is NOT Law Enforcement Officer (L)

X =Not Applicable

Officer Assignment Type must be reported as something other than *Not Applicable* (X) when Victim Type is Law Enforcement Officer [LEOKA] (L).

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #72 OFFICER ASSIGNMENT TYPE.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 462 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP required for Person Victim

Enter the victim's relationship to the offender. For person victims, *Not Applicable* (77) is not a valid VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

### Within Family

- 01 = Spouse
- 02 = Former Intimate Partner
- 03 = Parent
- 04 = Sibling
- 05 = Child
- 06 = Grandparent
- 07 = Grandchild
- 08 = In-Law
- 09 = Stepparent
- 10 = Stepchild
- 11 = Stepsibling (stepbrother/stepsister)
- 12 = Other Family
- 22 = Current Boyfriend/Girlfriend
- 23 = Child of Intimate Partner
- 27 = Current Same-Sex Relationship
- 29 = Ex-Spouse

## Outside Family but Known to or by Victim

- 20 = Acquaintance
- 21 = Babysittee (the baby)
- 24 = Employee
- 25 = Employer
- 26 = Friend
- 28 = Neighbor
- 30 = Otherwise Known

## Not Known to or by Victim

- 40 = Relationship Unknown
- 41 = Stranger

#### Other

- 70 = Victim Was Offender
- 88 = Not Reported

EXAMPLE 1: An employee assaulted his employer with his fists. The corresponding occurrence of the VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP should be coded as *Victim Was Employer* (25).

EXAMPLE 2: Two offenders rob a man and woman who are on a date. Neither victim knew the offenders. Both the Victim Segment for the male victim and the Victim Segment for the female victim should have the occurrences in VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP coded as *Stranger* (41).

See Data Element #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# 463 OFFICER ASSIGNMENT TYPE MUST BE NOT APPLICABLE WHEN VICTIM TYPE IS NOT Law Enforcement

When the victim is any type other than *Law Enforcement Officer* (L) the TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE must be *Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #72 OFFICER ASSIGNMENT TYPE.

## 464 LEVEL OF INJURY for Person Victim cannot be Not Applicable

A *Not Applicable* (7) LEVEL OF INJURY applies to non-person victims only. If a person victim sustains no apparent physical injury, choose *Not Injured* (4).

See Data Element #48 LEVEL OF INJURY.

# LEOKA related data elements cannot be Not Applicable when VICTIM TYPE is Law Enforcement. See NYS NIBRS Error Messages and Explanations.

Use of the VICTIM TYPE *Law Enforcement Officer* (L) indicates the incident involves a Law Enforcement Officer Killed or Assaulted (LEOKA). VICTIM AGE, VICTIM SEX, VICTIM RACE, and VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN, TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE, OFFICER ASSIGNMENT TYPE, and OFFICER ORI/JURISDICTION must be reported as something other than *Not Applicable* (7777, X, X, X, 77, X, 77777777).

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE, #41 VICTIM AGE, #42 VICTIM SEX, #43 VICTIM RACE, #44 VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN, #71 OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE, #72 OFFICER ASSIGNMENT TYPE and #73 OFFICER ORI/JURISDICTION.

#### 466 TYPE OF INJURY for Person Victim cannot be Not Applicable

A Not Applicable (77) TYPE OF INJURY applies to non-person victims only (Business (B), Financial Institution (F), Government (G), Religious Organization (R), Society/Public (S), Other (O), Unknown (U).

See Data Element #49 TYPE OF INJURY.

## 467 OFFICER-ORI/JURISDICTION must be Not Applicable when VICTIM TYPE is not Law Enforcement

When the victim is any type other than *Law Enforcement Officer* (L), the Officer-ORI/JURISDICTION must be *Not Applicable* (77777777).

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #73 OFFICER ORI/JURISDICTION.

### 468 VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT for a Person Victim Type cannot be Not Applicable

A *Not Applicable* (7) VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT applies to non-person victims only and cannot be reported when Victim Type is *Individual* (I), *Law Enforcement Officer* (L), or *Firefighter* (F).

See Data Element #50 VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 469 OFFICER-ORI/JURISDICTION must be the same as ORI NUMBER when VICTIM TYPE is Law Enforcement

Use of the VICTIM TYPE Law Enforcement Officer (L) indicates the incident involves a Law Enforcement Officer Killed or Assaulted (LEOKA). OFFICER ORI/JURISDICTION should only be reported when the incident is LEOKA reportable. The ORI related to the law enforcement and the ORI for the reporting agency must be the same.

See Data Element #73 OFFICER-ORI/JURISDICTION, Data Element #1 ORI NUMBER, and Data Element #40 VICTIM TYPE

## 470 Use exact age, age range, or Unknown in VICTIM AGE

Enter an exact age, or if exact age is unknown, enter an age range using four digits. An age between 20 and 25 would be entered as 2025; age range of 6 to 8 would be entered as 0608. When entering a range, be sure that the first age (first 2 digits) is less than the second age. If age is unknown, enter *Unknown* (9999). Not Applicable (7777) is not allowed for person victims.

Acceptable values are:

00NN under 24 hours old (neonate)
00NB 1 to 6 days (under one week old)
00BB 7 to 364 days (one week to under one year old)

0099 Over 98 years old

9999 Unknown

See Data Element #41 VICTIM AGE.

# VICTIM AGE must be greater than or equal to 17 or less than or equal to 98 when VICTIME TYPE is Law Enforcement

When Reporting the Victim Age of a Law Enforcement Officer in a LEOKA reportable incident, the age must be in a range of ages from 17 to 98.

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE, #41 VICTIM AGE.

#### 472 VICTIM SEX must be Male, Female, Unknown, Not Reported, or Not Applicable

A valid sex code must be entered for person victims. Not Applicable (X) is  $\underline{not}$  allowed for person victim types [Individual (I), Firefighter (A), Law Enforcement Officer (L)].

Valid Sex choices for person victims are:

M Male F Female

R Not Reported

U Unknown

See Data Element #42 VICTIM SEX.

## NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

VICTIM RACE must be White, Black/African American, Native American/Alaskan Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, Not Reported, Unknown or Not Applicable

A valid Race code must be entered for person victims. *Not Applicable* (X) is <u>not</u> allowed for person victim types [*Individual* (I), *Firefighter* (A), *Law Enforcement Officer* (L)].

Valid Race choices for person victims are:

- W White
- B Black/African American
- I American Indian/Alaskan Native
- A Asian
- P Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander
- R Not Reported
- U Unknown

See Data Element #43 VICTIM RACE.

# 476 VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN must be Hispanic/Latino, Not Hispanic/Latino, Not Reported, Unknown, or Not Applicable

A valid VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN choice must be entered for person victims. Ethnicity is entered separately because it is possible to be a White person of Hispanic or Latino origin, and so forth. For this data element, a person is either Hispanic or Not Hispanic, regardless of race. *Not Applicable* (X) is <u>not</u> allowed for person victim types [Individual (I), Firefighter (A), Law Enforcement Officer (L)].

Valid Ethnic Origin choices for person victims are:

- H Hispanic/Latino
- N Not Hispanic/Latino
- R Not Reported
- U Unknown

See Data Element #44 VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 478 Use valid choice for VICTIM RESIDENCE STATUS

Enter a valid Victim Residence Status choice for each victim.

Not Applicable (77) must be entered for the following Victim Types: Business (B), Financial Institution (F). Government (G), Religious Organization (R). Society/Public (S), Other (O), or Unknown (U).

If the Victim Type is Individual (I), Firefighter (A) or Law Enforcement Officer (L), then the Victim Residence Status must be one of the following variables:

01 = Resident

02 = Commuter

03 = Tourist

04 = Military

05 = Student

06 = Temporary Resident/Foreign National

07 = Other Status

08 = Homeless

88 = Not Reported

99 = Unknown

EXAMPLE 1: If the victim was robbed in White Plains, NY, where he resides, select *Resident* (01). EXAMPLE 2: The victim was a Mexican citizen working as a migrant worker and temporarily residing in the town where his radio was stolen. Select *Temporary Resident/Foreign National* (06).

See Data Element #45 VICTIM RESIDENCE STATUS.

#### 480 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK must be numeric digits with zero left-fill

VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK reports that there is a connection between the victim and one or more offenders in the incident. The primary or lead offender is numbered 001, the next one 002, the next 003, and so forth up to 10. If no primacy of offenders is apparent, number them arbitrarily. Up to 10 offenders can be linked with victims.

VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK exists between persons only: it used to link individual victims to offenders who victimized them. Thus, if the victim is not an individual person, all occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK must be entered as *Not Applicable* (777).

Use Not Applicable to fill multiple occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK when fewer than 10 offenders are involved in the victimization of an individual victim.

EXAMPLE 1: If Victim 001's relationship to Offender 004 is to be reported, enter 004 in the first occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK for the first victim, and enter all remaining occurrences as *Not Applicable* (777).

EXAMPLE 2: If the victim was being linked to two offenders, numbered 001 and 005, the first occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK would have 001 entered, the second occurrence would have 005 entered, and the remaining eight occurrences would be filled with *Not Applicable* (777).

See Data Element #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 482 VICTIM /OFFENDER LINK can be Unknown only in the first occurrence

VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK is used <u>only</u> to link individual victims to offenders who victimized them. Thus, if the victim is not an individual person [VICTIM TYPE = *Business* (B), *Financial Institution* (F), *Government* (G), *Religious Organization* (R), *Society/Public* (S), *Other* (O), *or Unknown* (U)], then all occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK must be entered as *Not Applicable* (777).

If the victim is a person, and the offender is unknown, the first occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK must contain *Unknown* (999). All occurrences afterward are *Not Applicable* (777).

See Data Element #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK.

## 484 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK with Unknown Offender in first occurrence requires all successive occurrences be Not Applicable

VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK is used <u>only</u> to link individual victims to offenders who victimized them. Thus, if the victim is not an individual person, all occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK must be entered as *Not Applicable* (777).

If the victim is a person, and the offender is Unknown, the first occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK contains *Unknown* (999), all occurrences afterward are *Not Applicable* (777).

See Data Element #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK.

## 486 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK of Not Applicable in any occurrence requires Not Applicable in all successive occurrences

Up to 10 offenders can be linked with a single victim. Enter a separate number for each offender as 001, 002, etc. VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK is used <u>only</u> to link individual victims to offenders who victimized them. Thus, if the victim is not an individual person, all occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK must be entered as *Not Applicable* (777).

Not Applicable (777) is also used to fill the last multiple occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK when fewer than 10 offenders are involved in the victimization of an individual victim.

EXAMPLE: If Victim 001's relationship to Offender 002 is to be reported, enter 002 in the first occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK for the first victim, and enter all remaining occurrences as *Not Applicable* (777). If there are other offenders linked to Victim 001, these must be entered before any *Not Applicable* (777) choices are entered. The only choice allowed after a Not Applicable entry in VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK is *Not Applicable* (777) in the remaining occurrences.

See Data Element #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 488 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK occurrences may not contain duplicate OFFENDER NUMBERS

VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK is used <u>only</u> to link individual victims to offenders who victimized them. Thus, if the victim is not an individual person, all occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK must be *Not Applicable* (777).

VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK cannot have any duplicate entries other than *Not Applicable* (777). Thus, an offender number (Offender 001, 002, etc.) is used only once in a VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK to connect that offender with that victim, regardless of how many offenses might be involved. This link is used only to establish that there is a connection between offender and person-victim.

Not Applicable (777) is used to fill the last multiple occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK when fewer than 10 offenders are involved in the victimization of an individual victim.

EXAMPLE: If Victim 001's relationship to Offender 003 is to be reported, enter 003 in the first occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK for the first victim, and enter all remaining occurrences as *Not Applicable* (777).

See Data Element #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK

#### 490 Every occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP must contain a valid relationship choice

An incident may have more than one victim. Victims may be persons, businesses, various types of institutions, and society. Only person victims can have relationships to offenders. If the VICTIM TYPE is one of the following:

- A Firefighter
- I Individual
- L Law Enforcement Officer

choose the most appropriate from the various NYS NIBRS relationship choices for each corresponding occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

Not Reported (88) may be chosen when necessary but should be avoided if possible. An effort should always be made to ascertain the correct relationship between the victim and the offender whenever the victim is a person. If no information about the offender is available, better choices would be *Relationship Unknown* (40) or *Stranger* (41), if they are appropriate.

Not Applicable (77) must be entered for all other occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP for the VICTIM TYPES listed below.

- B Business
- F Financial Institution
- G Government
- R Religious Organization
- S Society/Public
- O Other
- U Unknown

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 494 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP of Not Applicable in any occurrence requires Not Applicable in all successive occurrences

Only person victims can have relationships to offenders. Enter up to 10 occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP using the NYS NIBRS choices.

Not Applicable (77) is used to fill the last multiple occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP when fewer than 10 offenders are involved in the victimization of an individual victim. Not Applicable (77) is also used to fill all 10 occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP when the victim is not a person. The appearance of Not Applicable (77) after an actual relationship choice in one or more first occurrences signal that no other victim-offender relationship is recorded for this incident. Every occurrence after the first Not Applicable (77) also must be Not Applicable (77).

EXAMPLE: A gang robs a bank. Since the victim was a financial institution, not a person, there is no VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP. Enter *Not Applicable* (77) in all 10 occurrences.

EXAMPLE 2: A young man was punched in the stomach on the street and his iPod taken from around his neck. He did not know either of his assailants by name but recognized them as two older students at his school. The total of 10 occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP for this incident will contain two occurrences of *Otherwise Known* (30), and eight occurrences of *Not Applicable* (77). The entries are made in the following required order: the two relationships to the victim must be entered in the first and second occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP, as *Otherwise Known* (30). *Not Applicable* (77) must fill occurrences three through ten.

See Data Element #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

## 496 VICTIM AGE does not reflect the spousal type of relationship reported in VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP

If a VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP is reported as *Spouse* or *Ex-Spouse*, and an exact age was reported in the VICTIM AGE field, it must be greater than or equal to 10 years of age.

VICTIM AGE is checked by the DCJS system to confirm that it is within a reasonable range that is compatible with the relationship reported. If the relationship is in error, ascertain the correct VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP, correct it, and resubmit. Valid VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP choices may be found in Data Element #47. If the age was misreported, then correct and resubmit it.

See Data Elements #41 VICTIM AGE and #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

## 498 A linked Victim and Offender requires a corresponding relationship in VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP other than Not Applicable

Only person victims can have relationships to offenders. Once a victim and offender are linked in VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK, the nature of their link must be reported in VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP. *Not Applicable* (77) may not be used.

EXAMPLE: An employee assaulted his employer with his fists. The VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK connected these two individuals (employee as Offender 001 and employer as Victim 001). Since the VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP always states the relationship of the victim, this must be reported as *Employer* (25).

See Data Elements #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK and #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 499 Only one Victim Was the Offender relationship can be assigned to a specific offender

(Victim Segment) Cannot be submitted multiple times with #47-VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP = 70, when related Data Element #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK contains the same data value (indicating the same offender). Each VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP is related to a VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK designated by having the same occurrence number. The VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK will share the same code as the OFFENDER NUMBER. When the VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP is Victim Was Offender (70), the related VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK coded cannot have a duplicate value to any other VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK in the same incident.

See Data Elements #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK and #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP

#### 500 Not Applicable VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK requires Not Applicable VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP

VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK is used only to link individual person victims to offenders who victimized them. Therefore, if the victim is not an individual, all occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK must be reported as *Not Applicable* (777), and each corresponding VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP also must be *Not Applicable* (777).

When fewer than 10 offenders are involved in the victimization of an individual victim, *Not Applicable* (777) fills the unused occurrences of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK and VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

EXAMPLE: A man robs a bank of \$1700. Since the victim was a financial institution, not a person, there is no link. Both the VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK and the VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP should be reported as *Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Elements #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK and #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

## A victim can only have one spousal relationship. In this instance the victim has a VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP of spouse with 2 or more offenders.

Victim/Offender Relationship of Spouse (01) [may only be reported once per victim].

See Data Element #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

## VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK of Unknown in first occurrence requires a VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP of Unknown in the first occurrence and Not Applicable in all successive occurrences

When the first occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK is *Unknown* (777), it is not possible to have a known VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP, and the latter must be reported as *Relationship Unknown* (40). This occurs only when the original OFFENDER NUMBER was reported as *Unknown* (999) because there were no witnesses or suspects. After the initial reporting of *Unknown* (999) for both fields, no links or relationships for the victim may follow. All subsequent occurrences of both VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK and VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP must be *Not Applicable* (777).

See Data Elements #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK and #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

An offender can only have one spousal relationship. In this instance 2 or more victims have a VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP of spouse with the offender.

Victim/Offender Relationship of Spouse (01) may only be reported once per offender.

See Data Element #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP and Data Element #32 OFFENDER NUMBER.

#### 504 LEVEL OF INJURY is required for all victims identified as person victims in VICTIM TYPE

If a victim is reported with a VICTIM TYPE of *Individual* (I), *Law Enforcement Officer* (L), or *Firefighter* (A), the corresponding LEVEL OF INJURY must not be reported as *Not Applicable* (7). The LEVEL OF INJURY choices are:

- 1 = Dead
- 2 = Appeared to Be Seriously Injured
- 3 = Appeared to Be Physically Injured, But Not Seriously
- 4 = Not Injured

Use of Not Reported (8) and Unknown (9) should be avoided if possible.

See Data Element #48 LEVEL OF INJURY.

#### 505 LEVEL OF INJURY must be completed for every victim regardless of Victim Type

Every incident requires an offense, a victim, and an offender. No matter what VICTIM TYPE is reported, each of the related victim fields must have a valid data choice entered.

When the type of victim is not a person, *Not Applicable* [VICTIM AGE = 7777, VICTIM SEX = X, VICTIM RACE = X, VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN = X, VICTIMRESIDENCE STATUS = 77] must be entered in all of the fields other than VICTIM TYPE, VICTIM NUMBER, VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, and VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK.

EXAMPLE: An incident report is taken concerning a business that had suffered a burglary by an unknown offender. The incident would have an entry for Victim Type, a Victim Number, a link between victim (business) and offense (burglary), and a link between victim (business) and offender (unknown). Since the other descriptors of the victim (such as age, race, and residence status) do not apply to a business, these would be filled in with *Not Applicable* [VICTIM AGE = 7777, VICTIM SEX = X, VICTIM RACE = X, VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN = X, VICTIMRESIDENCE STATUS = 77]. The important thing is to leave none of the victim fields, including LEVEL OF INJURY, blank. Use of *Not Reported* (8) or *Unknown* (9) is allowed by the NYS NIBRS edits, however, their use should be avoided because they indicate default entries rather than affirmative ones and contribute needlessly to high proportions of *Unknown* (9) and *Not Reported* (8) data values in the agency's IBR reporting.

The use of *Not Applicable* (7) is the most appropriate because it specifically recognizes that the victim is not a person and that such descriptors as age and injury level are not relevant in this incident. When the type of victim is a person [*Individual* (I), *Firefighter* (A) or *Law Enforcement Officer* (L)]. LEVEL OF INJURY must be filled in with a choice other than *Not Applicable* (7), as explained in **Error Message 504**.

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE, #48 LEVEL OF INJURY, and #38 - #50 for all the victim descriptors.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 506 TYPE OF INJURY for a person victim must contain an injury type other than Not Applicable in the first occurrence

The TYPE OF INJURY field pertains only to physical bodily injuries suffered by person victims. If a victim is reported with a VICTIM TYPE of *Individual* (I), *Law Enforcement Officer* (L), or *Firefighter* (A), the first corresponding TYPE OF INJURY must not be reported as *Not Applicable* (77). The TYPE OF INJURY choices include:

00 = None

01 = Apparent Broken Bones

02 = Possible Internal Injury

03 = Severe Laceration

04 = Loss of teeth

05 = Unconsciousness

06 = Other Major Injury

07 = Apparent Minor Injury

Use of *Not Reported* (88) and *Unknown* (99) should be avoided if possible. If the victim died, the field should be used to report the apparent cause of death, such as *Severe Laceration* (03).

If no apparent physical injuries to the victim as a result of the crime were observed by the officers or reported by the victim or witnesses, the first occurrence of TYPE OF INJURY should be reported as *None* (00). The remaining four occurrences of the field should be reported as *Not Applicable* (77).

EXAMPLE: The offender assaulted the victim with a tire iron, breaking the victim's arm and opening up a cut about three inches long and one inch deep on his back. The first occurrence of TYPE OF INJURY should be *Apparent Broken Bones* (01), the second occurrence should be *Severe Laceration* (03), and the remaining three occurrences reported as *Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #49 TYPE OF INJURY.

#### 507 TYPE OF INJURY must be completed for every victim regardless of Victim Type

Every incident requires at least one victim. Not matter what VICTIM TYPE is reported, all of the victim fields corresponding to that victim require that data be entered. When the victim type is not one of those categories representing an individual person, *Not Applicable* (must be entered in all of the victim fields other than VICTIM TYPE, VICTIM NUMBER, VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, and VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK [VICTIM AGE = 7777, VICTIM SEX = X, VICTIM RACE = X, VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN = X, VICTIMRESIDENCE STATUS = 77]. Leave none of the victim fields blank.

Use of *Not Reported* or *Unknown* is allowed by the NYS NIBRS edits, however, their use should be avoided because they indicate default entries rather than affirmative ones, contributing needlessly to high proportions of Unknowns and Not Reported in the agency's IBR reporting. The use of *Not Applicable* is the most appropriate because it specifically recognizes that the victim, for example *Society/Public*, is not a person and that such descriptors as age and type of injury are not relevant in this victim.

When the type of victim is a person (*Individual*, *Firefighter*, or *Law Enforcement Officer*), TYPE OF INJURY must be filled in with a choice other than *Not Applicable*, as explained in **Error Message 506**.

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #49 TYPE OF INJURY, and #38 - #50 for all the victim descriptors.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 508 TYPE OF INJURY for a person victim type must contain a known injury type or Not Applicable in second and successive occurrences

The TYPE OF INJURY field pertains only to physical bodily injuries suffered by person victims. If a victim is reported with a VICTIM TYPE of Individual, *Law Enforcement Officer*, or *Firefighter*, the second and successive TYPE OF INJURY fields must not be reported as *None* (00), *Not Reported* (88) or *Unknown* (99). Valid choices are:

01 = Apparent Broken Bones

02 = Possible Internal Injury

03 = Severe Laceration

04 = Loss of teeth

05 = Unconsciousness

06 = Other Major Injury

07 = Apparent Minor Injury

77 = Not Applicable

If only one apparent physical injury to the victim, as the result of the crime, were observed by the officers or reported by the victim or witnesses, the second through fifth occurrences of TYPE OF INJURY should be reported as *Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #49 TYPE OF INJURY.

#### 510 TYPE OF INJURY cannot have duplicate occurrences of same type except for Not Applicable

When completing the five occurrences of the TYPE OF INJURY field, each of them must be a unique valid entry. Except for *Not Applicable* (77), no two may be the same.

EXAMPLE: Two men picked a fight with a third man outside a bar. The third man received several cuts from the knife used by one of the first two. Enter one occurrence of *Severe Laceration* (03) in TYPE OF INJURY, even though the victim sustained many cuts. It is the type of injury, not the number of injuries, which is entered. Fill the remaining occurrences with *Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Element #49 TYPE OF INJURY.

#### 512 VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT is required for all victims identified as person victims in VICTIM TYPE

If a victim is reported with a VICTIM TYPE of *Individual* (I), *Firefighter* (A), *or Law Enforcement Officer* (L), the corresponding VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT may not be reported as *Not Applicable* (7). Valid VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT choices are:

1 = Hospitalized

2 = Treated and Released

3 = Refused Treatment

4 = Not Treated

5 = Treated at Scene

Use of *Not Indicated in Report* (8) and *Unknown* (9) should be avoided if possible. If the victim died, the field should be used to report the level of any treatment rendered to the deceased.

EXAMPLE: The offender assaulted the victim with a tire iron, breaking the victim's arm and opening a cut about three inches long and one inch deep on his back. The victim was taken to the emergency room of a local hospital to have his arm set and the cut closed by stitches but was not hospitalized overnight. The proper choice would be *Treated and Released* (2).

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #50 VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 513 VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT must be completed for every victim regardless of Victim Type

Every incident requires at least one victim. Not matter what VICTIM TYPE is reported, all of the victim fields corresponding to that victim require that data be entered.

When the victim type is not one of those categories representing an individual person, all of the victim fields other than VICTIM TYPE, VICTIM NUMBER, VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, and VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK must be *Not Applicable* [VICTIM AGE = 7777, VICTIM SEX = X, VICTIM RACE = X, VICTIM ETHNIC ORIGIN = X, VICTIMRESIDENCE STATUS = 77].

Leave none of the victim fields blank, including VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT.

Use of *Not Indicated in Report* (8) or *Unknown* (9) is allowed by the NYS NIBRS edits, however, their use should be avoided because they indicate default entries rather than affirmative ones, contributing needlessly to high proportions of and *Not Indicated in Report* (8) data values in an agency's IBR reporting.

The use of *Not Applicable* (7) for non-person victims is the most appropriate because it specifically recognizes that the Victim Type, for example *Society/Public* (S), is not a person and that such descriptors as age and type of injury are not relevant.

When the type of victim is a person [(Individual (I), Firefighter (A), Law Enforcement Officer (L)], VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT must be filled in with a choice other than Not Applicable, as explained in **Error Message 512**.

See Data Elements #40 VICTIM TYPE and #50 VICTIM MEDICAL TREATMENT, and #38 - #50 for all the victim descriptors.

#### 514 ARRESTEE NUMBER must be numeric in range of 01 to 99

Each arrestee in an incident is to be assigned a unique number from 01 to 99. A separate Arrestee Segment containing Data Elements #51 through #65 is to be submitted for each numbered arrestee. RMS software should automatically assign and count the number of arrestee screens entered. If there is no arrestee, do NOT submit this segment.

If two persons are arrested in an incident, 2 Arrestee Segments should be submitted (one or each arrestee). See Data Element #51 ARRESTEE NUMBER.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 516 AGENCY ARREST NUMBER must be left-justified

The AGENCY ARREST NUMBER uniquely identifies the case transaction number which the agency has assigned to an arrest. The number must be 12 or fewer characters long to fit into the 12- position alphanumeric field. If the number takes up less than 12 positions, it must be entered from left to right (left justified) and the unused positions on the right left blank.

The number entered may be either the INCIDENT NUMBER of the previously reported incident or a separate arrest transaction number. Both NYS NIBRS and the FBI both accept any contributor-defined, 12-character transaction number. However, if an agency wishes also to be compatible with DCJS' Computerized Criminal History System (CCH), it should limit the number to 8 alpha-numeric characters. In this case, the final four positions on the right of the field will remain blank.

Whenever one or more arrests is reported, a separate Arrestee Segment containing Data Elements #51 through #65 is to be completed for each numbered arrestee. The AGENCY ARREST NUMBER must have a valid number entered. It may not be blank and may not contain any embedded blanks within the number assigned.

See Data Elements #2 INCIDENT/ COMPLAINT NUMBER and #52 AGENCY ARREST NUMBER.

#### 518 AGENCY ARREST NUMBER cannot be all blanks or have embedded blanks

The AGENCY ARREST NUMBER uniquely identifies the case transaction number which the agency has assigned to an arrest. Whenever one or more arrests is reported, a separate Arrestee Segment containing Data Elements #51 through #65 is to be completed for each numbered arrestee.

The AGENCY ARREST NUMBER must have a valid number entered. It may not be all blanks and may not contain any embedded blanks within the number assigned. The only blanks allowed are those used as right-fill after a number of fewer than 12 characters.

See Data Elements #2 INCIDENT/ COMPLAINT NUMBER and #52 AGENCY ARREST NUMBER.

#### 520 Use allowed characters for AGENCY ARREST NUMBER: A-Z, 0-9, hyphen, blank right-fill

The AGENCY ARREST NUMBER uniquely identifies the case transaction number which the agency has assigned to an arrest. Whenever one or more arrests is reported, a separate Arrestee Segment containing Data Elements #51 through #65 is to be completed for each numbered arrestee.

The AGENCY ARREST NUMBER must be some combination of the following characters only: letters A-Z, numbers 0-9, or a hyphen. The only blanks allowed are those used as right-fill after a number of fewer than 12 characters.

See Data Element #52 AGENCY ARREST NUMBER.

#### 522 CRIMINAL JUSTICE TRACKING NUMBER (CJTN) must be Not Applicable

To comply with the National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS), the NYS Crime Reporting Program no longer accepts CJTN number as part of a NYS NIBRS submission. Arrestee's CJTN must default to 777777777 (Not Applicable)

See Data Element #53 CJTN NUMBER.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 524 NYSID NUMBER must be Unknown

To comply with the National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS), the NYS Crime Reporting Program no longer accepts NYSID number as part of a NYS NIBRS submission. Arrestee's NYSID Number must default to 9999999J (Unknown)

See Data Element #54 NYSID NUMBER.

#### 525 ARREST DATE must be formatted as YYYYMMDD

ARREST DATE is the year, month, and day when the subject was arrested. It is mandatory and must be entered as a valid calendar date, correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

YYYY Four-digit year, e.g., 2029 MM Two-digit month, e.g., 01 DD Two-digit day, e.g., 30

This ARREST DATE of January 30, 2029 would appear as 20290130.

See Data Element #55 ARREST DATE.

#### 526 ARREST DATE must be on or after IBR start-up date

ARREST DATE is the year, month, and day when the subject was arrested. It must be on or after the start-up date for IBR submission by the local agency in order to be processed by the NYS NIBRS system and added to the state database. It must be entered as a valid calendar date and correctly formatted as YYYYMMDD.

See Data Element #55 ARREST DATE.

#### 528 ARREST DATE cannot be later than submitted IBR MONTH and IBR YEAR

ARREST DATE is the year, month, and day when the subject was arrested. It must be prior to the submitted IBR MONTH and IBR YEAR, which is the month and year of the IBR submission file being sent to DCJS.

See Data Element #55 ARREST DATE and Transmission Data Elements IBR MONTH and IBR YEAR

#### 530 ARREST TYPE must contain a valid choice

If more than one ARREST TYPE applies in an incident, report the one that best summarizes the reason for arrest. As a rule, this should be the type of situation that preceded the incident.

Valid ARREST TYPE choices include the following:

01 = Complaint

02 = Crime in Progress

04 = Court Summons

05 = Order of Protection

06 = Other

NOTE: Arrest Warrant is NOT a valid choice.

See Data Element #56 ARREST TYPE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 532 ARREST STATUS must contain a valid choice

Enter the type of release from physical custody for an arrestee. If more than one ARREST STATUS applies in an incident, report the one that best summarizes the reason for arrest. This should be the type that initiated the release. The ARREST STATUS choices are:

01 = Held

02 = Appearance Ticket

03 = ROR

04 = Cash Bail

05 = Bail Bond

06 = Police Bail

07 = Released to Third Party

Use of Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) should be avoided if possible.

See Data Element #57 ARREST STATUS.

#### 534 JUVENILE RELEASE STATUS must contain a valid choice

To comply with national crime reporting standards, "juveniles" are defined as young people under 18. DCJS forwards data on arrests of young people under 18 to the FBI, thus remaining compatible with other states in the national crime reporting program. However, under New York law, "juveniles" are defined as young people under 16. The JUVENILE RELEASE STATUS choices accommodate these age differences for crime reporting purposes.

Every arrest of a juvenile (under 18) must be accounted for by choosing the relevant code for the immediate outcome of the arrest. Adult arrest segments must include this field, as well. Only four choices are possible:

- H Handled Within Department (e.g., released to parents, released with warning)
- R Referred to Criminal Court, Family Court, or Probation Intake
- D Diverted to Counseling or Treatment Program
- X Not Applicable (arrestee is 18 years old or older)

The **Not Applicable** (X) choice is to be used only when the arrestee is an adult under New York law.

The Handled Within Department (H) and *Diverted to Counseling or Treatment Program* (D) choices may be used when the law enforcement agency, for example, arranges with the parents in a shoplifting case to pay for store merchandise stolen or damaged, or arranges for anger management class in another case, or assigns the arrestee to group counseling. These choices allow for the potentially wide range of non-court, non-intake arrest outcomes which may be available locally.

The Referred to Criminal Court, Family Court, or Probation Intake (R) choice is to be used for those young people accused of the more serious crimes, whose cases may involve formal charges.

See Data Elements #58 JUVENILE RELEASE STATUS and #61 ARRESTEE AGE.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 536 ARRESTEE AGE of under 16 requires JUVENILE RELEASE STATUS

If ARRESTEE AGE is under 16, the JUVENILE RELEASE STATUS is required and must be one of the following:

- D Diverted to Counseling or Treatment Program
- H Handled Within Department
- R Referred to Criminal Court/Family Court, or Probation Intake.

See Data Elements #58 JUVENILE RELEASE STATUS and #61 ARRESTEE AGE.

#### 538 ARRESTEE AGE of over 17 requires a JUVENILE RELEASE STATUS of Not Applicable

If ARRESTEE AGE is greater than 17, the JUVENILE RELEASE STATUS must be *Not Applicable* (X) because persons aged 18 and up are not juveniles.

See Data Elements #58 JUVENILE RELEASE STATUS # 61 ARRESTEE AGE.

#### 540 MULTIPLE CLEARANCE INDICATOR must contain a valid choice

This data element is used to indicate whether the apprehension of the arrestee resulted in the clearance of more than one previously reported incident within the agency's jurisdiction.

If more than one incident, it is important to indicate that only one arrestee was responsible for multiple clearances. This is done by entering *M* for Multiple into all but one of the Arrestee Segments involved and *C* for Count Arrestee into the remaining Arrestee Segment. If the arrest did not result in multiple clearances, enter *N* for Not Applicable.

See Data Element # 59 MULTIPLE CLEARANCE INDICATOR.

#### 542 First occurrence of ARRESTEE WEAPONS must contain a valid Weapon Type or None/Not Applicable

ARRESTEE WEAPONS is used to indicate that the arrestee was armed with some type of weapon; it is not a count of the number of weapons in the subject's possession. Record the weapon type(s) used in resisting arrest or at any other time when apprehended.

If any weapon is found with the arrestee, enter the most appropriate descriptive choice from the 19 types listed under ARRESTEE WEAPONS into the first occurrence of the field. If no weapon was present, enter *None/Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Element # 60 ARRESTEE WEAPONS.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 544 Second occurrence of ARRESTEE WEAPONS may contain only valid Weapon Types or Not Applicable

ARRESTEE WEAPONS is used to indicate that the arrestee was armed with some type of weapon; it is not a count of the number of weapons in the subject's possession. Record the weapon type(s) used in resisting arrest or at any other time when apprehended.

If only one weapon was found, enter None/Not Applicable in the second occurrence. If two different weapon types were found with the arrestee, enter the most appropriate descriptive choices for each from the 19 types listed under ARRESTEE WEAPONS in the two occurrences of the field.

If two weapons of the same type were found, they must not be entered twice: enter only one type. A maximum of two weapon types can be listed.

See Data Element # 60 ARRESTEE WEAPONS.

#### 546 Unique weapon types are required in the two occurrences of ARRESTEE WEAPONS

Each entry must be unique; duplicates of types are not allowed. Two weapons of the same kind should be entered as a single weapon type. If two different weapon types were found with the arrestee, enter the most appropriate descriptive choices from the 19 types listed under ARRESTEE WEAPONS in the two occurrences of the field. A maximum of two weapon types can be listed.

See Data Element #60 ARRESTEE WEAPONS.

#### 548 Second occurrence of ARRESTEE WEAPONS must be None/Not Applicable

If the first occurrence of ARRESTEE WEAPONS is reported as None/Not Applicable, the second occurrence must be entered as *None/Not Applicable* (77).

Confirm the actual circumstances and correct the entries. If the second occurrence contains a valid weapon type that was found on the arrestee, the weapon type must be entered into the first occurrence. If no weapon was found, the second occurrence should be changed to *None/Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Element #60 ARRESTEE WEAPONS.

#### 550 ARRESTEE AGE must be numeric in range of 01 to 99

ARRESTEE AGE requires an exact age, not an age range, to be entered. If uncertain, enter best guess.

Acceptable values are:

01-98 Exact age in years 99 Over 98 years old

EXAMPLE: The arrestee refused to give his date of birth but appeared to be 35 to 40 years old. The reporting agency entered 38 as his age, as an estimate. The record should be updated when the exact age becomes known.

See Data Element #61 ARRESTEE AGE.

#### NO. **ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION**

#### 552 ARRESTEE SEX must be Male or Female

Acceptable values are:

Male М F **Female** 

See Data Element #62 ARRESTEE SEX.

#### 554 ARRESTEE RACE must be White, Black/African American, Native American/Alaskan Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, Not Reported or Unknown

Acceptable values are:

W White

В Black/African American

ı American Indian/Alaskan Native

Α

Р Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander

R Not Reported

U Unknown

If race is in doubt and arrestee refuses to provide his/her race, the entry should be Unknown.

See Data Element #63 ARRESTEE RACE.

#### 556 ARRESTEE ETHNIC ORIGIN must be Hispanic/Latino or Not Hispanic/Latino

Ethnic Origin is not the same as race. For purposes of crime reporting, ethnic origin is defined only in terms of Hispanic and Not Hispanic. It is possible to be White (W) and Hispanic/Latino, (H) or White (W) and Not Hispanic/Latino (N). If the arrestee refuses to answer this question, enter Unknown (U).

Acceptable values are:

Hispanic or Latino Н Ν Not Hispanic or Latino

Not Reported R U

Unknown

See Data Element #64 ARRESTEE ETHNIC ORIGIN.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 558 ARRESTEE RESIDENCE STATUS requires a valid residence status

Acceptable values are:

R Resident N Nonresident

F Foreign Nonresident

U Unknown

Law enforcement agencies should base their determinations of arrestee residency on the town, city, or community where the crime occurred rather than the agency's broader geographical jurisdictions.

EXAMPLE 1: A crime occurred in Locke, NY. The Cayuga County Sheriff arrested the accused at his home in Kelloggsville in the same county. The residency code would be reported as *Nonresident* (N), even though both towns are in the jurisdiction of the sheriff.

EXAMPLE 2: A crime occurred in White Plains, NY, and the arrestee maintained his residence in that city. The entry would be *Resident* (R).

See Data Element #65 ARRESTEE RESIDENCE STATUS.

#### 560 ARRESTEE/CHARGE LINK must be numeric in range of 01 to 99

For each arrestee reported there must also be at least one ARREST CHARGE reported. The charge(s) must be linked to the arrestee(s) by entering the ARRESTEE NUMBER in the ARRESTEE/CHARGE LINK field associated with each crime charged.

Both the number and link are formatted as 2-character numeric fields. Since there can be up to 99 arrestees reported, the numbers that are valid for use in the ARRESTEE/CHARGE LINK field are 01 through 99.

See Data Elements #51 ARRESTEE NUMBER and #66 ARRESTEE/CHARGE LINK.

#### 562 ARREST CHARGE is not a valid NYS Law

All police Record Management Systems (RMS) used by NYS NIBRS agencies must contain the DCJS Coded Law File. The local agency is responsible for maintaining its system copy of the law file. Make sure that the current files are properly loaded into your system. The latest NYS Coded Law File is available on the DCJS Website at: <a href="http://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/clf/rel-db/rel-db/htm">http://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/clf/rel-db/rel-db/htm</a>.

Confirm that the correct charge was entered in the ARREST CHARGE. Every NYS NIBRS agency RMS known to DCJS provides a pull-down menu of criminal offenses that may be charged based on the NYS Coded Law File and normally doesn't require the manual data entry of the coded field itself. If the correct charge was entered and the error still occurs, the agency can check the codes in the monthly submission file. A review of the field that returns this error should show the first 21 characters of ARREST CHARGE as an exact match with an offense code from the current DCJS Coded Law File. The coding structure of the field is explained under ARREST CHARGE. The 22<sup>nd</sup> and final character of the field is the "Attempt Indicator" (See error message 564 below). For further help, contact your RMS vendor or DCJS.

See Data Element #67 ARREST CHARGE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# The Attempt Indicator following the NYS Law code in the ARREST CHARGE must be C for Completed or A for Attempted

The 22<sup>nd</sup> and final character of Data Element #67 ARREST CHARGE is the ATTEMPT INDICATOR. If the offense entered in the first 21 characters was completed, it must be filled with a *C*. If the offense was attempted but not completed, an *A* should be entered. Most systems show this as a separate field on computer screens and place the character into the last position of the field when creating the monthly submission file.

See Data Element #67 ARREST CHARGE.

#### 566 ARREST CHARGE cannot be Justifiable Homicide

09C is not a valid ARREST CHARGE. If a justifiable homicide occurs in the context of a criminal incident, it is to be reported as a separate incident without an arrest. It must not be reported as part of the crime that was being committed when the justifiable homicide took place. Therefore, justifiable homicide cases involve recording two incidents rather than one.

See Data Elements #20 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCE and #67 ARREST CHARGE.

#### 568 ARREST LARCENY TYPE requires a valid larceny type

If an arrestee is charged with a larceny offense, ARREST LARCENY TYPE must contain a matching valid larceny type selection. The classification choices below are necessary because the NYS Penal Law identifies the offense as a larceny but does not indicate detail about the *type* of larceny.

ARREST LARCENY TYPE choices are:

01 = Pocket-Picking

02 = Purse-Snatching

03 = Shoplifting

04 = Theft from a Building

05 = Theft from a Coin-Operated Machine or Device

06 = Theft from a Motor Vehicle

07 = Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts or Accessories

08 = Theft from Mailbox

09 = All Other Larcenies

10 = Motor Vehicle Theft

If no larceny was involved, check that the correct offense was reported and use *Not Applicable* (77) in this field. Use of *Not Reported* (88) and *Unknown* (99) should be minimized.

EXAMPLE: The arrestee is charged with stealing a hood ornament from the victim's car. Report the larceny type as *Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts or Accessories* (07).

See Data Elements #67 ARREST CHARGE and #68 ARRREST LARCENY TYPE.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 570 ARREST LARCENY TYPE must have corresponding larceny offense in ARREST CHARGE field

If the ARREST LARCENY TYPE field contains one of the following valid larceny type selections,

01 = Pocket-Picking

02 = Purse-Snatching

03 = Shoplifting

04 = Theft from a Building

05 = Theft from a Coin-Operated Machine or Device

06 = Theft from a Motor Vehicle

07 = Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts or Accessories

08 = Theft from Mailbox

09 = All Other Larcenies

10 = Motor Vehicle Theft

then the corresponding ARREST CHARGE field must contain a matching larceny offense. If no larceny was involved, check that the correct offense was reported and change the ARREST LARCENY TYPE to *Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Elements #68 ARREST LARCENY TYPE and #67 ARREST CHARGE.

#### 572 ARREST CHARGE is a larceny and requires a valid ARREST LARCENY TYPE

If the ARREST CHARGE field contains a valid larceny offense, the corresponding ARREST LARCENY TYPE field must contain a matching valid larceny type. The larceny type field cannot be submitted as *Not Applicable* (77) for a larceny offense. Use of *Not Reported* (88) and *Unknown* (99) should be avoided.

See Data Elements #68 ARREST LARCENY TYPE and #67 ARREST CHARGE.

## 574 Incident submitted as Initial Time Window, Update Time Window, or Delete requires valid TIME WINDOW TYPE

NYS NIBRS can process an incident that occurred prior to the local agency's NIBRS start-up date only if the agency reports it as an Initial Submission of an Inactive Incident (also known as a Time Window Submission), an Update to an Inactive Incident (also known as a Time Window Update), or a Delete of an Inactive Incident. These actions may be submitted only when specific changes have occurred in a previously inactive case, and a very limited amount of information may be submitted. The type of change being made must be reported in the TIME WINDOW TYPE field using one of the following valid choices:

- 1 = Exceptional Clearance Only
- 2 = Recovered Property Only
- 3 = Arrest Only
- 4 = Exceptional Clearance with Recovered Property
- 5 = Arrest with Recovered Property

See Transmission Data Element: TD#6 TIME WINDOW TYPE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 576 The first occurrence of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE in a Time Window incident must contain a valid NYS Law

Make sure that the charge is entered correctly and that your coded law file is up to date. The latest NYS Coded Law File is available on the DCJS website at: http://www.criminaljustice.nv.gov/crimnet/clf/rel-db/rel-db.htm.

The first 21 characters of an occurrence of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE must be an exact match with the DCJS Coded Law File.

See Data Element #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE.

## 577 The first occurrence of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE in a Time Window incident must include the Completed or Attempted indicator

If the first occurrence of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE contains a valid NYS law, the 22nd character must be C for completed or A for attempted.

See Data Element #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE.

# 578 The first occurrence of INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE in a Time Window incident must contain a valid larceny type choice

If a larceny offense was reported in the first occurrence of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE, the corresponding occurrence of the INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE field must contain a matching larceny type selection. The only type which may not be used in a Time Window is Motor Vehicle Theft.

If no larceny was involved, check that the correct offense was reported and use Not Applicable (77)in this field. Use of Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) should be minimized.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #14 INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE.

## 580 Multiple occurrences of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE in a Time Window incident must either contain valid NYS laws or be blank

Make sure that the charge is entered correctly and that your coded law file is up to date. The latest NYS Coded Law File is available on the DCJS website at: http://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/clf/rel-db/rel-db.htm.

The first 21 characters of each occurrence of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE must be an exact 21-character match with an offense in the DCJS Coded Law File. The first occurrence must always contain a valid NYS law. The second and each succeeding offense, if any, must also match laws on the file. Once an occurrence has been left blank, no further laws may be entered, and all remaining occurrences must be blank.

See Data Element #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 581 Multiple occurrences of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE in a Time Window incident must include the Completed or Attempted indicator

Multiple occurrences of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE containing NYS Laws must include the 22nd character with each occurrence. It must be C for completed or A for Attempted.

See Data Element #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE.

# 582 Multiple occurrences of INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE in a Time Window incident must contain a valid larceny type

If a larceny offense was reported in any of the second through tenth occurrences of INCIDENT/ COMPLAINT OFFENSE, the corresponding INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE must contain a matching larceny type selection. The only larceny type which may not be used in a Time Window is Motor Vehicle Theft (240).

If no larceny was involved in an occurrence, confirm that the correct offense was reported and use *Not Applicable* (77) in INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE. *Not Reported* (88) and *Unknown* (99) must not be used. If an occurrence of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE has been left blank, the corresponding INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE also must be blank.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #14 INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

Recovered property TIME WINDOW TYPE requires at least one completed Drug, Gambling, Kidnapping, or Crime Against Property offense in INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE

If an incident submitted as a Time Window has a TIME WINDOW TYPE of *Recovered Property Only* (2), *Exceptional Clearance with Recovered Property* (4), or *Arrest with Recovered Property* (5), it must have at least one completed occurrence of one of the following offenses in INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE:

#### **Drug/Narcotic Offenses**

35A - Drug/Narcotic Violations

35B - Drug Equipment Violations

#### **Gambling Offenses**

39A - Betting/Wagering

39B - Operating/Promoting/assisting Gambling

39C - Gambling Equipment Violations

39D - Sports Tampering

100 - Kidnapping/Abduction

#### Crimes Against Property

23A - Pocket-Picking

23B - Purse-Snatching

23C - Shoplifting

23D - Theft from Building

23E - Theft from Coin-Operated Machine/Device

23F - Theft from Motor Vehicle

23G - Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories

23H - All Other Larceny Offenses

240 - Motor Vehicle Theft

26A - False Pretense/Swindle/Confidence Game

26B - Credit Card/ATM Fraud

26C - Impersonation

26D - Welfare Fraud

26E - Wire Fraud

26F - Identity Theft

26G - Hacking/Computer Invasion

120 - Robbery

200 - Arson

210 - Blackmail/Extortion

220 - Burglary/Breaking and Entering

250 - Counterfeiting/Forgery

270 - Embezzlement

280 - Stolen Property Offense

290 - Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property

510 - Bribery

See Transmission Data Element TD#6 TIME WINDOW TYPE and Data Element #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 586 An arrest TIME WINDOW TYPE requires a TIME WINDOW CLEARANCE INDICATOR of either Yes or No

If TIME WINDOW TYPE contains *Arrest Only* (3) or *Arrest with Recovered Property* (5), the CLEARANCE INDICATOR must be Yes (Y) [Incident cleared by this arrest] or No (N) [Incident not cleared by this arrest]. *Not Applicable* (7) must not be used.

See Transmission Data Elements TD#6 TIME WINDOW TYPE and TD#7 CLEARANCE INDICATOR.

## 588 Time Window with non-arrest TIME WINDOW TYPE requires a TIME WINDOW CLEARANCE INDICATOR of Not Applicable

If the TIME WINDOW TYPE is Exceptional Clearance Only (1), Recovered Property Only (2), or Exceptional Clearance with Recovered Property (4), the TIME WINDOW CLEARANCE INDICATOR must be Not Applicable (7) since no arrest is being reported.

See Transmission Data Elements TD#6 TIME WINDOW TYPE and TD#7 TIME WINDOW CLEARANCE INDICATOR.

# 590 Time Window with occurrences of larceny in INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE requires a valid larceny classification in each corresponding INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE

Initiating, updating, or deleting any larceny offense in a Time Window requires citation of the larceny offense in INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and an accompanying classification of larceny in the corresponding INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE. Larceny type can never be reported as *Not Applicable* (77) once a larceny is specified in INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE.

Valid LARCENY TYPE selections are:

01 = Pocket-Picking

02 = Purse-Snatching

03 = Shoplifting

04 = Theft from a Building

05 = Theft from a Coin-Operated Machine/Device

06 = Theft from Motor Vehicle

07 = Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories

09 = All Other Larceny Offenses

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #14 INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

592 Time Window with occurrences of larceny types in INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE requires larceny offenses in each corresponding INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE

When a larceny type is entered in INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE, a larceny offense is required in the corresponding INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE. When no offense is entered, or a non-larceny offense is cited, this error message results. To correct it, enter a valid larceny offense in INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE. The following larceny types will trigger this edit error if not matched with a larceny offense:

01 = Pocket-Picking

02 = Purse-Snatching

03 = Shoplifting

04 = Theft from a Building

05 = Theft from a Coin-Operated Machine or Device

06 = Theft from a Motor Vehicle

07 = Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts or Accessories

09 - All Other Larceny Offenses

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #14 INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE.

Time Window with any valid entries in occurrences two through ten of INCIDENT/ COMPLAINT OFFENSE requires corresponding INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE entries

If a Time Window incident contains any law citation in occurrences two through ten of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE, INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE must also contain an entry. If the offense field is not blank, the corresponding larceny type field must not be blank. If the offense field contains a law citation other than a larceny (23A, 23B, 23C, 23D, 23F, 23G, or 23H), then INCIDENT LARCENY OFFENSE should = Not *Applicable* (77).

See Data Element #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #14 INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE.

596 Time Window with any blank in occurrences two through ten of INCIDENT/ COMPLAINT OFFENSE requires a matching blank in corresponding INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE

See Data Element #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #14 INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 600 Incident contains a segment with an invalid SEGACT code; check all segments in incident

Every NYS NIBRS file submitted to DCJS by a local agency is made up of data records extracted from the crime incidents on the agency's Records Management System (RMS). Each file has a beginning record called the "Header Segment" and an ending record called the "Trailer Segment." Between the Header and the Trailer, each incident is made up of other segments containing different types of information. They are Administrative, Offense, Property, Offender, Victim, Arrestee, Arrest Charge, and Time Window segments. The type and number of segments depend on the crime being reported.

In addition to the incident data it contains, each segment repeats the data that identifies the agency, reporting dates, incident, segment type (SEGTYPE), and directions for what is to be done with the incident data by NYS NIBRS (SEGACT). If error message 600 appears, one of the segments has an invalid SEGACT code, meaning that the directions field has been left blank or contains something other than the choices listed below.

#### Valid SEGACT codes are:

- I Initial "Active" Incident Submission
- R Replace "Active" Incident Submission
- A Add Arrestee Segment for "Active" Incident
- D Delete Segment
- W Initial "Inactive" Incident Submission (Time Window Submission)
- U Update to "Inactive" Incident Submission (Time Window Update)

These codes are generated by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. If the correct choices were data entered and the error message was received, contact the RMS vendor, or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 602 All segments within an incident must have the same SEGACT code

Each active incident may contain as many as 7 segment types. Regardless of whether it is the *Initial* (I) submission, a *Replacement* (R), a *Delete* (D) or an *Add Arrestee* (A), it must have an internally consistent SEGACT code.

For example, if it is a replacement incident, all the segments must be coded *R*, and the incident cannot have an Arrestee Segment coded as *A* for Add Arrestee. A SEGACT of *A* would be used only when adding an arrestee to a previously submitted active incident.

This error message is generated when one or more segments in an incident have blank or conflicting SEGACT codes. Check for the intended code and for segment consistency with it. These codes are generated by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. For further help, contact the RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## An Initial or Replace Active Incident may include only segments containing SEGTYPE codes 1 through 7

If an incident is either an Initial Active Incident (SEGACT = I) or a Replace Active Incident (SEGACT = R), segment types used may only include SEGTYPE codes 1-7. Codes for Time Window (8), Header (0), and Trailer (9) segments may not be used.

These codes are generated by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. If the correct data was entered and SEGTYPE codes are wrong, contact the RMS vendor or call DCJS.

Valid SEGTYPE codes are:

- 1 Administrative Segment
- 2 Offense Segment
- 3 Property Segment
- 4 Offender Segment
- 5 Victim Segment
- 6 Arrestee Segment
- 7 Arrest Charge Segment

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 606 Add Arrestee submitted for an Active Incident may include only Arrestee and Arrest Charge segments

An incident submitted to add an arrest to a previously reported incident (SEGACT = A) must contain only Arrestee Segments (SEGTYPE 6) and Arrest Charge Segments (SEGTYPE 7). These codes are generated by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. If the correct data was entered but codes are wrong, contact the RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

## 608 Initial or Updating Time Window submissions may include only Administrative, Property, Arrestee, Arrest Charge or Time Window Segments

An incident submitted as either an Initial Inactive Incident (Time Window) (SEGACT is W) or as an Update Inactive Incident (Time Window Update) (SEGACT is U) may contain only one of these SEGTYPEs:

- 1 Administrative Segment
- 3 Property Segment
- 6 Arrestee Segment
- 7 Arrest Charge Segment
- 8 Time Window Segment

These codes are generated by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. If the correct data was entered but codes are wrong contact the RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 610 When deleting an incident, only a single Administrative Segment or Time Window Segment may be used

All segments of an active incident are linked to the Administrative (1) segment. It contains all the identifying information for the processing program to find the intended incident. Submitting it with a SEGACT of D will delete the entire incident including all Arrestee (6) and Arrest Charge (7) Segments.

Correspondingly, the Time Window Segment (8) contains similar links for finding all segments of an inactive incident. Submitting it with a SEGACT of D will delete the entire inactive incident. No other segments are needed.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

## 612 Initial or Updating Time Window submissions must contain only one Time Window Segment per incident

An incident submitted as either an Initial Inactive Incident (Time Window) (SEGACT is W) or as an Update Inactive Incident (Time Window Update) (SEGACT is U) must contain one and only one Time Window Segment (SEGTYPE 8).

These codes are generated by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. For further help, contact the RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

## 614 Initial or Updating Time Window submissions may contain no more than one Property Segment per incident

An incident submitted as either an Initial Inactive Incident (Time Window) (SEGACT is W) or as an Update Inactive Incident (Time Window Update) (SEGACT is U) may contain one Property Segment (SEGTYPE 3).

These codes are generated by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. For further help, contact the RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

## Initial or Updating Time Window submissions may contain no more than one Administrative Segment per incident

An incident submitted as either an Initial Inactive Incident (Time Window) (SEGACT is W) or as an Update Inactive Incident (Time Window Update) (SEGACT is U) may contain one Administrative Segment (SEGTYPE = 1).

These codes are generated by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. For further help, contact your RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 617 SEGTYPE must be in range of 1 to 8. Check SEGTYPE of all segments in the incident

SEGTYPE codes are used to identify the type of segment being transmitted and to determine if the proper segment sequence has been followed for a particular type of incident submission. Each incident may include SEGTYPE only in the range of 1-8. Active submissions contain only SEGTYPE 1-7, with SEGTYPE 8 reserved for actions involving incidents which occurred and were reported before the agency began NYS NIBRS participation (Inactive or Time Window incidents).

Valid SEGTYPE codes are:

- 1 Administrative Segment
- 2 Offense Seament
- 3 Property Segment
- 4 Offender Segment
- 5 Victim Segment
- 6 Arrestee Segment
- 7 Arrest Charge Segment
- 8 Time Window Segment

These codes are normally generated by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. If the correct data was entered but the codes are wrong, contact your RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Element #TD1 SEGTYPE and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 618 An Initial or Replace Active Incident must include only one Administrative Segment

If an incident is either an Initial Active Incident (SEGACT = I) or a Replace Active Incident (SEGACT = R), it must contain a single Administrative Segment (SEGTYPE 1).

These codes are normally generated by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. For further help, contact your RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 620 An Initial or Replace Active Incident must include at least one Offense Segment

If an incident is either an Initial Active Incident (SEGACT = I) or a Replace Active Incident (SEGACT = R), it must contain a single Offense Segment (SEGTYPE 2). Every active incident submitted must have at least one offense which will generate the Offense Segment. These codes are normally generated by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. For further help, contact your RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### An incident can have no more than 10 Offense Segments

The NYS NIBRS database is designed to capture a maximum of 10 offenses per incident. If a single incident has more than 10 offenses, choose the 10 most important or most serious offenses to record. Your RMS should limit the number of Offense Segments to ten when entering data. For further help, contact your RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and Data Transmission Specifications.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### Duplicate Offense Segments are not allowed; every OFFENSE NUMBER in an incident must be unique

If more than one OFFENSE SEGMENT (SEGTYPE = 2) is present in an incident, each must have a unique OFFENSE NUMBER. These numbers are normally generated by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. For further help, contact your RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Data Element #12 OFFENSE NUMBER.

## 626 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE combination is not unique for the incident

Each OFFENSE SEGMENT must contain a unique combination of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE. The combination identifies specific offense types. Do not count how many times an offense type occurred in the incident.

EXAMPLE: Young people steal money from vending machines throughout a building. There was more than one larceny from a vending machine, but the incident must contain only one pairing of the same larceny law citation with an INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE of *Theft from a Coin-Operated Machine or Device* (05).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #14 INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE.

#### 630 Each Property Segment in an incident must have a unique PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT

The Property Segment of an incident must include an entry in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT which indicates what happened to property involved in the crime. Only one type or involvement is allowed in a segment. When more than one segment is present, each of them must have a unique PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

EXAMPLE: A thief stole tools from a garage and then set the garage afire. Police apprehended him and recovered the stolen property into custody. There would be three Property Segments, each with a different PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT: *Stolen/etc.* (07), *Burned* (02), and *Recovered.* (05).

See Data Element #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

#### 632 A maximum of six Property Segments per incident is allowed

Your RMS should be programmed to limit the number of Property Segments to six when entering data.

See Transmission Data Element #TD1 SEGTYPE and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 634 An Initial or Replace Active Incident must include at least one Offender Segment

If an incident is either an Initial Active Incident (SEGACT = I) or a Replace Active Incident (SEGACT = R), it must contain at least one Offender Segment (SEGTYPE 4). Every active incident submitted must have at least one offender.

If the offender is unknown, it should be entered as such to generate the required segment. The information can be updated later if the identity of the offender is established.

The SEGACT and SEGTYPE codes are normally generated by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. If an offender has been reported and these codes are not correct, contact your RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### Duplicate OFFENDER NUMBER in incident is not allowed; each must be unique

Every incident must include an Offender Segment containing an OFFENDER NUMBER and other identifying information. Normally the agency RMS automatically counts the number of offenders entered and assigns a number from 001 to a maximum of 099.

If more than one offender has been correctly entered and the numbers are not unique, contact the RMS vendor for further help. If the offender is unknown and reported as such, the field should contain 999 until the offender is identified and the incident is updated.

See Data Element #32 OFFENDER NUMBER.

#### 638 A maximum of 99 OFFENDER SEGMENTS is allowed in an incident

If your RMS doesn't allow up to 99 offenders or allows greater than 99, contact your RMS vendor for further help.

See Data Element #32 OFFENDER NUMBER.

#### 640 If OFFENDER NUMBER is Unknown, no other offenders are allowed for the incident

If incident has an OFFENDER NUMBER 999 for Unknown, no other Offender Segments can be included in the incident. If your RMS allows more than one Unknown offender, contact the RMS vendor for further help.

See Data Element #32 OFFENDER NUMBER.

#### 642 At least one Victim Segment is required for an Initial Active or Replace Active Incident

Every incident must have at least one victim reported. Entering the VICTIM NUMBER and identifying data creates the required Victim Segment. That segment contains all the fields required to describe the victim.

See Transmission Data Element #TD1 SEGTYPE and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

#### Duplicate VICTIM NUMBER in incident is not allowed; each must be unique

Every incident must include at least one Victim Segment containing a VICTIM NUMBER and other identifying information. Normally the agency RMS automatically counts the number of victims entered and assigns a number from 001 to a maximum of 999. A separate Victim Segment must be submitted for each numbered victim. If multiple victims have been correctly entered and the numbers are not unique, contact your RMS vendor for further help.

See Data Element #38 VICTIM NUMBER, Transmission Data Element #TD1 SEGTYPE, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 646 Maximum of 999 Victim Segments per incident

No more than 999 victims may be included in any one incident. Each of the victims must be assigned a unique victim number from 001 to 999. A separate Victim Segment must be submitted for each numbered victim. No two segments may contain the same VICTIM NUMBER for the incident. Most agency RMS will automatically assign and count the number of victim segments centered.

See Data Element #38 VICTIM NUMBER, Transmission Data Element #TD1 SEGTYPE, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 648 Duplicate ARRESTEE NUMBER in incident is not allowed; each must be unique

Every Arrestee must have an ARRESTEE NUMBER. If more than one arrestee is reported for an incident, each must be assigned a unique ARRESTEE NUMBER. Normally the agency RMS automatically counts the number of arrestees entered and assigns a number from 01 to a maximum of 99. A separate Arrestee Segment must be submitted for each numbered arrestee. If multiple arrestees have been correctly entered and the numbers are not unique, contact the RMS vendor for further help.

See Data Element #51 ARRESTEE NUMBER, Transmission Data Element #TD1 SEGTYPE, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

# An INCIDENT CASE STATUS of a Clearance by Exceptional Means does not allow the inclusion of an Arrestee Segment

If the INCIDENT CASE STATUS was one of the valid Clearance by Exceptional Means choices, no arrests may be reported for the incident and no Arrestee Segments may be present. To clear an offense by exceptional means, all of the following four conditions must be met:

- the investigation must have established the identity of at least one offender.
- sufficient probable cause must have been developed to support the arrest, charging, and prosecution of the offender.
- the exact location of the offender must be known so that an arrest could be made; and
- one of the following reasons outside the control of law enforcement prevents the arrest:
  - 10 = Death of Offender
  - 11 = Prosecution Declined
  - 12 = Extradition Denied
  - 13 = Victim Refuses to Cooperate
  - 14 = No Court Referral (Juvenile Only).

See Data Element #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS, Transmission Data Element #TD1 SEGTYPE, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

#### An INCIDENT CASE STATUS of Clearance by Arrest requires an Arrestee Segment

If the INCIDENT CASE STATUS was either *Cleared by Arrest - Adult* (01), or *Cleared by Arrest – Juvenile* (02), an arrest must be reported for the incident on a valid Arrestee Segment.

The sole exception to this requirement for an arrest occurs when the Segment Action requested in the SEGACT field is Delete Segment (D). This means that a submission to delete a previously existing incident is submitted to DCJS, so no Arrestee Segment will be included.

See Data Element #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS, Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD2 SEGACT, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### An INCIDENT CASE STATUS of No Court Referral (Juvenile Only) requires OFFENDER AGE under 18

If the INCIDENT CASE STATUS was No Court Referral (Juvenile Only) (14), there must be at least one Offender Segment where OFFENDER AGE is under 18, or if age was reported as a range, the truncated average age must be under 18.

See Data Elements #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS, #33 OFFENDER AGE, Transmission Data Element #TD1 SEGTYPE, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

#### The maximum number of Arrestee Segments allowed is 99

If more than one arrest is reported for an incident, each arrestee must be assigned a unique ARRESTEE NUMBER from 01 to 99. A separate Arrestee Segment must be submitted for each numbered arrestee. Within an incident, no two segments may contain the same ARRESTEE NUMBER. The number of Arrestee Segments that can be attached to any one incident is limited to 99. Most Record Management Systems will automatically assign and count the number of arrestee segments entered.

See Data Element #51 ARRESTEE NUMBER, Transmission Data Element #TD1 SEGTYPE, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

## 656 Each Arrestee Segment must contain a unique combination of ARREST CHARGE and ARREST LARCENY TYPE

Each Arrestee Segment submitted must contain at least one Arrest Charge Segment. If more than one Arrest Charge segment is reported for an arrestee, each must have a unique combination of the two fields ARREST CHARGE and ARREST LARCENY TYPE.

If a larceny offense is being charged, the ARREST LARCENY TYPE field must contain a valid type of larceny. Larceny Type is a classification of types of theft used in crime and arrest reporting and is not identified by Penal Law citation.

If no larceny offense was involved, use *Not Applicable* (77) in the ARREST LARCENY TYPE field. Use of *Not Reported* (88) and *Unknown* (99) should be minimized.

See Data Elements #67 ARREST CHARGE and #68 ARREST LARCENY TYPE, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

#### The maximum number of Arrest Charge Segments allowed is 16

The maximum number of Arrest Charge Segments that may be associated with an individual's Arrestee Segment is 16.

See Transmission Data Element #TD1 SEGTYPE, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

# ARRESTEE/CHARGE LINK must link the Arrest Charge Segment to the Arrestee Segment last preceding it

Each Arrestee Segment submitted requires at least one Arrest Charge Segment following it, up to a maximum of 16. Each charge should be linked to the last preceding Arrestee Segment. The ARRESTEE NUMBER which was entered into ARRESTEE/CHARGE LINK must also link to the same arrestee, to confirm the match.

See Data Elements #51 ARRESTEE NUMBER, #66 ARRESTEE/CHARGE LINK, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 662 Arrestee Segment is missing corresponding Arrest Charge Segment

Each Arrestee Segment must contain at least one Arrest Charge Segment. Enter the corresponding ARRESTEE NUMBER in the ARRESTEE/CHARGE LINK on the Arrest Charge Segment(s) to link each arrestee to the Arrest Charge Segments that pertain to him or her. This segment must also contain the ARREST CHARGE and ARREST LARCENY TYPE fields.

See Data Elements #51 ARRESTEE NUMBER, #66 ARRESTEE/CHARGE LINK, #67 ARREST CHARGE, and #68 ARREST LARCENY TYPE, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

#### Arrestee Segment must be the first segment when adding an arrestee

If the agency submission file requests DCJS to add an arrestee (SEGACT is A) to an active incident previously reported, the first segment submitted for the incident must be an Arrestee Segment (SEGTYPE 6). SEGACT is used to inform DCJS processing programs of the desired action to be taken for a particular segment submission.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 666 SEGTYPEs one through five of an incident must occur in ascending order within that incident

SEGTYPE codes are used to identify the type of segment being transmitted, to determine if the proper segment submission sequence has been followed for the type of incident submission (e.g., an initial submission for an active incident), and to compute the HASH TOTAL used on the Trailer Segment to verify DCJS has accurately read an agency's submission file. These codes are normally generated by the RMS when creating the monthly submission file. If the correct data was entered but codes are wrong, contact the RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, #TD9 HASH TOTAL, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### An Initial or Replace Active Incident requires Arrestee Segments to follow either a Victim Segment or an Arrest Charge Segment

This error message appears when the segment order in the submitted incident is invalid for either an Initial Active Incident (SEGACT is I) or a Replace Active Incident (SEGACT is R). Both require all Arrestee Segments (SEGTYPE 6) follow either a Victim Segment (SEGTYPE 5) or an Arrest Charge Segment (SEGTYPE 7).

SEGTYPE codes are used to identify the type of segment being transmitted, to determine if the proper segment submission sequence has been followed for the codes type of incident, and to verify that DCJS has accurately read a local agency file submission. These codes should be generated by the RMS when creating the monthly submission file. If the correct data was entered but the codes are wrong, contact your RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

# Add Arrestee submission requires that Arrest Charge Segments follow either an Arrestee Segment or another Arrest Charge Segment

This error message results when the segment order in the incident submitted is invalid. Each Arrest Charge Segment (SEGTYPE 7) to be added to a previously reported incident must follow either an Arrestee Segment (SEGTYPE 6) or another Arrest Charge Segment. These codes are generated by the RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. If the correct data was entered but codes are wrong, contact your RMS vendor or call DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 672 Each Arrestee Segment must have an Arrest Charge Segment as the next segment in the incident

Segment order is invalid for adding an Arrestee. Each Arrestee Segment (SEGTYPE 6) must be followed by an Arrest Charge Segment (SEGTYPE 7) as the next segment in the incident.

See Transmission Data Element #TD1 SEGTYPE and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 674 Initial or Updating Time Window requires that the last segment in the incident be Time Window

An incident submitted as either an Initial Inactive Incident (Time Window) (SEGACT is W) or as an Update Inactive Incident (Time Window Update) (SEGACT is U) requires a Time Window Segment (SEGTYPE 8) as its final segment.

These codes are generated by the RMS when creating the monthly file for submission. If the correct data was entered but codes are wrong or out of order, contact the RMS vendor or DCJS.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD2 SEGACT, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 676 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK requires an Offense Segment with same OFFENSE NUMBER

Every occurrence of a VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK must have a corresponding Offense Segment with an OFFENSE NUMBER containing the identical number. Links reported as Not Applicable are the only exception to this rule.

Each victim must be linked to at least one and no more than ten offenses. The first occurrence of the VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK field must be filled with a two-digit OFFENSE NUMBER, from 01 to 75, assigned to an offense perpetrated against the victim. If the number is 1 through 9, be sure to zero-left-fill the field, e.g., 06, 03, 01.

When fewer than 10 offenses are present for the victim, all the unused occurrences following the last offense entered must be coded as Not Applicable.

See Data Elements #12 OFFENSE NUMBER, #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

# 678 Every Offense Segment present in the incident must be linked through a VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK to at least one Victim Segment

Every valid Offense Segment must have a corresponding Victim Segment, with a VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK containing a number identical to its OFFENSE NUMBER.

Each victim must be linked to at least one and no more than ten offenses. The first occurrence of the VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK field must be filled with a two-digit OFFENSE NUMBER assigned to an offense perpetrated against the victim. When fewer than 10 offenses are present for the victim, all the unused occurrences following the last offense entered must be coded as Not Applicable.

See Data Elements #12 OFFENSE NUMBER and #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK: Transmission Data Element #TD1 SEGTYPE and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

#### Only one VICTIM TYPE of Society/Public is allowed per incident

There cannot be more than one Victim Segment containing a VICTIM TYPE of Society/Public in a single incident.

See Data Element #40 VICTIM TYPE, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

## 682 BIAS CRIME TYPE requires a valid Hate Crime Offense. See NYS NIBRS Error Messages and Explanations.

When the Bias Crime Type is a specified bias motivation, then at least one of the charges must be PL 240.30 03, PL 240.31 all subs: (01, 02, 03, 04, and 05), PL 490.10, 490.15, 490.20, 490.25, 490.27, 490.28 490.30, 490.35, 490.37, 490.40, 490.45, 490.47, 490.50, 490.55, or a valid Hate Crime as defined by PL 485.00 (See chart in Appendix B).

See Data Element #11-BIAS CRIME TYPE, Data Element #13-INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE, PL 240.30 03, PL 240.31 all subs: (01, 02, 03, 04, and 05), PL 490.10, 490.15, 490.20, 490.25, 490.27, 490.28 490.30, 490.35, 490.37, 490.40, 490.45, 490.47, 490.50, 490.55, or a valid Hate Crime as defined by PL 485.00 (See chart in Appendix B).

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 683 INCIDENT /COMPLAINT OFFENSE is a valid hate crime and requires a specific bias in BIAS CRIME TYPE (occurrence 1)

If an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is PL 240.30 03, PL 240.31 (01, 02, 03, 04, 05), or a valid Hate Crime as defined by PL 485.00 (See chart in Appendix B), then the first occurrence of Bias Crime Type must not be *No Bias/Not Applicable* (77), *Not Reported by Agency* (88), or *Motivation of the Perpetrator Unknown* (99).

See Data Element #11-BIAS CRIME TYPE, Data Element #13-INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE, PL 240.30 03, PL 240.31 all subs: (01, 02, 03, 04, and 05), or a valid Hate Crime as defined by PL 485.00 (See chart in Appendix B)

\*The NYS Coded Law file has a Hate Crime Indicator column. If the Hate Crime indicator = 1 or 2, then the offense is a hate crime. If the Hate Crime Indicator = 0, the offense is not a hate crime.

#### 684 VICTIM TYPE of Society/Public must be linked only to Crime Against Society.

A VICTIM TYPE of Society/Public requires that every corresponding offense to which it is linked must have an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE field containing a NYS law citation which is classified as one of the following:

35A - Drug/Narcotic Violations

35B - Drug Equipment Violations

39A - Betting/Wagering

39B - Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling

39C - Gambling Equipment Violations

39D - Sports Tampering

40A - Prostitution

40B - Assisting/Promoting Prostitution

40C - Purchasing Prostitution

370 - Pornography/Obscene Material

520 - Weapons Law Violations

720 - Animal Cruelty

90B - Curfew/Loitering/Vagrancy

90C - Disorderly Conduct

90D - Driving Under the Influence

90F - Family Offense

90G - Liquor Law Violations

90J - Trespass of Real Property

90Z - All Other Offenses

999 - Do Not Count

See Data Elements #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK and #40 VICTIM TYPE, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 685 VICTIM TYPE of Law Enforcement must be linked only to LEOKA Related Offense

If the VICTIM TYPE is Law Enforcement Officer (L), then a VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK must have a corresponding Offense segment where the INCIDENT/COMPLINT OFFENSE is 09A-Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter, 13A-Aggravated Assault, 13B-Simple Assault, or 13C-Intimidation.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK and #40 VICTIM TYPE

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### The Offender Segment referenced in VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK must be present

A VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK must have a corresponding Offender Segment with an OFFENDER NUMBER identical number to the one entered in the link.

See Data Elements #32 OFFENDER NUMBER and #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK.

## Time Window Administrative Segment requires INCIDENT CASE STATUS of Clearance by Exceptional Means and valid date in INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE

An Administrative Segment submitted as either an Initial Inactive Incident (Time Window) or as an Update Inactive Incident (Time Window Update) must contain a valid INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE and an INCIDENT CASE STATUS containing one of the exceptional clearances:

10 = Death of Offender

11 = Prosecution Declined

12 = Extradition Denied

13 = Victim Refuses to Cooperate

14 = No Court Referral (Juvenile Only)

See Data Elements #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS and #8 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE, and NYS NIBRS Data Transmission Specifications.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## Property Segment cannot be submitted without specified offense. See NYS NIBRS Error Messages and Explanations.

If the incident does not contain at least one the offenses specified below, no property segment should be reported.

- 35A Drug/Narcotic Violations
- 35B Drug Equipment Violations
- 39A Betting/Wagering
- 39B Operating, Promoting, Assisting Gambling
- 39C Gambling Equipment Violations
- 39D Sports Tampering
- 100 Kidnapping/Abduction
- 23A Pocket-Picking
- 23B Purse-Snatching
- 23C Shoplifting,
- 23D Theft from a Building
- 23E Theft from a Coin-Operated Machine or Device
- 23F Theft from a Motor Vehicle
- 23G Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts or Accessories
- 23H All Other Larceny Offenses
- 26A False Pretense/Swindle/Confidence Game
- 26B Credit Card/ATM Fraud
- 26C Impersonation
- 26D Welfare Fraud
- 26E Wire Fraud
- 26F Identity Theft
- 26G Hacking/Computer Invasion
- 120 Robbery
- 200 Arson
- 210 Extortion/Blackmail
- 220 Burglary/Breaking and Entering
- 240 Motor Vehicle Theft
- 250 Counterfeiting/Forgery
- 270 Embezzlement
- 280 Stolen Property Offenses
- 290 Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property
- 510 Bribery

See Data Element #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

Attempted Drug, Gambling, Kidnapping/Abduction, or Crime Against Property offense requires a Property Segment with PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of None/Not Applicable

If any offense in an incident is an **attempted** Crime Against Property or certain other **attempted** offense types (Gambling, Drug, and Kidnapping/Abduction), the incident must have at least one Property Segment and PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT should be *None/Not Applicable* (01).

#### **Drug/Narcotic Offenses**

35A - Drug/Narcotic Violations

35B - Drug Equipment Violations

#### Gambling Offenses

39A - Betting/Wagering

39B - Operating/Promoting/assisting Gambling

39C - Gambling Equipment Violations

39D - Sports Tampering

100 - Kidnapping/Abduction

#### Crime Against Property

23A - Pocket-Picking

23B - Purse-Snatching

23C - Shoplifting

23D - Theft from Building

23E - Theft from Coin-Operated Machine/Device

23F - Theft from Motor Vehicle

23G - Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories

23H - All Other Larceny Offenses

240 - Motor Vehicle Theft

26A - False Pretense/Swindle/Confidence Game

26B - Credit Card/ATM Fraud

26C - Impersonation

26D - Welfare Fraud

26E - Wire Fraud

26F - Identity Theft

26G - Hacking/Computer Invasion

120 - Robbery

200 - Arson

210 - Blackmail/Extortion

220 - Burglary/Breaking and Entering

250 - Counterfeiting/Forgery

270 - Embezzlement

280 - Stolen Property Offense

290 - Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property

510 - Bribery

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 692 Completed Drug Equipment Violations require PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of None/Not Applicable or Seized

An incident with a <u>completed</u> Drug Equipment Violation (35B) (must have at least one Property Segment with PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT reported as *None/Not Applicable* (01) (or *Seized* (06).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

### 693 Completed Drug/Narcotic Violations require Seized PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, Drug PROPERTY TYPE and a valid DRUG TYPE

An incident with a <u>completed</u> <u>Drug/Narcotic Violation</u> (35A) must have at least one Property Segment with a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of <u>Seized</u> (06); a PROPERTY TYPE of <u>Drugs/Narcotics</u> (26); and a first DRUG TYPE occurrence of something other than <u>None/Not Applicable</u> (00).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #29 DRUG TYPE.

#### 694 Completed Drug or Gambling offenses require PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Seized

A **completed** Drug/Narcotic Violation (35A), Betting/Wagering (39A), Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling (39B), Gambling Equipment Violations (39C), or Sports Tampering (39D) must have at least one Property Segment with a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Seized (06).

See Data Element #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

## 698 Completed Kidnapping/Abduction, Burglary, or Bribery offense requires PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of None/Not Applicable, Recovered, Stolen, or Unknown

If an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is a *completed* Kidnapping/Abduction (100), Burglary/Breaking and Entering (220) or Bribery (510), the incident must have at least one Property Segment with a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of None/Not Applicable (01), Recovered (05), Stolen/etc. (07), or Unknown (99). Use of Not Reported (88) and Unknown (99) should be avoided if possible.

See Data Element #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

700 Completed Larceny (23A – 23H), Fraud (26A – 26G), Robbery, Extortion/Blackmail, Motor Vehicle Theft, or Embezzlement requires PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of either Recovered or Stolen

If an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is a completed property crime type, the incident must have at least one PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of *Recovered* (05) or *Stolen/etc.* (07).

Crime Against Property

23A - Pocket-Picking

23B - Purse-Snatching

23C - Shoplifting

23D - Theft from Building

23E - Theft from Coin-Operated Machine/Device

23F - Theft from Motor Vehicle

23G - Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories

23H - All Other Larceny Offenses

26A - False Pretense/Swindle/Confidence Game

26B - Credit Card/ATM Fraud

26C - Impersonation

26D - Welfare Fraud

26E - Wire Fraud

26F - Identity Theft

26G - Hacking/Computer Invasion

120 - Robbery

210 - Blackmail/Extortion

240 - Motor Vehicle Theft

270 – Embezzlement

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

## 701 Victim linked to Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter cannot be linked to Negligent Manslaughter, Aggravated Assault, Simple Assault, or Intimidation

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 09A (*Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter*) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDEN/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 09B (*Negligent Manslaughter*), 13A (*Aggravated Assault*), 13B (*Simple Assault*), or 13C (*Intimidation*) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

#### 702 Completed Arson offense requires PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Burned

If any INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is a **completed** 200 (*Arson*) must have at least one PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of *Burned* (02).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 703 Victim linked to Negligent Manslaughter cannot be linked to Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter, Aggravated Assault, Simple Assault, or Intimidation

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 09B (Negligent Manslaughter) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDEN/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 09A (Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter), 13A (Aggravated Assault), 13B (Simple Assault), or 13C (Intimidation) because these offenses are mutually exclusive.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK.

## 704 Completed Counterfeiting/Forgery offense requires PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Counterfeited/Forged, Recovered, or Seized

If an occurrence of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE shows a *completed* 250 (*Counterfeiting/Forgery*), the incident must have at least one PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of *Counterfeited/Forged* (03), *Recovered* (05), or *Seized* (06).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

## 705 Victim linked to Rape cannot be linked to Fondling, Aggravated Assault, Simple Assault, Intimidation, Incest, or Statutory Rape

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 11A (*Rape*) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 11D (*Fondling*), 13A (*Aggravated Assault*), 13B (*Simple Assault*), 13C (*Intimidation*), 36A (*Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts*), or 36B (*Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude*) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155)

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

### 706 Completed Stolen Property Offense requires PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Recovered

If an occurrence of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE shows a *completed* 280 (*Stolen Property Offense*), the incident must have at least one PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Recovered (05).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 707 Victim linked to Sodomy cannot be linked to Fondling, Aggravated Assault, Simple Assault, Intimidation, Incest, or Statutory Rape

The victim of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 11B (Sodomy) cannot simultaneously be the victim of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 11D (Fondling), 13A (Aggravated Assault), 13B (Simple Assault), 13C (Intimidation), 36A (Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts), or 36B (Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude) because these offenses are mutually exclusive.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

## 708 Completed Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property requires PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Destroyed/Damaged/Vandalized

If an occurrence of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE shows a *completed* 290 (*Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property*), the incident must have at least one PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of *Destroyed/Damaged/ Vandalized* (04).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

## 709 Victim linked to Sex Assault w/Object cannot be linked to Fondling, Aggravated Assault, Simple Assault, Intimidation, Incest, or Statutory Rape

The victim of an of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 11C (Sex Assault w/Object) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 11D (Fondling), 13A (Aggravated Assault), 13B (Simple Assault), 13C (Intimidation), 36A (Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts), or 36B (Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude) because these offenses are mutually exclusive.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

## 710 Victim linked to Fondling cannot be linked to Rape, Sodomy, Sex Assault w/Object, Simple Assault, Intimidation, Incest, or Statutory Rape

The victim of an of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 11D (Fondling) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 11A (Rape), 11B (Sodomy), 11C (Sex Assault w/Object), 13B (Simple Assault), 13C (Intimidation), 36A (Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts), or 36B (Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude), because these offenses are mutually exclusive.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

711 Victim linked to Robbery cannot be linked to Aggravated Assault, Simple Assault, Intimidation, any Larceny (23A-23H), or Motor Vehicle Theft

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 120 (*Robbery*) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an of INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 13A (*Aggravated Assault*), 13B (*Simple Assault*), 13C (*Intimidation*), 23A (*Pocket-Picking*), 23B (*Purse-Snatching*), 23C (Shoplifting), 23D (Theft from a Building), 23E (*Theft from a Coin-Operated Machine/Device*), 23F (*Theft from a Motor Vehicle*), 23G (*Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts or Accessories*), 23H (*All Other Larceny Offenses*) or 240 (Motor Vehicle Theft) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

## 712 Recovered Property must also be submitted as Stolen, except when the incident includes a Counterfeiting/Forgery Offense or Stolen Property Offense

Normally no property may be reported as recovered which has not been previously reported as stolen. However, several different sets of circumstances can change how it should be reported:

- If the property was stolen and recovered in the same active case and is considered a single incident, both must be reported together. The Property Segment contains a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Recovered (05) and identifies a specific PROPERTY TYPE. It also must be paired with a separate Property Segment which has a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Stolen/etc. (07), and the same PROPERTY TYPE as on the recovered segment.
- 2) The only exceptions to the above rule which do not require a corresponding stolen property segment occur when reporting Counterfeiting/Forgery, or Stolen Property Offenses; or when reporting the PROPERTY TYPE as *Not Applicable* (77), *Not Reported* (88), or *Unknown* (99). Use of *Not Reported* (88) and *Unknown* (99) should be avoided if possible. If property has been recovered, the general type of property should be known and reported.
- 3) If the stolen property was previously reported by your agency to DCJS in another incident on an earlier date, the original incident should be Updated with a new Property Segment to show the property recovery and any other changes such as arrests and clearance of the case. Do not submit a new incident.
- 4) If the stolen property was previously reported by your agency to DCJS in the older UCR Summary system, it falls outside the Time Window of current active IBR cases. Only a minimum amount of information on property recovery still needs to be reported to DCJS NYS NIBRS as an inactive Time Window case. This could be submitted as a Recovered Property Only, Exceptional Clearance with Recovered Property, or an Arrest with Recovered Property.
- 5) If the recovered property was never reported stolen by your agency and you have recovered stolen property originally reported by another police agency, do not submit an incident with the original offense. This would duplicate the previous reporting and leave the other agency's case with unrecovered stolen property. After notifying the other agency, your agency should submit a current incident containing a possession of Stolen Property offense, and any other new offenses that may have occurred during the recovery, to show the recovery work done by your agency.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

713 Victim linked to Aggravated Assault cannot be linked to Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter, Negligent Manslaughter, Rape, Sodomy, Sex Assault w/Object, Robbery, Simple Assault, or Intimidation.

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 13A (*Aggravated Assault*) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 09A (*Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter*), 09B (*Negligent Manslaughter*), 11A (*Rape*), 11B (*Sodomy*), 11C (*Sexual Assault with an Object*), 120 (*Robbery*), 13B (*Simple Assault*), or 13C (*Intimidation*) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

714 Victim linked to Simple Assault cannot be linked to Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter, Negligent Manslaughter, Rape, Sodomy, Sex Assault w/Object, Fondling, Robbery, Aggravated Assault, or Intimidation

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 13B cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 09A (*Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter*), 09B (*Negligent Manslaughter*), 11A (*Rape*), 11B (*Sodomy*), 11C (*Sexual Assault with an Object*), 11D (*Fondling*), 120 (*Robbery*), 13A (*Aggravated Assault*), or 13C (*Intimidation*) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NOTE: the victim of a 13B (Simple Assault) cannot be linked to a second 13B (Simple Assault)

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

715 Victim linked to Intimidation cannot be linked to Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter, Negligent Manslaughter, Rape, Sodomy, Sex Assault w/Object, Fondling, Robbery, Aggravated Assault, or Simple Assault

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 13C (Intimidation)cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 09A (Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter), 09B (Negligent Manslaughter), 11A (Rape), 11B (Sodomy), 11C (Sexual Assault with an Object), 11D (Fondling), 120 (Robbery), 13A (Aggravated Assault), or 13B (Simple Assault) because these offenses are mutually exclusive.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 716 Victim linked to Pocket-Picking cannot be linked to Robbery

The victim an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23A (*Pocket-Picking*), cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 120 (*Robbery*) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

### 717 Victim linked to Purse-Snatching cannot be linked to Robbery

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23B (*Purse-Snatching*) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 120 (*Robbery*) because these offenses are *mutually* exclusive.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

#### 718 Victim linked to Shoplifting cannot be linked to Robbery

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23C (*Shoplifting*) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 120 (*Robbery*) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

#### 719 Victim linked to Theft from Building cannot be linked to Robbery

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23D (*Theft from Building*) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 120 (*Robbery*) because these offenses are *mutually* exclusive.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 720 Victim linked to Theft from Coin Operated Machine/Device cannot be linked to Robbery

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23E (*Theft from Coin Operated Machine/Device*) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 120 (*Robbery*) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

#### 721 Victim linked to Theft from Motor Vehicle cannot be linked to Robbery

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23F (*Theft from Motor Vehicle*) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 120 (*Robbery*) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

#### 722 Victim linked to Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories cannot be linked to Robbery

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23G (*Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories*) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 120 (*Robbery*) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

#### 723 Victim linked to All Other Larceny Offenses cannot be linked to Robbery

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23H (*All Other Larceny Offenses*) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 120 (*Robbery*) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 724 Recovered PROPERTY VALUE cannot be greater than its value when stolen and cannot be Not Applicable or Unknown when stolen PROPERTY VALUE is known

If an incident has PROPERTY INVOLVEMENTs of both *Stolen* (07) and *Recovered* (05), each occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE associated with the recovered property must also appear with the stolen property. In addition, the PROPERTY VALUE of the stolen property must be greater than or equal to the value of the recovered property.

The exceptions to this rule are incidents reporting 250 (*Counterfeiting/Forgery*), or 280 (*Stolen Property Offense*), as well as incidents in which PROPERTY TYPE is *Not Applicable* (77), *Not Reported* (88), or *Unknown* (99).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

## 725 If PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is Stolen, and PROPERTY TYPE is a Motor Vehicle, then at least one offense segment must have INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE of Motor Vehicle Theft

This edit does not apply if INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is 120 (Robbery), 220 (Burglary/Breaking and Entering), 240 (Motor Vehicle Theft), or 280 (Stolen Property Offense).

If an incident has at least one PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of *Stolen/etc.* (07). with an associated PROPERTY TYPE of:

Automobiles (31) Buses (33) Trucks (34) Recreational Vehicles (37) Other Motor Vehicles. (38)

then the INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE must equal *Motor Vehicle Theft* (10). While the NYS Penal Law has a larceny offense where the property stolen must be a motor vehicle, motor vehicle theft may be reported using other penal law codes where the stolen property is not specified.

See Data Elements #14-INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

## 726 PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE for any recovered property must be on or after the INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE

If the INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE was reported as a specific calendar date, every occurrence of PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE other than those entered as *Not Applicable* (77777777) must also be valid calendar dates that are on or after the INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE.

See Data Elements #3 INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE and #25 PROPERTY RECOVERY DATE.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 727 Victim linked to Motor Vehicle Theft cannot be linked to Robbery

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 240 (Motor Vehicle Theft) or 23H (All Other Larceny Offenses) where INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE is *Motor Vehicle Theft* (10) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 120 (*Robbery*) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

# 728 Completed Motor Vehicle Theft or All Other Larceny Offenses (where the Incident Larceny Type is Motor Vehicle Theft) requires PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Stolen, and a valid Motor Vehicle PROPERTY TYPE

If an incident shows a completed 240 (Motor Vehicle Theft) or 23H (All Other Larceny Offenses) where INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE is *Motor Vehicle Theft* (10), the incident must have at least one PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of *Stolen/etc.* (07) with an associated PROPERTY TYPE of *Automobiles* (31), *Buses* (33), *Trucks* (34), *Recreational Vehicles* (37) or *Other Motor Vehicles* (38).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

#### 729 Victim linked to Incest cannot be linked to Rape, Sodomy, Sex Assault w/Object, or Fondling

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 36A (*Incest*) cannot simultaneously be the victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 11A (*Rape*), 11B (*Sodomy*), 11C (*Sex Assault w/Object*), or 11D (*Fondling*) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #39-VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK

#### 730 Victim linked to Statutory Rape cannot be linked to Rape, Sodomy, Sex Assault w/Object, or Fondling

The victim of an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 36B (Statutory Rape) cannot simultaneously be the victim an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 11A (*Rape*), 11B (*Sodomy*), 11C (*Sex Assault w/Object*), or 11D (*Fondling*) because these offenses are *mutually exclusive*.

NIBRS specifications indicate that offenses are *mutually exclusive* when they are offenses that cannot occur simultaneously to the same victim per UCR Definitions (2023.1 National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual, Appendix D – UCR Glossary Definitions, 6.30.2023, p. 155).

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 732 Completed Motor Vehicle Theft requires NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN

If an incident shows a completed INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 240 (*Motor Vehicle Theft*) or 23H (*All Other Larceny Offenses*) where INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE is *Motor Vehicle Theft* (10), then the incident must have at least one PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of *Stolen/etc.* (07), and the number of vehicles stolen entered in NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN may not be reported as *Not Applicable* (777).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE, #14-INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, and #26 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN.

#### 733 PROPERTY TYPE of Structure is illogical for Burglary or Motor Vehicle Theft

An INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE =220 (Burglary/Breaking and Entering), 240 (Motor Vehicle Theft) or 23H (All Other Larceny Offenses) where INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE is Motor Vehicle Theft (10), requires that the PROPERTY TYPE cannot be one of the following types of Structures: Structures-Single Occupancy Dwelling (41), Structures-Other Dwellings (42), Structures-Other Commercial/Business (43), Structures-Other Industrial/Manufacturing (44), Structures-Public/Community (45), Structures-Storage (46), or Structures-Other (47).

This edit is bypassed if the incident also contains any of the following offenses: 23A, 23B, 23C, 23D, 23E, 23F, 23G, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 26E, 26F, 26G, 120, 200, 210, 250, 270, 280, 290, 510, or 23H when the related INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE is *Pocket Picking* (01), *Purse-Snatching* (02), *Shoplifting* (03), *Theft from Building* (04), *Theft From Coin-Operated Machine/Device* (05), *Theft From Motor Vehicle [Not Parts/Accessories]* (06), *Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories* (07), *Theft from Mailbox* (08), or *All Other Larceny Offenses* (09).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE, #14-INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE, and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

## PROPERTY TYPE is illogical for Pocket Picking or Purse Snatching because it would not fit in a pocket or a purse

An INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23A (Pocket Picking), 23B (Purse Snatching), or 23H (*All Other Larceny Offenses*) where INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE is *Pocket Picking* (01) or *Purse Snatching* (02) requires that a PROPERTY TYPE cannot be *Farm Equipment* (19), *Heavy Construction or Industrial Equipment* (20), *Livestock* (28), *Aircraft* (30), *Automobiles* (31), *Bicycles* (32), *Buses* (33), *Trucks* (34), *Trailers* (35), *Watercraft* (36), *Other Motor Vehicles* (38), *Recreational Vehicles* (37), *Structures-Single Occupancy Dwelling* (41), *Structures-Other Dwellings* (42), *Structures-Other Commercial/Business* (43), *Structures-Other Industrial/Manufacturing* (44), *Structures-Public/Community* (45), *Structures-Storage* (46), *Structures-Other* (47), *or Identity [Intangible]* (66).

This edit is bypassed if the incident also contains any of the following offenses: 23A, 23B, 23C, 23D, 23E, 23F, 23G, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 26E, 26F, 26G, 120, 200, 210, 250, 270, 280, 290, 510, or 23H when the related Incident Larceny Type is Shoplifting (03), Theft from Building (04), Theft From Coin-Operated Machine/Device (05), Theft From Motor Vehicle [Not Parts/Accessories] (06), Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories (07), Theft from Mailbox (08), All Other Larceny Offenses (09), or Motor Vehicle Theft (10).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE, #14-INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE, and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 735 PROPERTY TYPE is illogical for Shoplifting

An INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23C (Shoplifting) OR 23H (All Other Larceny Offenses) where INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE is Shoplifting (03), requires that PROPERTY TYPE cannot be Farm Equipment (19), Heavy Construction or Industrial Equipment (20), Livestock (28), Aircraft (30), Automobiles (31), Buses (33), Trucks (34), Watercraft (36), Other Motor Vehicles (38), Recreational Vehicles (37), Structures-Single Occupancy Dwelling (41), Structures-Other Dwellings (42), Structures-Other Commercial/Business (43), Structures-Other Industrial/Manufacturing (44), Structures-Public/Community (45), Structures-Storage (46), Structures-Other (47).

This edit is bypassed if the incident also contains any of the following offenses: 23A, 23B, 23D, 23E, 23F, 23G, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 26E, 26F, 26G, 120, 200, 210, 220, 240, 250, 270, 280, 290, 510, or 23H when the related Incident Larceny Type is *Pocket Picking* (01), *Purse Snatching* (02), *Theft from Building* (04), *Theft From Coin-Operated Machine/Device* (05), *Theft From Motor Vehicle [Not Parts/Accessories]* (06), *Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories* (07), *Theft from Mailbox* (08), *All Other Larceny Offenses* (09), or *Motor Vehicle Theft* (10).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE, #14-INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE, and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

## 736 PROPERTY TYPE of Motor Vehicle or Structure is illogical for Theft from Building, Theft from Coin-Op Device, Theft from Motor Vehicle, or Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts

An INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23D (Theft from a Building), 23E (Theft from a Coin-Operated Machine/Device), 23F (Theft from a Motor Vehicle), 23G (Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts or Accessories), or 23H (All Other Larceny Offenses) where INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE is Theft from a Building (04), Theft From Coin-Operated Machine/Device (05), Theft From Motor Vehicle [Not Parts/Accessories] (06), Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories (07), requires that PROPERTY TYPE cannot be Automobiles (31), Buses (33), Trucks (34), Recreational Vehicles (37), Other Motor Vehicles (38), Structures-Single Occupancy Dwelling (41), Structures-Other Dwellings (42), Structures-Other Commercial/Business (43), Structures-Other Industrial/Manufacturing (44), Structures-Public/Community (45), Structures-Storage (46), or Structures-Other (47).

This edit is bypassed if the incident also contains any of the following offenses: 23A, 23B, 23C, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 26E, 26F, 26G, 120, 200, 210, 220, 240, 250, 270, 280, 290, 510, or 23H when the related Incident Larceny Type is *Pocket Picking* (01), *Purse-Snatching* (02), *Shoplifting* (03), *Theft from Mailbox* (08), *All Other Larceny Offenses* (09), or *Motor Vehicle Theft* (10).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE, #14-INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE, and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

#### 737 PROPERTY TYPE of vehicle is illogical for All Other Larceny

An INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23H (*All Other Larceny*) where INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE is *All Other Larceny* (09) Offenses requires that the PROPERTY TYPE cannot be *Automobiles* (31), *Buses* (33), *Trucks* (34), *Recreational Vehicles* (37), *Other Motor Vehicles* (38).

This edit is bypassed if the incident also contains any of the following offenses: 23A, 23B, 23C, 23D, 23E, 23F, 23G, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 26E, 26F, 26G, 120, 200, 210, 220, 240, 250, 270, 280, 290, 510, or 23H when the related Incident Larceny Type is *Pocket Picking* (01), *Purse-Snatching* (02), *Shoplifting* (03), *Theft from Building* (04), *Theft From Coin-Operated Machine/Device* (05), *Theft From Motor Vehicle [Not Parts/Accessories]* (06), *Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories* (07), *Theft from Mailbox* (08), or *Motor Vehicle Theft* (10).

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE, #14-INCIDENT LARCENY TYPE, and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

### 740 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED cannot be greater than the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN

The number of vehicles reported recovered must be less than or equal to the number reported stolen. This type of incident would contain both a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of *Recovered* (05) and another one of *Stolen* (07), and valid numbers entered in the NUMBER OF RECOVERED MOTOR VEHICLES field and the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN field.

See Data Elements #26 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN, and #27 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED.

#### 742 Drug Seizure Incident requires SOURCE OF DRUG DATA

If an incident involves Drugs and PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT is *Seized* (06), the SOURCE OF DRUG DATA should be shown as either *Estimate* (1) or *Laboratory Analysis* (2). *Not Applicable* (7) must not be entered. *Unknown* (9) may be used if needed but should be avoided if possible.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #28 SOURCE OF DRUG DATA.

### 744 An Exceptional Clearance INCIDENT CASE STATUS requires at least one known offender with a valid OFFENDER NUMBER

If the INCIDENT CASE STATUS contains one of the valid Exceptional Clearance choices,

- 10 = Death of Offender
- 11 = Prosecution Declined
- 12 = Extradition Denied
- 13 = Victim Refuses to Cooperate
- 14 = No Court Referral (Juvenile Only)

then the OFFENDER NUMBER in the first OFFENDER SEGMENT must not be equal to Unknown (999).

See Data Elements #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS and #32 OFFENDER NUMBER.

### 745 An Exceptional Clearance INCIDENT CASE STATUS requires at least one known offender with a known OFFENDER AGE

If INCIDENT CASE STATUS contains one of the Exceptional Clearance choices,

- 10 = Death of Offender
- 11 = Prosecution Declined
- 12 = Extradition Denied
- 13 = Victim Refuses to Cooperate
- 14 = No Court Referral (Juvenile Only)

The first OFFENDER SEGMENT must have an OFFENDER AGE not equal to *Unknown* (999)

See Data Elements #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS and #33 OFFENDER AGE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 746 An Exceptional Clearance INCIDENT CASE STATUS requires at least one known offender with a known OFFENDER SEX

If the INCIDENT CASE STATUS contains one of the Exceptional Clearance choices,

- 10 = Death of Offender
- 11 = Prosecution Declined
- 12 = Extradition Denied
- 13 = Victim Refuses to Cooperate
- 14 = No Court Referral (Juvenile Only)

it must also contain at least one offender where OFFENDER SEX does not equal *Unknown* (U) and *Not Reported* (N).

See Data Elements #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS and #34 OFFENDER SEX.

## 747 An Exceptional Clearance INCIDENT CASE STATUS requires at least one known offender with a known OFFENDER RACE

If the INCIDENT CASE STATUS contains one of the Exceptional Clearance choices,

- 10 = Death of Offender
- 11 = Prosecution Declined
- 12 = Extradition Denied
- 13 = Victim Refuses to Cooperate
- 14 = No Court Referral (Juvenile Only)

it must contain at least one offender with a known OFFENDER RACE does not equal *Unknown* (U) and *Not Reported* (R).

See Data Elements #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS and #35 OFFENDER RACE.

### 748 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE of Justifiable Homicide requires at least one known Offender with a valid OFFENDER NUMBER

Every victim that is linked to an INCIDENT/ COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 09C (*Justifiable Homicide*) must also link to a known offender with a valid OFFENDER NUMBER. It must not be *Unknown* (999).

See Data Elements #32 OFFENDER NUMBER, #38 VICTIM NUMBER, #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, and #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 749 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of None requires an attempted Drug, Gambling, Kidnapping, or Crime Against Property; or a completed Bribery, Burglary, Kidnapping, or Drug Equipment Violation

If a PROPERTY INVOLVMENT is reported as *None/Not Applicable* (01), then the incident must contain at least one INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE that is an ATTEMPTED 35A, 35B, 100, 39A, 39B, 39C, 39D, 200, 510, 220, 250, 290, 270, 210, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 26E, 26F, 26G, 23A, 23B, 23C, 23D, 23E, 23F, 23G, 23H, 240, 120, 280, or a COMPLETED 510, 220, 100, or 35B

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

### 750 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE of Justifiable Homicide requires at least one known Offender with a known OFFENDER AGE

Every victim that is linked to an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 09C (*Justifiable Homicide*) must also link to a known offender with a valid OFFENDER AGE. The offender age may not be reported as *Unknown* (9999).

See Data Elements #32 OFFENDER NUMBER, #38 VICTIM NUMBER, #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK, and #33 OFFENDER AGE.

#### 751 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Burned requires a completed Arson

If a Property Involvement of *Burned* (02) is reported, then at least one INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE must be a COMPLETED 200 (*Arson*).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

### 752 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE of Justifiable Homicide requires at least one known Offender with a known OFFENDER SEX

Every victim that is linked to an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 09C (*Justifiable Homicide*) must also link to a known offender with an OFFENDER SEX of *Male* (M) or *Female* (F). The sex may not be reported as *Unknown* (U) or *Not Reported* (R).

See Data Elements #32 OFFENDER NUMBER, #38 VICTIM NUMBER, #39 VICTIM OFFENSE LINK, #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK, and #34 OFFENDER SEX.

#### 753 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Counterfeited/Forged requires a completed Counterfeiting/Forgery

If a Property Involvement of *Counterfeited/Forged* (03) is reported, then at least one INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE must be a COMPLETED 250 (*Counterfeiting/Forgery*).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT COMPLAINT OFFENSE #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 754 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE of Justifiable Homicide requires at least one known Offender with a valid known OFFENDER RACE

Every victim that is linked to an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 09C (Justifiable Homicide) must also link to a known offender with a valid OFFENDER RACE of White (W), Black/African-American (B) American Indian/Alaskan Native (I), Asian (A), or Hawaiian Native/Pacific Islander (P). Race may not be reported as Unknown (U) or Not Reported (R).

See Data Elements #32 OFFENDER NUMBER, #38 VICTIM NUMBER, #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK, and #35 OFFENDER RACE.

## 755 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Damaged/Destroyed/Vandalized requires a completed Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property

If a Property Involvement of *Damaged/Destroyed/Vandalized* (04) is reported, then at least one INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE must be a COMPLETED 290 (*Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property*).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

## 756 When INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is a Crime Against Person, the VICTIM TYPE must contain a corresponding person type

If any INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 13A, 13B, 13C, 09A, 09B, 09C, 11A, 11B, 11C, 11D, 36A, 36B, 100, 64A, or 64B, then the VICTIM TYPE must contain a corresponding person type,

Crimes against people require person VICTIM TYPES: *Individual* (I), *Firefighter* (A), or *Law Enforcement Officer* (L).

Non-person victims are not allowed.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, #40 VICTIM TYPE, and Appendix A: Offense Code Table: Crime Against Person.

## 757 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Recovered requires a completed Bribery, Burglary, Counterfeiting, Extortion, Fraud, Kidnapping, Larceny, MV Theft, Robbery, or Stolen Property Offenses

If a Property Involvement of *Recovered* (05) is reported, then at least one INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE must be a COMPLETED 510, 210, 220, 250, 270, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 26E, 26F, 26G, 100, 23A, 23B, 23C, 23D, 23E, 23F, 23G, 23H, 240, 120, or 280.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 758 When INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is a Crime Against Property, the VICTIM TYPE must not be Society/Public

If any INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE = 23A, 23B, 23C, 23D, 23E, 23F, 23G, 23H, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 26E, 26F, 26G, 120, 200, 210, 220, 240, 250, 270, 280, 290, or 510, then Victim Type Cannot = *Society/Public* (S).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/ COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, #40 VICTIM TYPE, and Appendix A: Offense Code Table: Crime Against Property.

## 759 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Seized requires a completed Counterfeiting/Forgery, Drug (35A-35B), or Gambling (39A-39D)

If a Property Involvement of *Seized* (06) is reported, then at least one INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE must be a COMPLETED 250, 35A, 35B, 39A, 39B, 39C, or 39D.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

### PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Stolen requires a completed Bribery, Burglary, Embezzlement, Extortion, Fraud (26A-26G), Kidnapping, Larceny (23A-23H), MV Theft, or Robbery

If a Property Involvement of *Stolen* (07) is reported, then at least one INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE must be a COMPLETED 510, 220, 270, 210, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 26E, 26F, 26G, 100, 23A, 23B, 23C, 23D, 23E, 23F, 23G, 23H, 240, or 120.

See Data Elements, #13 INCIDENT COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

## 761 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Unknown requires a completed Bribery, Burglary, or Kidnapping/Abduction

If an incident has a Property Segment with a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of *Unknown* (99), then at least one INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE must be a COMPLETED 510. 220, or 100.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

## 762 When INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is a Crime Against Society it must be linked to a Society/Public VICTIM TYPE

When INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is 35A, 35B, 39A, 39B, 39C, 39D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 370, 520, 720, 90B, 90C, 90D, 90F, 90G, 90J, 90Z or 999, it must ONLY be linked to a *Society/Public* (S) VICTIM TYPE.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/ COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #40 VICTIM TYPE.

## An INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE reporting a Robbery requires at least one VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK to a person VICTIM TYPE

If any INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is a 120 (*Robbery*), then it must be linked to a VICTIM TYPE of *Individual* (I).

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/ COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, and #40 VICTIM TYPE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 768 An INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE classified as Rape, Statutory Rape, or Sodomy requires at least one known Victim with a known VICTIM SEX of Male or Female

If any INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE =11A (*Rape*), 11B (*Sodomy*), or 36B (*Statutory Rape*), then there must be at least one known victim and the VICTIM SEX must be *Male* (M) or *Female* (F).

See Data Element #42 VICTIM SEX, and Appendix A: Offense Code Table.

## 776 When VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP reflects a Spousal Relationship, the corresponding OFFENDER AGE must be greater than or equal to 10 years old

If a VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP field indicates the offender is the spouse or ex-spouse of the victim, the offender in this link must have an exact-year age entered, or an age range average of at least 10 years. If the offender's age is entered as *Unknown* (9999), the edit is not run, and no error message appears. This error message does appear when the relationship is recorded as spouse or ex-spouse and the offender's age, exact or averaged, is under 10 years.

See Data Elements #33 OFFENDER AGE, #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK, and #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

### 778 VICTIM SEX and OFFENDER SEX do not reflect the Same-Sex Relationship identified in VICTIM OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP

If a VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP indicates a same-sex relationship between these two parties, the gender entered in the OFFENDER SEX field must be the same as the gender in the VICTIM SEX field for this link.

See Data Elements #34 OFFENDER SEX, #42 VICTIM SEX, #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK, and #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

## 780 VICTIM AGE and OFFENDER AGE are not consistent with the Relationship Type of Parent or Grandparent identified in VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP

If a VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP shows the victim to be the parent or grandparent of the offender, the ages in OFFENDER AGE and VICTIM AGE must support this relationship.

When the victim referred to in an occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP is reported as the *Parent* (03) or *Grandparent* (06) of the offender, their exact age (or truncated age range average) in VICTIM AGE must be greater than the exact age (or truncated age range average) reported for the offender in the corresponding occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK. This edit is not run if VICTIM AGE is *Unknown* (9999).

See Data Elements #33 OFFENDER AGE, #41 VICTIM AGE, #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK, and #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

781 Statutory Rape (PL 130.25 and PL 130.25 02) requires VICTIM AGE must be less than 17 and OFFENDER AGE must be greater than or equal to 21.

If Victim is linked to an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE of PL 130.25 or PL 130.25 02, then VICTIM AGE must be less than 17 and victim is linked to an Offender whose age is greater than or equal to 21.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT COMPLAINT/OFFENSE, #33 OFFENDER AGE, #41 VICTIM AGE, #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, and #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK.

### Ages in VICTIM AGE and OFFENDER AGE are not consistent with the Relationship Type of Child or Grandchild identified in VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP

If a VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP shows the victim to be the child or grandchild of the offender, the ages in OFFENDER AGE and VICTIM AGE must support this relationship.

When the victim referred to in an occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP is reported as the *Child* (05) or *Grandchild* (07) of the offender, their exact age (or truncated age range average) must be less than the exact age (or truncated age range average) reported for the offender in the corresponding occurrence of VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK. If the victim is a baby (anywhere from newborn to 364 days old), he or she is considered one year old for purpose of this edit only. The error message generated when the victim's age is equal to or greater than the age of the offender. This edit is not run if VICTIM AGE is *Unknown* (9999).

See Data Elements #33 OFFENDER AGE, #41 VICTIM AGE, #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK, and #47 VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP.

#### 783 If CARGO THEFT INDICATOR is Yes, the incident must contain a Cargo Theft-Related Offense

If the CARGO THEFT INDICATOR is Yes (Y), then the incident must contain at least one INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE is

120 = Robbery

210 = Extortion/Blackmail

220 = Burglary/Breaking & Entering

240 = Motor Vehicle Theft

270 = Embezzlement

510 = Bribery

23D = Theft from Building

23F = Theft from Motor Vehicle

23H = All Other Larceny

26A = False Pretense/Swindle/Confidence Game

26B = Credit Card/Automated Teller Machine Fraud

26C = Impersonation

26E = Wire Fraud

26F = Identity Theft

26G = Hacking/Computer Invasion

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE CODE and #69 CARGO THEFT INDICATOR

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

784 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE of Simple Assault without other Crime Against Person, Robbery, or Extortion may not report LEVEL OF INJURY as Dead, Seriously Injured, or Not Applicable

If an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE =13B (Simple Assault) and the victim is not linked to 13A (Aggravated Assault), 09A (Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter), 09B (Negligent Manslaughter), 09C (Justifiable Homicide), 11A (Rape), 11B (Sodomy), 11C (Sexual Assault with an Object), 11D (Fondling), 36A (Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts), 36B (Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude), 100 (Kidnapping/Abduction), 120 (Robbery), or 210 (Extortion), then the associated LEVEL OF INJURY must not be Dead (1), Appeared to be Seriously Injured (2), or Not Applicable (77).

A serious injury should not be reported for a 13B (*Simple Assault*). Reporting a LEVEL OF INJURY = *Not Reported* (8) or *Unknown* (9) should be avoided.

See Data Element #48 LEVEL OF INJURY.

## 785 If INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE is Not Reported or Unknown, then TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE must be Not Applicable

If the INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE is *Not Reported* (88888888) or *Unknown* (99999999), then the TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE must be *Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Elements #3 INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE and #71 TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE

An INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE of Simple Assault without other specified Crime Against Person, Robbery, or Extortion must have a minor known injury in first occurrence of TYPE OF INJURY

If an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE =13B (Simple Assault) and the victim is not linked to 13A (Aggravated Assault), 09A (Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter), 09B (Negligent Manslaughter), 09C (Justifiable Homicide), 11A (Rape), 11B (Sodomy), 11C (Sexual Assault with an Object), 11D (Fondling), 36A (Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts), 36B (Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude), 100 (Kidnapping/Abduction), 120 (Robbery), or 210 (Extortion) the victim must have a TYPE OF INJURY of None (00) or Apparent Minor Injury.(07).

Not Applicable (77), Not Reported (88), and Unknown (99) may not be used in first occurrence.

See Data Elements #49 TYPE OF INJURY.

787 If INCIDENT OCCURRENCE TIME is Not Applicable, Not Reported, or Unknown, then TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE must be Not Applicable

If the INCIDENT OCCURRENCE TIME is *Not Applicable* (7777), *Not Reported* (8888), or *Unknown* (9999), then the TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE must be *Not Applicable* (77).

See Data Elements #4 INCIDENT OCCURRENCE TIME and #71 TYPE OF OFFICER ACTIVITY/CIRCUMSTANCE

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 788 ARREST DATE must be on or after the INCIDENT REPORT DATE

When reporting an arrest with an initial or replacement active incident, the ARREST DATE entered must be on or after the INCIDENT REPORT DATE.

See Data Elements #5 INCIDENT REPORT DATE and #55 ARREST DATE.

## 789 Statutory Rape (PL 130.30 01) requires VICTIM AGE must be less than 15 and OFFENDER AGE must be greater than or equal to 18.

If Victim is linked to an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE of PL 130.30 01, then VICTIM AGE must be less than 15 and victim is linked to an Offender whose age is greater than or equal to 18.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT COMPLAINT/OFFENSE, #33 OFFENDER AGE, #41 VICTIM AGE, #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, and #46 VICTIM/OFFENDER LINK.

## 790 INCIDENT CASE STATUS of Cleared by Arrest - Adult requires at least one arrestee be g 18 years of age or older

An offense is considered cleared by arrest when at least one person is arrested, charged with the commission of an offense, and turned over to the court for prosecution. In incidents, which involve multiple arrests, *Cleared by Arrest-Adult* (01) requires that at least one of those arrested is 18 years of age or older.

See Data Elements #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS and #61 ARRESTEE AGE.

## 792 INCIDENT CASE STATUS of Cleared by Arrest - Juvenile requires that all Arrestees in incident must be less than 18 years of age

An incident is counted as cleared by juvenile arrest when one or more juveniles is cited for a crime for which an adult could be arrested if engaged in the same activity, regardless of case outcome. This includes the entire range of cases in which law enforcement acts officially – from cases that are referred for prosecution in family court or even adult court, to cases handled by the department and not carried forward for prosecution or probation. If the activity is a crime, and police intervene, it is a juvenile arrest even when the official act is an appearance ticket or a conversation with, and release to, parents.

In incidents involving multiple arrests, *Cleared by Arrest-Juvenile* (02) requires that all those arrested are less than 18 years of age. If multiple arrests in an incident include a mix of juveniles and adults, the INCIDENT CASE STATUS is *Cleared by Arrest – Adult* (01).

See Data Element #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS and #61 ARRESTEE AGE

### 794 Time Window submitted with only Administrative and Time Window Segments requires TIME WINDOW TYPE of Exceptional Clearance Only

If an incident has only an Administrative Segment (SEGTYPE 1) and a Time Window Segment (SEGTYPE 8), the TIME WINDOW TYPE must be *Exceptional Clearance Only* (1).

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD5 TIME WINDOW TYPE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 796 Time Window submitted with only Property and Time Window Segments requires TIME WINDOW TYPE of Recovered Property Only

If an incident has only two segments, a Property Segment (SEGTYPE 3) and a Time Window Segment (SEGTYPE 8), the TIME WINDOW TYPE must be *Recovered Property Only* (2).

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD5 TIME WINDOW TYPE.

## 798 Time Window submitted with at least one each of Arrestee and Arrest Charge Segments followed by Time Window Segment requires TIME WINDOW TYPE of Arrest Only

If an incident has no Administrative or Property Segment but does have at least one Arrestee Segment (SEGTYPE 6) followed by at least one Arrest Charge (SEGTYPE 7) and a Time Window Segment (SEGTYPE 8), the TIME WINDOW TYPE must be *Arrest Only* (3).

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD5 TIME WINDOW TYPE.

## Time Window submitted with Administrative, Property, and Time Window Segments, but no Arrestee Segment, requires TIME WINDOW TYPE of Exceptional Clearance with Recovered Property

If an incident has one Administrative Segment (SEGTYPE 1), one Property Segment (SEGTYPE 3), one Time Window Segment (SEGTYPE 8), and no Arrestee Segment (SEGTYPE 6), the TIME WINDOW TYPE must be *Exceptional Clearance with Recovered Property* (4).

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD5 TIME WINDOW TYPE.

## Time Window submitted with Property, Arrestee, Arrest Charge, and Time Window Segments, but no Administrative Segment, requires TIME WINDOW TYPE of Arrest with Recovered Property

If an incident has one Property Segment (SEGTYPE 3), at least one Arrestee Segment (SEGTYPE 6) followed by at least one Arrest Charge (SEGTYPE 7) and a Time Window Segment (SEGTYPE 8), and no Administrative Segment, the TIME WINDOW TYPE must be *Arrest with Recovered Property* (5).

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and # TD5 TIME WINDOW TYPE.

## TIME WINDOW TYPE of Exceptional Clearance Only requires one Administrative Segment and one Time Window Segment only

If TIME WINDOW TYPE is *Exceptional Clearance Only* (1), only two segments may be present. The first must be an Administrative Segment (SEGTYPE 1) followed by a Time Window Segment (SEGTYPE 8). No other segments may be included in the incident.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD5 TIME WINDOW TYPE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 806 TIME WINDOW TYPE of Recovered Property Only requires one Property Segment and one Time Window Segment only

If TIME WINDOW TYPE is *Recovered Property Only* (2), only two segments may be present. The first must be Property Segment (SEGTYPE 3) followed by a Time Window Segment (SEGTYPE 8). No other segments may be included in the incident.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD5 TIME WINDOW TYPE.

## TIME WINDOW TYPE of Arrest Only requires at least one each of Arrestee and Arrest Charge Segments followed by a Time Window Segment

If TIME WINDOW TYPE is *Arrest Only* (3), three segment types are required: at least one Arrestee Segment (SEGTYPE 6) followed by at least one Arrest Charge Segment (SEGTYPE 7) and a Time Window Segment (SEGTYPE 8).

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD5 TIME WINDOW TYPE.

### TIME WINDOW TYPE of Arrest Only or Arrest with Recovered Property requires that every Arrestee Segment be followed by at least one Arrest Charge Segment.

If TIME WINDOW TYPE is *Arrest Only* (3) or *Arrest with Recovered Property* (5), each Arrestee Segment (SEGTYPE 6) must be followed by at least one Arrest Charge Segment (SEGTYPE 7).

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD5 TIME WINDOW TYPE.

## TIME WINDOW TYPE of Exceptional Clearance with Recovered Property requires one each of Administrative, Property and Time Window Segments

If TIME WINDOW TYPE is *Exceptional Clearance with Recovered Property* (4), three segment types are required: an Administrative Segment (SEGTYPE 1), followed by a Property Segment (SEGTYPE 3), and a Time Window Segment (SEGTYPE 8).

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD5 TIME WINDOW TYPE.

## TIME WINDOW TYPE of Arrest with Recovered Property requires Property, Arrestee, Arrest Charge and Time Window Segments

If TIME WINDOW TYPE is *Arrest with Recovered Property* (5), four segment types are required. The first must be a single Property Segment (SEGTYPE 3). Then there must be at least one segment each of Arrestee (SEGTYPE 6) and Arrest Charge (SEGTYPE 7), followed by a Time Window Segment (SEGTYPE 8).

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD5 TIME WINDOW TYPE.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 816 TIME WINDOW TYPE of Exceptional Clearance Only, or Exceptional Clearance with Recovered Property requires a Clearance by Exceptional Means in the INCIDENT CASE STATUS

If the TIME WINDOW TYPE is Exceptional Clearance Only (1), or Exceptional Clearance with Recovered Property (4), the INCIDENT CASE STATUS must be one of the following valid Clearance by Exceptional means choices: Death of Offender (10), Prosecution Declined (11), Extradition Denied (12), Victim Refuses to Cooperate (13), No Court Referral [Juvenile Only] (14).

The EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE must also contain a valid date and the TIME WINDOW CLEARANCE INDICATOR must be Not Applicable (7).

See Transmission Data Elements #TD6 TIME WINDOW TYPE, #TD7 CLEARANCE INDICATOR, Data Elements #7 INCIDENT CASE STATUS and #8 INCIDENT EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE DATE.

### 820 Initial or Updating Time Window submission with a Property Segment (SEGTYPE = 3) must have a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Recovered

An incident submitted as either an Initial Inactive Incident (Time Window) or as an Update Inactive Incident (Time Window Update) may contain at most, one Property Segment (SEGTYPE 3). This segment must include a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of *Recovered* (05).

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Element #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT.

#### 822 Duplicate incidents not allowed; Active or Time Window Incident already exists on DCJS database

An Initial Active Incident (I) or Initial Inactive Incident (W) submission will not be accepted when the same action already exists on the DCJS database for that ORI NUMBER and INCIDENT/ COMPLAINT NUMBER combination.

See Transmission Data Element # TD2 SEGMENT ACTION, Data Elements #1 ORI NUMBER and #2 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER.

#### 824 Cannot add Arrestee Segment to an incident not already on file

Incidents submitted containing only Arrestee and Arrest Charge Segments with a SEGACT of A for adding an arrestee to an active incident cannot be accepted unless the crime incident is already posted to the DCJS database. An arrestee cannot be added when there is no prior posted crime incident to which the arrest can be linked.

See Transmission Data Element # TD2 SEGMENT ACTION and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 825 ARREST DATE must be greater than or equal to INCIDENT REPORT DATE

An Arrestee Segment (SEGTYPE 6) submitted for adding an arrestee to an active incident (SEGACT of A) must have a valid ARREST DATE which is on or after the INCIDENT REPORT DATE of the original incident on the database.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Elements #5 INCIDENT REPORT DATE and #55 ARREST DATE.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 826 Deleting an inactive incident on database requires matching TIME WINDOW TYPE

A Time Window Segment submitted to Delete an inactive incident (SEGACT is D) must have a TIME WINDOW TYPE which matches that of the incident previously posted to the database. For example, if the Time Window incident previously posted included an Arrest with Recovered Property segment, the later Delete submission for that incident must also contain a TIME WINDOW TYPE of Arrest with Recovered Property.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT, and #TD6 TIME WINDOW TYPE, and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 828 Time Window Delete transaction requires matching Inactive Incident on file

A Time Window Segment submitted to Delete an inactive incident (SEGACT is D) must match an Initial Inactive Incident (SEGACT is W) or an Update Inactive Incident (SEGACT is U) on the database.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

### 830 Deleting an active incident from the database requires that the Delete Segment's INCIDENT REPORT DATE match the database incident's INCIDENT REPORT DATE

An Administrative Segment submitted to Delete a previously reported active incident must include an INCIDENT REPORT DATE that matches that of the incident already on the database. In most cases this will be the same as the INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD2 SEGACT, Data Elements #3 INCIDENT OCCURRENCE DATE and #5 INCIDENT REPORT DATE, and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 832 Administrative Deletion requires an active incident on database

An Administrative Segment submitted to administratively Delete an incident requires that the incident on the database have been posted as either an Initial Active Incident (SEGACT is I) or a Replace Active Incident (SEGACT is R). Inactive incidents must be deleted with a Time Window segment.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD2 SEGACT.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 834 Incident was posted, but it should have been submitted as Initial Active Incident, not as Replace Active Incident

When an incident arrives as a Replace Active Incident (R), the NYS NIBRS system searches the database for a previously submitted matching incident to which any new information will be attached. When no such incident already exists, the "replacement" is edited for errors and if it passes, it is posted to the database. The above message is then generated. It should have been submitted as an Initial incident (I).

The present incident was safely submitted and posted this time, but the process indicates trouble for other incidents if the practice continues. This incident may have been submitted previously and rejected because of data errors. It would not have been posted by DCJS, and if not corrected and resubmitted, would still be unknown to DCJS. If that is the case, please be sure to correct any incidents that are returned with errors that have caused them to be rejected, before submitting "Replace" incidents.

If the incident was correctly entered as a new or "Initial" incident and the codes were still generated incorrectly by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission, contact the RMS vendor.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

## Time Window incident was posted, but it should have been submitted as Initial Inactive Incident, not as Update to Inactive Incident

When an incident arrives as an Update Inactive (U), the NYS NIBRS system searches the database for a previously submitted matching incident to which any new information will be attached. When no such incident already exists, the "update" is edited for errors and if it passes, it is posted to the database. The above message is then generated. It should have been submitted as an Initial Inactive Incident (W).

The present incident was safely submitted and posted this time, but the process indicates trouble for other incidents if the practice continues. This incident may have been submitted previously and rejected because of data errors. It would not have been posted by DCJS, and if not corrected and resubmitted, would still be unknown to DCJS. If that is the case, please be sure to correct any incidents that are returned with errors that have caused them to be rejected, before submitting "Replace" incidents.

If the incident was correctly entered as a new or "Initial" incident and the codes were still generated incorrectly by your RMS when creating the monthly file for submission, contact the RMS vendor.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD2 SEGACT, and Data Transmission Specifications.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 838 An Active incident must be on the DCJS database before it can be Deleted

Deleting an Active Incident involves matching the Delete incident information with an active incident on the DCJS database. When the incident is not present, the attempted transaction is rejected, nothing is deleted, and this error message is generated.

An Administrative Segment submitted with a SEGACT of D will not be subjected to the full edit checks normally applied. Given that the purpose of a delete transaction is to remove an incident from the NYS NIBRS database, only a limited set of edits is necessary to ensure that the incident to be deleted can be identified. ORI NUMBER, INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER, and INCIDENT REPORT DATE must match the incident already on the database and the incident must be active to be deleted by an Administrative Segment.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD2 SEGACT, Data Elements #1 ORI NUMBER, #2 INCIDENT/ COMPLAINT NUMBER, and #5 INCIDENT REPORT DATE, and Data Transmission Specifications.

### 839 Time Window submitted for an incident already on database. Data must be resubmitted as an active incident

Cannot submit incident with SEGACT = *W* (Initial "Inactive" Incident) Submission or *U* (Update to "Inactive" Incident Submission) when *I* (Initial "Active" Incident Submission) or *R* (Replace "Active" Incident Submission) incident already exists on DCJS database for that ORI NUMBER and that Data Element #2-INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE and #TD2 SEGACT, Data Elements #1 ORI NUMBER, #2 INCIDENT/ COMPLAINT NUMBER, and #5 INCIDENT REPORT DATE, and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### 840 A Time Window incident must be on the DCJS database before it can be Deleted

Deleting a Time Window Incident involves matching the Delete incident information with an inactive incident on the DCJS database. When the incident is not present, the attempted transaction is rejected, nothing is deleted, and this error message is generated.

A Time Window Segment submitted with SEGACT of D will not be subjected to the full edit checks normally applied. Given that the purpose of a delete transaction is to remove an incident from the NYS NIBRS database, only a limited set of edits is necessary to ensure that the incident to be deleted can be identified. ORI NUMBER, INCIDENT/COMPLAINT NUMBER, and TWTYPE must match the incident already on the database and the incident must be inactive to be deleted by a Time Window Segment.

See Transmission Data Elements #TD1 SEGTYPE, #TD2 SEGACT and #6 TIME WINDOW TYPE, Data Elements #1 ORI NUMBER and #2 INCIDENT/ COMPLAINT NUMBER, and Data Transmission Specifications.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### ERROR MESSAGES NUMBERED 852 – 1058 ARE BASED ON NYS PENAL LAW EDITS

<u>Completed</u> offenses specified in edits 884, 886, 890-902, 906-909, 912, 915 and 924-1026 require property information and are noted by an apostrophe (\*) following the Penal Law citation in the text of their explanations. <u>Attempted</u> property offenses do not require property information and are not subject to the specific edits listed in this section.

#### 852 NYS Law citation requires a known weapon in first occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE

The following NYS law citations require a known weapon in the first occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE:

PL 120.05.02 Assault 2 - Intention to Cause Physical Injury with a Weapon PL 120.05.04 Assault 2 - Recklessly Cause Serious Injury with a Weapon

Not Applicable (77), Not Reported (88), or Unknown (99) must not be used.

See Data Element #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

#### NYS Law citation requires drugs as weapon in WEAPON/FORCE

The following NYS law citation requires *Drug/Narcotics/Sleeping Pills* (18) in an occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE:

PL 120.05.05 Assault 2 - Impairment by Drugs without consent

See Data Element #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

#### 855 NYS Law citation requires INCIDENT LOCATION TYPE of Jail/Prison

The following NYS law citation requires INCIDENT LOCATION TYPE of Jail/Prison (12)

PL 120.05.07 Assault 2 - Confined to Correctional Facility

See Data Element #15 INCIDENT LOCATION TYPE.

#### 857 NYS Law citation requires an OFFENDER AGE greater than 17 and a VICTIM AGE less than 11

The following NYS law citations require that an occurrence of OFFENDER AGE be greater than 17 and VICTIM AGE be less than 11:

PL 120.05.08 Assault - Cause injury to person less than 11 years old PL 120.12 Assault - Upon person less than 11 years old

See Data Elements #33 OFFENDER AGE and #41 VICTIM AGE.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 858 NYS Law citation requires a known weapon in first occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE

The following NYS law citation requires a known weapon in the first occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE:

PL 120.10.01 Assault 1 – With Intent to Cause Serious Injury with a Weapon

None/Not Applicable (77), Not Reported (88), or Unknown (99) must not be used.

See Data Element #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

#### 859 NYS Law citation requires an OFFENDER AGE greater than 17 and a VICTIM AGE less than 7

The following NYS law citation requires an occurrence of OFFENDER AGE must be greater than 17 and VICTIM AGE must be less than 7:

PL 120.05.09 Assault – Causing Injury to Person less than 7 years old

See Data Elements #33 OFFENDER AGE and #41 VICTIM AGE.

#### 860 NYS Law citation requires that Victim be non-participant in ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES

The following NYS law citation requires at least one occurrence of ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES in which the Victim is not involved as a participant:

PL 120.10.04 Assault 1 – with injury to Non-Participant During a Felony

The only allowable ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES are:

- 02 = Assault on Law Enforcement Officer(s)
- 03 = Dispute Among Drug Dealers
- 04 = Drug Buyer-Dealer Dispute
- 05 = Robbery/Theft from Drug Dealer
- 06 = Dispute between Drug Dealer and Witness or Complainant
- 07 = Other Drug Related
- 08 = Gangland
- 09 = Juvenile Gang
- 12 = Other Felony Involved

See Data Element #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 862 NYS Law citation requires Use of a Deadly Weapon in WEAPON/FORCE and Assault Against Police Officer in ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 120.11 Assault - On Police Officer Deadly Weapon

an occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE must contain a Deadly Weapon and ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES must be 02 Assault on Law Enforcement Officer(s). Valid weapon choices are:

01 = Firearm

02 = Revolver, Derringer or Single-Shot Pistol

03 = Semiautomatic Handgun

04 = Fully Automatic Handgun or Submachine Gun

05 = Single-Shot, Pump Action or Bolt Action Rifle

06 = Semiautomatic Rifle

07 = Fully Automatic Rifle or Machine Gun

08 = Shotgun

11 = Knife/Cutting Instrument

12 = Blunt Object

13 = Motor Vehicle

14 = Personal Weapons

16 = Explosives

17 = Fire/Incendiary Device

See Data Elements #16 WEAPON/FORCE and #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES.

### 864 NYS Law citation requires Motor Vehicle in WEAPON/FORCE and Negligent Vehicular Killings in ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 125.12 Vehicular Manslaughter 2 PL 125.12.02 Vehicular Manslaughter 2 - DWI Vehicle/ Boat

PL 125.12.03 Vehicular Manslaughter 2 PL 125.13 Vehicular Manslaughter 1

an occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE must be Motor Vehicle (13) [includes ATV & Snowmobiles] and an occurrence of ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES must be *Negligent Vehicular Killings* (34).

See Data Elements #16 WEAPON/FORCE and #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## Felony murder citation requires that Victim is Non-Participant; ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES must be reported for participants involved in underlying felony only

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 125.25.03 Felony Murder

the only allowable ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES are:

02 = Assault on Law Enforcement Officer(s)

03 = Dispute Among Drug Dealers

04 = Drug Buyer-Dealer Dispute

05 = Robbery/Theft from Drug Dealer

06 = Dispute between Drug Dealer and Witness or Complainant

07 = Other Drug Related

08 = Gangland

09 = Juvenile Gang

12 = Other Felony Involved.

See Data Element #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES.

#### 868 NYS Law citation requires homicide of police officer in ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 125.27.1Al Murder 1 - Police Officer

an occurrence of ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES must be Assault on Law Enforcement Officer (02).

See Data Element #19 ASSAULT/HOMICIDE CIRCUMSTANCES.

### 884 NYS Law citation requires Damaged in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and greater than \$250 in PROPERTY VALUE

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 145.00.03\* Criminal Mischief 4 - Recklessly Damages Property Exceeding \$250 PL 145.05.02\* Criminal Mischief 3 - Damages Property Exceeding \$250

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be *Destroyed/Damaged/Vandalized* (04), and the sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$250.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 886 NYS Law citation requires Damaged in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and greater than \$1,500 in PROPERTY VALUE

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 145.10\* Criminal Mischief 2 - Damages Property Exceeding \$1,500

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be *Destroyed/Damaged/Vandalized* (04), and the sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$1,500.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

### 890 NYS Law citation requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and greater than \$1,000 in PROPERTY VALUE

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 155.30.01\* Grand Larceny 4 - Property Value Exceeds \$1,000

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be *Stolen* (07), and the sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$1,000.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

#### 892 Law citation requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and PROPERTY TYPE of Credit Card

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 155.30.04\* Grand Larceny 4 - Credit Card

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be entered as *Stolen* (07), and an occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE must be *Credit Card* (02).

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

#### 894 Law citation requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and PROPERTY TYPE of Firearms

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 155.30 07\* Grand Larceny 4 – Firearms

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be *Stolen* (07), and an occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE must be *Firearms* (39).

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## Law citation requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, a Motor Vehicle in PROPERTY TYPE and a PROPERTY VALUE of greater than \$100

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 155.30.08\* Grand Larceny 4 - Auto Exceeds \$100

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be coded as *Stolen* (07), an occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE must be *Automobiles* (31), *Buses* (33), *Trucks* (34), or *Recreational Vehicles* (37), and a corresponding PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$100.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

### 898 NYS Law citation requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and greater than \$3,000 in PROPERTY VALUE

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 155.35\* Grand Larceny 3 - Exceeds \$3,000

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be coded as *Stolen* (07), and the sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$3000.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

### 900 NYS Law citation requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and greater than \$50,000 in PROPERTY VALUE

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 155.40.01\* Grand Larceny 2 - Exceeds \$50,000

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be coded as *Stolen* (07) and the sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$50,000.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

#### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 902 NYS Law citation requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and greater than \$1,000,000 in PROPERTY VALUE

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 155.42\* Grand Larceny 1 - Exceeds \$1 million

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be coded as *Stolen* (07), and the sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$1,000,000.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

## 904 NYS Law citation requires that OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE be Offender used computer/handheld device to commit offense

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 156.05	Unauthorized Use of Computer
PL 156.10	Computer Trespass
PL 156.10.01	Computer Trespass - Felony Purpose
PL 156.10.02	Computer Trespass - Gain Access
PL 156.20	Computer Tampering 4
PL 156.25	Computer Tampering 3
PL 156.25.01	Computer Tampering 3 - Felony Purpose
PL 156.25.02	Computer Tampering 3 - Previously Convicted of PL 165.15

OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE must be Offender used Computer/Handheld Device to Commit Offense (1).

See Data Element #21 OFFENDER USED COMPUTER.

# 906 NYS Law citation requires that OFFENDER USED COMPUTER be Offender used computer/handheld device to commit offense, PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Destroyed, and a PROPERTY TYPE of Computer

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 156.25.03\* Computer Tampering 3 - Destroy Computer Materials

OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE must be Offender used Computer/Handheld Device to Commit Offense (1). The incident must include a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Destroyed/Damaged/Vandalized (04), and an occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE containing Computer Hardware/Software (13).

See Data Elements #21 OFFENDER USED COMPUTER, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

<sup>\*</sup>Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

## NO. PRINCE SAGE AND EXPLANATION NYS Law citation requires that OFFENDER USE

NYS Law citation requires that OFFENDER USED COMPUTER be Offender used computer/handheld device to commit offense, PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Destroyed, PROPERTY TYPE of Computer, and a Property Value of greater than \$1,000

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 156.25.04 Computer Tampering 3 - Destroy Data Exceeding \$1,000

OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE must be Offender used Computer/Handheld Device to Commit Offense (1). The incident must include a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Destroyed/Damaged/Vandalized (04), an occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE containing Computer Hardware/Software (13), and a corresponding PROPERTY VALUE of greater than \$1,000.

See Data Elements #21 OFFENDER USED COMPUTER, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

909 NYS Law citation requires that OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE be Offender used computer/handheld device to commit offense, PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Destroyed, PROPERTY TYPE of Computer, and a Property Value of greater than \$50,000

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 156.27\* Computer Tampering 1 - Destroy Data Exceeding \$50,000

OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE must be Offender used Computer/Handheld Device to Commit Offense (1). Incident must also include a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Destroyed/Damaged/Vandalized (04), an occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE containing Computer Hardware/Software (13), and a corresponding PROPERTY VALUE of greater than \$50,000.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #21 OFFENDER USED COMPUTER, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

910 NYS Law citation requires that OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE be Offender used computer/handheld device to commit offense

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 156.30 Unlawful Duplication of Computer Related Material

OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE must be Offender used Computer/Handheld Device to Commit Offense (1).

See Data Element #21 OFFENDER USED COMPUTER.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

912 NYS Law citation requires that OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE be Offender used computer/handheld device to commit offense, PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Stolen, PROPERTY TYPE of Computer, and a Property Value of greater than \$2,500

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 156.30.01\* Duplicate Computer Material Exceeding \$2,500 and ATTEMPTED/COMPLETED indicator is completed

OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE must be Offender used computer/handheld device to commit offense. Incident must include PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Stolen (07), an occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE containing Computer Hardware/Software (13), and a corresponding PROPERTY VALUE of greater than \$2,500.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #21 OFFENDER USED COMPUTER, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

## 913 NYS Law citation requires a Person Victim in VICTIM TYPE with known physical injury in LEVEL OF INJURY, and TYPE OF INJURY

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 160.10.02A Robbery 2 - Causes Physical Injury

VICTIM TYPE must be one of person types listed below. Non-person victims are not allowed.

Individuals (I) Firefighters (A)

LEVEL OF INJURY must not be reported as *Not Injured* (4), *Not Applicable* (7), *Not Reported* (8), or *Unknown* (9). One of the following choices must be used:

- 1 = Dead
- 2 = Appeared to Be Seriously Injured
- 3 = Appeared to Be Physically Injured, But Not Seriously

An occurrence of TYPE OF INJURY must contain a physical injury type. It must not be reported as *None* (00), *Not Applicable* (77), *Not Reported* (88), or *Unknown* (99). One of the following choices must be reported:

- 01 = Apparent Broken Bones
- 02 = Possible Internal Injury
- 03 = Severe Laceration
- 04 = Loss of Teeth
- 05 = Unconsciousness
- 06 = Other Major Injury
- 07 = Apparent Minor Injury

See Data Elements #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, #40 VICTIM TYPE, #48 LEVEL OF INJURY, and #49 TYPE OF INJURY.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 914 NYS Law citation requires that OFFENDER USED COMPUTER be Yes

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 156.30.02 - Duplicate Computer Material to commit Felony

OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE must be Offender used computer/handheld device to commit offense (1).

See Data Element #21 OFFENDER USED COMPUTER/HANDHELD DEVICE.

## 915 NYS Law citation requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and a Motor Vehicle in PROPERTY TYPE

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 160.10.03 Robbery 2 - Motor Vehicle

there must be a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of Stolen (07) and a PROPERTY TYPE occurrence of:

31 = Automobiles

33 = Buses

34 = Trucks

37 = Recreational Vehicles

38 = Other Motor Vehicles

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

## 916 NYS Law citation requires a Person Victim in VICTIM TYPE with known Serious Injury in LEVEL OF INJURY, and TYPE OF INJURY

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 160.15.01 Robbery 1 - Cause Serious Injury

VICTIM TYPE must be one of person types listed below. Non-person victims are not allowed.

Individuals (I)

Firefighters (A)

LEVEL OF INJURY must be reported as:

1 = Dead

2 = Appeared to Be Seriously Injured

an occurrence of TYPE OF INJURY must contain one of the following choices:

01 = Apparent Broken Bones

02 = Possible Internal Injury

03 = Severe Laceration

05 = Unconsciousness

06 = Other Major Injury

See Data Elements #39 VICTIM/OFFENSE LINK, #40 VICTIM TYPE, #48 LEVEL OF INJURY, and #49 TYPE OF INJURY.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 918 NYS Law citation requires use of deadly weapon in WEAPON/FORCE

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 160.15.02 Robbery 1 - Forcible Theft with a Deadly Weapon

an occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE must be:

01 = Firearm

02 = Revolver, Derringer or Single-Shot Pistol

03 = Semiautomatic Handgun

04 = Fully Automatic Handgun or Submachine Gun

05 = Single-Shot, Pump Action or Bolt Action Rifle

06 = Semiautomatic Rifle

07 = Fully Automatic Rifle or Machine Gun

08 = Shotgun

11 = Knife/Cutting Instrument

12 = Blunt Object

See Data Element #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

#### 920 NYS Law citation requires use of dangerous instrument in WEAPON/FORCE

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 160.15.03 Robbery 1 - With Dangerous Instrument

An occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE must be:

01 = Firearm

02 = Revolver, Derringer or Single-Shot Pistol

03 = Semiautomatic Handgun

04 = Fully Automatic Handgun or Submachine Gun

05 = Single-Shot, Pump Action or Bolt Action Rifle

06 = Semiautomatic Rifle

07 = Fully Automatic Rifle or Machine Gun

08 = Shotgun

11 = Knife/Cutting Instrument

12 = Blunt Object

13 = Motor Vehicle

14 = Personal Weapons (hands, feet, teeth, etc.)

15 = Poison

16 = Explosives

17 = Fire/Incendiary Device

18 = Drug/Narcotics/Sleeping Pills

19 = Other Weapon

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 922 NYS Law citation requires use of firearms in WEAPON/FORCE

When the NYS law citation is:

PL 160.15.04 Robbery 1 - Displays Firearm

an occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE must be:

01 = Firearm

02 = Revolver, Derringer or Single-Shot Pistol

03 = Semiautomatic Handgun

04 = Fully Automatic Handgun or Submachine Gun

05 = Single-Shot, Pump Action or Bolt Action Rifle

06 = Semiautomatic Rifle

07 = Fully Automatic Rifle or Machine Gun

08 = Shotgun

09 = Imitation Firearm.

See Data Element #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

#### 924 Law citation requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and Vehicle Parts in PROPERTY TYPE

When NYS law citation is:

PL 165.09*	Auto Stripping 3
PL 165.09 01*	Auto Stripping 3
PL 165.09 02*	Auto Stripping 3
PL 165.10*	Auto Stripping 2
PL 165.10 01*	Auto Stripping 2
PL 165.10 02*	Auto Stripping 2
PL 165.11*	Auto Stripping 1

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be *Stolen* (07), and an occurrence of PROPERTY TYPE must be *Vehicle Parts or Accessories* (52).

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and #23 PROPERTY TYPE.

<sup>\*</sup>Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 926 NYS Law citation of insurance fraud requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and PROPERTY VALUE of greater than \$1,000

When NYS law citation is:

PL 176.15\* Insurance Fraud 4 – Greater than \$1,000

and ATTEMPTED/COMPLETED indicator is Completed

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be Stolen (07).

The sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$1,000.

In an insurance fraud, the victim is usually an insurance company which paid a fraudulent insurance claim; *Other Property* (49) may be entered as the PROPERTY TYPE.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

## 928 NYS Law citation of insurance fraud requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and PROPERTY VALUE of greater than \$3,000

When NYS law citation is:

PL 176.20\* Insurance Fraud 3 – Greater than \$3,000

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be Stolen (07).

The sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$3,000.

In an insurance fraud, the victim is usually an insurance company which paid a fraudulent insurance claim; *Other Property* (49) may be entered as the PROPERTY TYPE.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

## 930 NYS Law citation of insurance fraud requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and PROPERTY VALUE of greater than \$50,000

When NYS law citation is:

PL 176.25\* Insurance Fraud 2 – Greater than \$50,000

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be Stolen (07).

The sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$50,000.

In an insurance fraud, the victim is usually an insurance company which paid a fraudulent insurance claim; *Other Property* (49) may be entered as the PROPERTY TYPE.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 932 NYS Law citation of insurance fraud requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and PROPERTY VALUE of greater than \$1,000,000

When NYS law citation is:

PL 176.30\* Insurance Fraud 1 – Greater than \$1,000,000

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be Stolen (07).

The sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$1,000,000.

In an insurance fraud, the victim is usually an insurance company which paid a fraudulent insurance claim; *Other Property* (49) may be entered as the PROPERTY TYPE.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

## 934 NYS Law citation of welfare fraud requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and PROPERTY VALUE of greater than \$1,000

When NYS law citation is:

PL 158.10\* Welfare Fraud 4 – Greater than \$1,000

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be Stolen (07).

The sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$1,000.

In welfare fraud, the victim is government, the property stolen is government funds, and *Other Property* (49) may be entered as the PROPERTY TYPE.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

## 936 NYS Law citation of welfare fraud requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and PROPERTY VALUE of greater than \$3,000

When NYS law citation is:

PL 158.15\* Welfare Fraud 3 – Greater than \$3,000

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be Stolen (07).

The sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$3,000.

In welfare fraud, the victim is government, the property stolen is government funds, and *Other Property* (49) may be entered as the PROPERTY TYPE.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

## 938 NYS Law citation of welfare fraud requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and PROPERTY VALUE of greater than \$50,000

When NYS law citation is:

PL 158.20\* Welfare Fraud 2 – Greater than \$50,000

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be Stolen (07).

The sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$50,000.

In welfare fraud, the victim is government, the property stolen is government funds, and *Other Property* (49) may be entered as the PROPERTY TYPE.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

## 939 NYS Law citation of welfare fraud requires Stolen in PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT and PROPERTY VALUE of greater than \$1,000,000

When NYS law citation is:

PL 158.25\* Welfare Fraud 1 – Greater than \$1,000,000

PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT must be Stolen (07).

The sum of all occurrences of PROPERTY VALUE must be greater than \$1,000,000.

In welfare fraud, the victim is government, the property stolen is government funds, and *Other Property* (49) may be entered as the PROPERTY TYPE.

\*Completed offense requires property information. Attempted offense does not.

See Data Elements #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #24 PROPERTY VALUE.

942 – 1026 These error messages appear when the reported DRUG TYPE does not match the section of law cited in INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE. The remedy for this error is to correct either the law section or the choice of drug name in DRUG TYPE.

Each message specifies one controlled substance or class of controlled substances as defined in the Public Health Law. Criminal possession and sale of these substances are defined in Penal Law Articles 220 and 221. The following explanation is written as an example using the citation for Cocaine, but its text applies (with appropriate changes in PL section and drug name) to error messages 942 – 1026. Even the See Data Elements references apply as in the sample to all these messages.

Every one of the citations involves property, pertains only to completed offenses, and would be followed by an "\*" in the text of its explanation because it requires property information. The edits creating these messages are run only if the third occurrence of DRUG TYPE is not reported as "Over 3 Drug Types," since DRUG TYPE might not have been reported.

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 942 NYS law citation of PL 220.06.05 requires seizure of Cocaine in DRUG TYPE

This incident contains an INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE of PL 220.06.05\* and a PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT of *Seized* (06). Since this combination denotes the seizure of Cocaine, at least one of the up-to-three occurrences of DRUG TYPE must contain *Cocaine Hydrochloride* (10), *Crack* (11), or *Other Coca Derivatives* (19). The DRUG TYPE field is used only to identify the type of drugs when there is a seizure; otherwise enter *None/Not Applicable* (00).

If more than three drug types are seized in the incident, the two most important are to be reported specifically and the third occurrence is entered as *Over Three Drug Types* (97). The reporting agency determines the most important drugs in such cases, based on the quantity, value, and deadliness of the drugs seized.

**EXAMPLE:** In a drug case, the following drugs were seized:

Crack - 1.5 kilograms
Marijuana - 2.125 pounds
Morphine - 2.0 liquid ounces
Valium - 500 capsules

The *Crack* (11) was entered in the first occurrence of DRUG TYPE, and the *Morphine* (02) in the second occurrence. The third occurrence was reported as *Over Three Drug Types* (97). The Marijuana and Valium were not individually reported to DCJS but were written up in the incident notes for agency case records.

See Data Elements #13 INCIDENT/COMPLAINT OFFENSE, #22 PROPERTY INVOLVEMENT, #23 PROPERTY TYPE, and #29 DRUG TYPE.

942	NYS law citation of PL 220.06.05 requires seizure of Cocaine in DRUG TYPE
944	NYS law citation of PL 220.09.02 requires seizure of Methamphetamine in DRUG TYPE
946	NYS law citation of PL 220.09.05 requires seizure of LSD in DRUG TYPE
948	NYS law citation of PL 220.09.06 or 220.09.07 requires seizure of Hallucinogen in DRUG TYPE
950	NYS law citation of PL 220.09.08 or 220.09.09 requires seizure of Depressants and Tranquilizers in DRUG TYPE
952	NYS law citation of PL 220.09.12 requires seizure of Methadone in DRUG TYPE
954	NYS law citation of PL 220.09.01, 220.09.03, or 220.16.01 requires seizure of Opiates, Synthetic Narcotics, or Cocaine in DRUG TYPE
956	NYS law citation of PL 220.16.02 requires seizure of Stimulants or Hallucinogens in DRUG TYPE
958	NYS law citation of PL 220.09.04 or 220.16.03 requires seizure of Stimulants in DRUG TYPE
960	NYS law citation of PL 220.16.04 requires seizure of LSD in DRUG TYPE
962	NYS law citation of PL 220.16.05 or 220.16.06 requires seizure of Hallucinogens in DRUG TYPE
964	NYS law citation of PL 220.16.07 requires seizure of Methamphetamine in DRUG TYPE

<u>NO.</u>	ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION
966	NYS law citation of PL 220.16.08 requires seizure of Stimulants in DRUG TYPE
968	NYS law citation of PL 220.16.09 requires seizure of LSD in DRUG TYPE
970	NYS law citation of PL 220.16.10 or 220.16.11 requires seizure of Hallucinogens in DRUG TYPE
972	NYS law citation of PL 220.16.12 requires seizure of Opiates, Synthetic Narcotics, or Cocaine in DRUG TYPE
974	NYS law citation of PL 220.18.01 requires seizure of Opiates, Synthetic Narcotics, or Cocaine in DRUG TYPE
976	NYS law citation of PL 220.18.02 requires seizure of Methamphetamine in DRUG TYPE
978	NYS law citation of PL 220.18.03 requires seizure of Stimulants in DRUG TYPE
980	NYS law citation of PL 220.18.04 requires seizure of LSD in DRUG TYPE
982	NYS law citation of PL 220.18.05 or 220.18.06 requires seizure of Hallucinogens in DRUG TYPE
984	NYS law citation of PL 220.18.07 requires seizure of Methadone in DRUG TYPE
986	NYS law citation PL 220.21.01 requires seizure of Opiates, Synthetic Narcotics, or Cocaine in DRUG TYPE
988	NYS law citation of PL 220.21.02 requires seizure of Methadone in DRUG TYPE
990	NYS law citation of PL 220.34.01 requires seizure of Opiates, Synthetic Narcotics, or Cocaine in DRUG TYPE
992	NYS law citation of PL 220.34.02 requires seizure of Depressants in DRUG TYPE
994	NYS law citation of PL 220.34.03 requires seizure of Cannabis in DRUG TYPE
996	NYS law citation of PL 220.34.05 requires seizure of Methadone in DRUG TYPE
998	NYS law citation of PL 220.39.01 requires seizure of Opiates, Synthetic Narcotics, or Cocaine in DRUG TYPE
1000	NYS law citation of PL 220.39.02 requires seizure of Stimulants, Hallucinogens, or LSD in DRUG TYPE
1002	NYS law citation of PL 220.39.03 requires seizure of Stimulants in DRUG TYPE
1004	NYS law citation of PL 220.39.04 requires seizure of LSD in DRUG TYPE
1006	NYS law citation of PL 220.39.05 or 220.39.06 requires seizure of Hallucinogens in DRUG TYPE
1008	NYS law citation of PL 220.39.07 requires seizure of Methamphetamine in DRUG TYPE
1010	NYS law citation of PL 220.41.01 requires seizure of Opiates, Synthetic Narcotics, or Cocaine in DRUG TYPE
1012	NYS law citation of PL 220.41.02 requires seizure of Methamphetamine in DRUG TYPE
1014	NYS law citation of PL 220.41.03 requires seizure of Stimulants in DRUG TYPE

### NO. **ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION** NYS law citation of PL 220.41.04 requires seizure of LSD in DRUG TYPE 1016 1018 NYS law citation of PL 220.41.05 or 220.41.06 requires seizure of Hallucinogens in DRUG TYPE 1020 NYS law citation of PL 220.41.07 requires seizure of Methadone in DRUG TYPE 1022 NYS law citation of PL 220.43.01 requires seizure of Opiates, Synthetic Narcotics, or Cocaine in DRUG 1024 NYS law citation of PL 220.43.02 requires seizure of Methadone in DRUG TYPE 1026 NYS law citation of PL 220.06.04, 220.09.10, or any PL Article 221 requires seizure of Marijuana in **DRUG TYPE** 1028 NYS law citation requires that INCIDENT LOCATION TYPE be School or College and that

When NYS law citation is:

PL 265.01-a Criminal Possession of a Weapon 4 - Firearm at Educational Institution

INCIDENT LOCATION TYPE must be *School* (08) or *College* (09), and at least one occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE must be a firearm. Valid choices are:

01 = Firearm

WEAPON/FORCE be a firearms choice

02 = Revolver, derringer, or single-shot pistol

03 = Semiautomatic handgun

04 = Fully automatic handgun or submachine gun

05 = Single-shot, pump action or bolt action rifle

06 = Semiautomatic rifle

07 = Fully automatic rifle or machine gun

08 = Shotgun

See Data Elements #15 INCIDENT LOCATION TYPE and #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

#### 1030 NYS law citation requires possession of shotgun or rifle in WEAPON/FORCE

When NYS law citation is:

PL 265.01.04 Criminal Possession of a Weapon 4 - Convicted Felon PL 265.01.06 Criminal Possession of a Weapon 4 - Not Suitable to Possess

at least one occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE must be a shotgun or rifle. Valid choices are:

05 = Single-shot, pump action or bolt action rifle

06 = Semiautomatic rifle

07 = Fully automatic rifle or machine gun

08 = Shotgun

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

### 1032 NYS law citation requires possession of automatic weapon or explosive material in WEAPON/FORCE

When NYS law citation is:

PL 265.02.02 Criminal Possession of a Weapon 3

at least one occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE must be an automatic weapon or Explosive Material. Valid choices are:

04 = Fully automatic handgun or submachine gun

07 = Fully automatic rifle or machine gun

16 = Explosives

17 = Fire/Incendiary device

See Data Element #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

#### 1034 NYS law citation requires firearms in WEAPON/FORCE

When NYS law citation is:

PL 265.02.03 Criminal Possession of a Weapon 3 - Deface Weapon

PL 265.02.04 Criminal Possession of a Weapon 3 - Loaded Gun

PL 265.02.05 Criminal Possession of a Weapon 3 - Firearm

PL 265.03 Criminal Possession of a Weapon 2

PL 265.03.01 Criminal Possession of a Weapon 2 - Machine Gun

PL 265.03.02 Criminal Possession of a Weapon 2 - Loaded Firearm

PL 265.03.03 Criminal Possession of a Weapon 2 - Disguised Gun

PL 265.08.01 Criminal Use Firearm 2

PL 265.09.01 Criminal Use Firearm 1

at least one occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE must be a firearm. Valid choices are:

01 = Firearm

02 = Revolver, derringer or single-shot pistol

03 = Semiautomatic handgun

04 = Fully automatic handgun or submachine gun

05 = Single-shot, pump action or bolt action rifle

06 = Semiautomatic rifle

07 = Fully automatic rifle or machine gun

08 = Shotgun

See Data Element #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

### 1036 NYS law citation requires possession of explosive materials in WEAPON/FORCE

When NYS Law Citation is:

PL 265.04 Criminal Possession Weapon 1

At least one occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE must be entered as *Explosives* (16), or *Fire/Incendiary Device* (17).

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 1040 NYS Law citation requires use of firearms or imitations firearms in WEAPON/FORCE

When NYS law citation is:

PL 265.08.02 Criminal Use of a Firearm 2 - Display Weapon PL 265.09.02 Criminal Use of a Firearm 1

at least one occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE must be a firearm or an imitation firearm. Valid choices are:

01 = Firearm

02 = Revolver, derringer, or single-shot pistol

03 = Semiautomatic handgun

04 = Fully automatic handgun or submachine gun

05 = Single-shot, pump action or bolt action rifle

06 = Semiautomatic rifle

07 = Fully automatic rifle or machine gun

08 = Shotgun

09 = Imitation firearm

See Data Element #16 WEAPON/FORCE.

#### 1042 NYS law citation requires deadly weapons in WEAPON/FORCE

When NYS law citation is:

PL 265.10.01	Manufacture/Transport/Disposition/Defacement of Weapon
PL 265.10.02	Transport Firearm/Machine Gun/Dangerous Instrument
PL 265.10.04	Dispose Weapon/ Prior Conviction
PL 265.35.01	Prohibited Use Weapon

at least one occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE must be a deadly weapon. Valid choices are:

01 = Firearm

02 = Revolver, derringer, or single-shot pistol

03 = Semiautomatic handgun

04 Fully automatic handgun or submachine gun

05 = Single-shot, pump action or bolt action rifle

06 = Semiautomatic rifle

07 = Fully automatic rifle or machine gun

08 = Shotgun

11 = Knife/Cutting Instrument

12 = Blunt Object

19 = Other weapon

### NO. ERROR MESSAGE AND EXPLANATION

#### 1044 NYS law citation requires firearms in WEAPON/FORCE

When NYS law citation is:

PL 265.10.03	Unlawful Activity Dangerous Weapon
PL 265.10.06	Willful Defacement Machine Gun/Firearm
PL 265.10.07	Dispose Firearm w/o Required Notice
PL 265.11	Criminal Sale Firearm 3
PL 265.11.01	Criminal Sale Firearm 3
PL 265.11.02	Criminal Sale Firearm 3 Intent Sell
PL 265.12	Criminal Sale Firearm 2
PL 265.13	Criminal Sale Firearm 1
PL 265.14	Criminal Sale Firearm w/Aid of Minor
PL 265.16	Criminal Sale Firearm to a Minor
PL 265.35.02	Prohibited Use of Weapon
PL 265.35.03	Prohibited Use of Weapon

at least one occurrence of WEAPON/FORCE must be a firearm. Valid choices are:

01 = Firearm

02 = Revolver, derringer, or single-shot pistol

03 = Semiautomatic handgun

04 = Fully automatic handgun or submachine gun

05 = Single-shot, pump action or bolt action rifle

06 = Semiautomatic rifle

07 = Fully automatic rifle or machine gun

08 = Shotgun

CRIME AGAINST PERSON							
IBR Offense Classification	IBR Code	Offense Type					
Aggravated Assault	13A	Assault					
Simple Assault	13B	Assault					
Intimidation	13C	Assault					
Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter	09A	Homicide					
Negligent Manslaughter	09B	Homicide					
Justifiable Homicide	09C	Homicide					
Rape	11A	Sex Offense					
Sodomy	11B	Sex Offense					
Sexual Assault with an Object	11C	Sex Offense					
Fondling	11D	Sex Offense					
Incest	36A	Sex Offense					
Statutory Rape	36B	Sex Offense					
Kidnapping/Abduction	100	Other Person Offense					
Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts	64A	Other Person Offense					
Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude	64B	Other Person Offense					

CRIME AGAINST PROPERTY						
IBR Offense Classification	IBR Code	Offense Type				
Pocket-Picking	23A	Larceny				
Purse-Snatching	23B	Larceny				
Shoplifting	23C	Larceny				
Theft from a Building	23D	Larceny				
Theft from a Coin-Operated Machine/Device	23E	Larceny				
Theft from a Motor Vehicle	23F	Larceny				
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts or Accessories	23G	Larceny				
All Other Larceny Offenses	23H	Larceny				
Motor Vehicle Theft	240	Larceny				
False Pretense/Swindle/Confidence Game	26A	Fraud				
Credit Card/ATM Fraud	26B	Fraud				
Impersonation	26C	Fraud				
Welfare Fraud	26D	Fraud				
Wire Fraud	26E	Fraud				
Identity Theft	26F	Fraud				
Hacking/Computer Invasion	26G	Fraud				
Robbery	120	Other Property Offense				
Arson	200	Other Property Offense				
Extortion/Blackmail	210	Other Property Offense				
Burglary/Breaking and Entering	220	Other Property Offense				
Counterfeiting/Forgery	250	Other Property Offense				
Embezzlement	270	Other Property Offense				
Stolen Property Offense	280	Other Property Offense				
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	290	Other Property Offense				
Bribery	510	Other Property Offense				

IBR Offense Classification	IBR Code	Offense Type
Drug/Narcotic Violation	35A	Drug Offense
Drug Equipment Violation	35B	Drug Offense
Betting/Wagering	39A	Gambling Offense
Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling	39B	Gambling Offense
Gambling Equipment Violations	39C	Gambling Offense
Sports Tampering	39D	Gambling Offense
Prostitution	40A	Prostitution Offense
Assisting or Promoting Prostitution	40B	Prostitution Offense
Purchasing Prostitution	40C	Prostitution Offense
Pornography/Obscene Material	370	Other Society Offense
Weapon Law Violations	520	Other Society Offense
Animal Cruelty	720	Other Society Offense
Curfew/Loitering/Vagrancy Violations	90B	Other Society Offense
Disorderly Conduct	90C	Other Society Offense
Driving Under the Influence	90D	Other Society Offense
Family Offense (Non-Violent)	90F	Other Society Offense
Liquor Law Violations	90G	Other Society Offense
Trespass of Real Property	90J	Other Society Offense
All Other Offenses	90Z	Other Society Offense
Do Not Count	999	Other Society Offense

# **Appendix B: PL 485.00 Hate Crime Table**

ORD	TITLE	SECTION	SUBS	CAT	CLS	DEG	<u>IBR</u>
6256	PL	105.00	00H	М	Α	6	90Z
6257	PL	105.05	00H	F	Е	5	90Z
6258	PL	105.05	01H	F	Е	5	90Z
6259	PL	105.05	02H	F	Е	5	90Z
6260	PL	105.10	00H	F	D	4	90Z
6261	PL	105.10	01H	F	D	4	90Z
6262	PL	105.10	02H	F	D	4	90Z
6263	PL	105.13	00H	F	С	3	90Z
6264	PL	105.15	00H	F	В	2	90Z
6265	PL	105.17	00H	F	Α	1	90Z
6109	PL	120.00	00H	F	E	3	13B
6110	PL	120.00	01H	F	E	3	13B
6111	PL	120.00	02H	F	E	3	13B
6112	PL	120.00	03H	F	Е	3	13A
6113	PL	120.05	00H	F	С	2	13A
6114	PL	120.05	01H	F	С	2	13A
6115	PL	120.05	02H	F	С	2	13A
8467	PL	120.05	03H	F	С	2	13B
6117	PL	120.05	04H	F	С	2	13A
6118	PL	120.05	05H	F	С	2	13A
6119	PL	120.05	06H	F	С	2	13A
6120	PL	120.05	07H	F	С	2	13A
6121	PL	120.05	08H	F	С	2	13A
6122	PL	120.05	09H	F	С	2	13A
6776	PL	120.05	10AH	F	С	2	13B
6777	PL	120.05	10BH	F	С	2	13B
6315	PL	120.05	10H	F	С	2	13B
8269	PL	120.05	11AH	F	С	2	13B
8459	PL	120.05	11BH	F	С	2	13A
8571	PL	120.05	11CH	F	С	2	13B
8551	PL	120.05	11H	F	С	2	13A
7845	PL	120.05	12H	F	С	2	13B
8563	PL	120.05	13H	F	С	2	13B
8559	PL	120.05	14H	F	С	2	13B
8265	PL	120.05	3AH	F	С	2	13B
8455	PL	120.05	3BH	F	С	2	13A
8567	PL	120.05	3CH	F	С	2	13B
8227	PL	120.05	4-AH	F	С	2	13A
6123	PL	120.10	00H	F	В	1	13A
6124	PL	120.10	01H	F	В	1	13A

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6125	PL	120.10	02H	F	В	1	13A
6126	PL	120.10	03H	F	В	1	13A
6127	PL	120.10	04H	F	В	1	13A
6128	PL	120.12	00H	F	D	0	13A
7305	PL	120.13	00H	F	D	1	13C
6130	PL	120.14	00H	F	Е	2	13C
6131	PL	120.14	01H	F	E	2	13A
6132	PL	120.14	02H	F	E	2	13C
6133	PL	120.14	03H	F	E	2	13C
6134	PL	120.15	00H	М	Α	3	13C
6135	PL	120.20	00H	F	E	2	13C
6136	PL	120.25	00H	F	С	1	13C
6137	PL	120.45	00H	М	Α	4	13C
6138	PL	120.45	01H	М	Α	4	13C
6139	PL	120.45	02H	М	Α	4	13C
6140	PL	120.45	03H	М	Α	4	13C
6141	PL	120.50	00H	F	Е	3	13C
6142	PL	120.50	01H	F	Е	3	13C
6143	PL	120.50	02H	F	E	3	13C
6144	PL	120.50	03H	F	E	3	13C
6145	PL	120.50	04H	F	Е	3	13C
6146	PL	120.55	00H	F	D	2	13C
6147	PL	120.55	01H	F	D	2	13A
6150	PL	120.55	02H	F	D	2	13C
6148	PL	120.55	03H	F	D	2	13C
6149	PL	120.55	04H	F	D	2	13C
7009	PL	120.55	05H	F	D	2	13C
6151	PL	120.60	00H	F	С	1	13C
6152	PL	120.60	01H	F	С	1	13C
6153	PL	120.60	02H	F	С	1	13C
8107	PL	121.12	00H	F	С	2	13A
8111	PL	121.13	00H	F	В	1	13A
6154	PL	125.15	00H	F	В	2	09A
6155	PL	125.15	01H	F	В	2	09A
6156	PL	125.20	00H	F	В	1	09A
6157	PL	125.20	01H	F	В	1	09A
6158	PL	125.20	02H	F	В	1	09A
6159	PL	125.20	04H	F	В	1	09A
6160	PL	125.25	00H	F	Α	2	09A
6161	PL	125.25	01H	F	Α	2	09A
6162	PL	125.25	02H	F	Α	2	09A
6163	PL	125.25	03H	F	Α	2	09A
6164	PL	125.25	04H	F	Α	2	09A
		I.			1		

7407         PL         125.25         05H         F         A         2         09A           6165         PL         130.35         00H         F         B         1         11A           6166         PL         130.35         01H         F         B         1         11A           6966         PL         130.50         00H         F         B         1         11B           6968         PL         130.65         00H         F         C         1         11D           6170         PL         130.65         00H         F         C         1         11D           6171         PL         130.67         00H         F         B         2         11C           6173         PL         130.67         01H         F         B         2         11C           6174         PL         130.70         01H         F         B         1         11C           6175         PL         135.05         00H         F         E         2         100           6177         PL         135.20         00H         F         B         2         100 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>								
6166         PL         130.35         01H         F         B         1         11A           6966         PL         130.50         00H         F         B         1         11B           6968         PL         130.50         01H         F         B         1         11B           6170         PL         130.65         00H         F         C         1         11D           6171         PL         130.65         01H         F         C         1         11D           6172         PL         130.67         00H         F         B         2         11C           6173         PL         130.67         01H         F         B         2         11C           6174         PL         130.70         00H         F         B         1         11C           6175         PL         135.05         00H         F         E         2         100           6177         PL         135.20         00H         F         B         2         100           6179         PL         135.25         01H         F         A         1         100 <td< th=""><th>7407</th><th>PL</th><th>125.25</th><th>05H</th><th>F</th><th>Α</th><th>2</th><th>09A</th></td<>	7407	PL	125.25	05H	F	Α	2	09A
6966         PL         130.50         00H         F         B         1         11B           6968         PL         130.50         01H         F         B         1         11B           6170         PL         130.65         00H         F         C         1         11D           6171         PL         130.65         01H         F         C         1         11D           6172         PL         130.67         00H         F         B         2         11C           6173         PL         130.67         01H         F         B         2         11C           6174         PL         130.67         01H         F         B         1         11C           6174         PL         130.67         01H         F         B         1         11C           6175         PL         130.67         01H         F         B         1         11C           6174         PL         135.00         00H         F         B         1         11C           6177         PL         135.20         00H         F         A         1         100 <td< td=""><td>6165</td><td>PL</td><td>130.35</td><td>00H</td><td>F</td><td>В</td><td>1</td><td>11A</td></td<>	6165	PL	130.35	00H	F	В	1	11A
6968         PL         130.50         01H         F         B         1         11B           6170         PL         130.65         00H         F         C         1         11D           6171         PL         130.65         01H         F         C         1         11D           6172         PL         130.67         00H         F         B         2         11C           6173         PL         130.67         01H         F         B         2         11C           6174         PL         130.70         00H         F         B         1         11C           6175         PL         135.05         00H         F         E         2         100           6177         PL         135.10         00H         F         D         1         100           6178         PL         135.20         00H         F         A         1         100           6180         PL         135.25         01H         F         A         1         100           6181         PL         135.60         00H         F         E         3         210 <td< td=""><td>6166</td><td>PL</td><td>130.35</td><td>01H</td><td>F</td><td>В</td><td>1</td><td>11A</td></td<>	6166	PL	130.35	01H	F	В	1	11A
6170         PL         130.65         00H         F         C         1         11D           6171         PL         130.65         01H         F         C         1         11D           6172         PL         130.67         00H         F         B         2         11C           6173         PL         130.67         01H         F         B         2         11C           6174         PL         130.70         00H         F         B         1         11C           6175         PL         130.70         01H         F         B         1         11C           6176         PL         135.05         00H         F         E         2         100           6177         PL         135.20         00H         F         B         2         100           6179         PL         135.25         00H         F         A         1         100           6180         PL         135.25         02H         F         A         1         100           6181         PL         135.60         00H         F         E         3         210 <td< td=""><td>6966</td><td>PL</td><td>130.50</td><td>00H</td><td>F</td><td>В</td><td>1</td><td>11B</td></td<>	6966	PL	130.50	00H	F	В	1	11B
6171 PL 130.65 01H F C 1 11D 6172 PL 130.67 00H F B 2 11C 6173 PL 130.67 01H F B 2 11C 6174 PL 130.70 00H F B 1 11C 6175 PL 130.70 01H F B 1 11C 6176 PL 135.05 00H F B 1 11C 6176 PL 135.05 00H F B 2 100 6177 PL 135.10 00H F B 2 100 6179 PL 135.25 00H F A 1 100 6169 PL 135.25 02H F A 1 100 6181 PL 135.25 03H F A 1 100 6181 PL 135.60 00H F E 3 210 8607 PL 135.60 00H F E 3 210 8590 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8590 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 210 8590 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 210 8590 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 PL 135.60 PL 135.60 PL 135.	6968	PL	130.50	01H	F	В	1	11B
6172 PL 130.67 00H F B 2 11C 6173 PL 130.67 01H F B 2 11C 6174 PL 130.70 00H F B 1 11C 6175 PL 130.70 01H F B 1 11C 6176 PL 135.05 00H F B 1 11C 6177 PL 135.10 00H F B 1 100 6177 PL 135.10 00H F B 2 100 6177 PL 135.20 00H F B 2 100 6179 PL 135.25 00H F A 1 100 6180 PL 135.25 01H F A 1 100 6180 PL 135.25 02H F A 1 100 6181 PL 135.25 03H F A 1 100 6182 PL 135.60 00H F E 3 210 8605 PL 135.60 00H F E 3 210 8590 PL 135.60 02H F E 3 210 8592 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8598 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8598 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 07H F E 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 06H F E 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 07H F E 3 210 8600 PL 135.60 07H F E 3 210 8601 PL 135.60 07H F E 3 210 8602 PL 135.60 08H F E 3 210 8604 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8605 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8606 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8607 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8608 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8609 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8609 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8601 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8602 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8603 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8604 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8605 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8606 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8607 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8608 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8609 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8601 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8602 PL 135.60 09H F E 3 210 8603 PL 140.10 09H M A 3 90J 6334 PL 140.10 00H M A 3 90J 6333 PL 140.10 00H M A 3 90J 6334 PL 140.10 00H M A 3 90J 6334 PL 140.10 00H M A 3 90J	6170	PL	130.65	00H	F	С	1	11D
6173 PL 130.67 01H F B 2 11C 6174 PL 130.70 00H F B 1 11C 6175 PL 130.70 01H F B 1 11C 6176 PL 135.05 00H F E 2 100 6177 PL 135.10 00H F B 2 100 6178 PL 135.25 00H F B 2 100 6179 PL 135.25 00H F A 1 100 6180 PL 135.25 02H F A 1 100 6181 PL 135.25 03H F A 1 100 6181 PL 135.60 00H F E 3 210 8807 PL 135.60 02H F E 3 210 8807 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8598 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8598 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8602 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8604 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8604 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8598 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8598 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8604 PL 135.60 05H F C 1 210 6193 PL 135.65 05H F C 1 210 6193 PL 135.65 05H F C 1 210 6193 PL 135.65 05H F C 1 210 6193 PL 140.10 05H M A 3 90J 6334 PL 140.10 05H M A 3 90J	6171	PL	130.65	01H	F	С	1	11D
6174 PL 130.70 00H F B 1 11C 6175 PL 130.70 01H F B 1 11C 6176 PL 135.05 00H F E 2 100 6177 PL 135.10 00H F B 2 100 6177 PL 135.20 00H F B 2 100 6178 PL 135.25 00H F A 1 100 6180 PL 135.25 01H F A 1 100 6169 PL 135.25 03H F A 1 100 6181 PL 135.60 00H F E 3 210 8607 PL 135.60 00H F E 3 210 8592 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8598 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8602 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 210 8604 PL 135.60 05H F E 3 20 20 8604 PL 135.65 05H F C 1 210 6193 PL 140.10 05H M A 3 90J 6332 PL 140.10 05H M A 3 90J 6333 PL 140.10 05H M A 3 90J 6333 PL 140.10 05H M A 3 90J 6334 PL 140.10 05H M A 3 90J	6172	PL	130.67	00H	F	В	2	11C
6175         PL         130.70         01H         F         B         1         11C           6176         PL         135.05         00H         F         E         2         100           6177         PL         135.10         00H         F         D         1         100           6178         PL         135.20         00H         F         B         2         100           6179         PL         135.25         00H         F         A         1         100           6180         PL         135.25         01H         F         A         1         100           6181         PL         135.25         02H         F         A         1         100           6181         PL         135.25         03H         F         A         1         100           6181         PL         135.60         00H         F         E         3         210           8605         PL         135.60         01H         F         E         3         210           8592         PL         135.60         05H         F         E         3         210 <td< td=""><td>6173</td><td>PL</td><td>130.67</td><td>01H</td><td>F</td><td>В</td><td>2</td><td>11C</td></td<>	6173	PL	130.67	01H	F	В	2	11C
6176         PL         135.05         00H         F         E         2         100           6177         PL         135.10         00H         F         D         1         100           6178         PL         135.20         00H         F         B         2         100           6179         PL         135.25         00H         F         A         1         100           6180         PL         135.25         01H         F         A         1         100           6169         PL         135.25         02H         F         A         1         100           6181         PL         135.60         00H         F         E         3         210           8605         PL         135.60         00H         F         E         3         210           8590         PL         135.60         02H         F         E         3         210           8598         PL         135.60         05H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         07H         F         E         3         210 <td< td=""><td>6174</td><td>PL</td><td>130.70</td><td>00H</td><td>F</td><td>В</td><td>1</td><td>11C</td></td<>	6174	PL	130.70	00H	F	В	1	11C
6177         PL         135.10         00H         F         D         1         100           6178         PL         135.20         00H         F         B         2         100           6179         PL         135.25         00H         F         A         1         100           6180         PL         135.25         01H         F         A         1         100           6181         PL         135.25         02H         F         A         1         100           6680         PL         135.25         03H         F         A         1         100           8605         PL         135.60         00H         F         E         3         210           8607         PL         135.60         01H         F         E         3         210           8590         PL         135.60         03H         F         E         3         210           8598         PL         135.60         05H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         07H         F         E         3         210 <td< td=""><td>6175</td><td>PL</td><td>130.70</td><td>01H</td><td>F</td><td>В</td><td>1</td><td>11C</td></td<>	6175	PL	130.70	01H	F	В	1	11C
6178         PL         135.20         00H         F         B         2         100           6179         PL         135.25         00H         F         A         1         100           6180         PL         135.25         01H         F         A         1         100           6169         PL         135.25         02H         F         A         1         100           6181         PL         135.60         00H         F         E         3         210           8605         PL         135.60         01H         F         E         3         210           8607         PL         135.60         02H         F         E         3         210           8590         PL         135.60         02H         F         E         3         210           8592         PL         135.60         05H         F         E         3         210           8598         PL         135.60         06H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         08H         F         E         3         210 <td< td=""><td>6176</td><td>PL</td><td>135.05</td><td>00H</td><td>F</td><td>E</td><td>2</td><td>100</td></td<>	6176	PL	135.05	00H	F	E	2	100
6179         PL         135.25         00H         F         A         1         100           6180         PL         135.25         01H         F         A         1         100           6169         PL         135.25         02H         F         A         1         100           6181         PL         135.60         00H         F         E         3         210           8605         PL         135.60         01H         F         E         3         210           8607         PL         135.60         01H         F         E         3         210           8590         PL         135.60         02H         F         E         3         210           8592         PL         135.60         03H         F         E         3         210           8598         PL         135.60         06H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         07H         F         E         3         210           8805         PL         135.60         0H         F         E         3         210	6177	PL	135.10	00H	F	D	1	100
6180         PL         135.25         01H         F         A         1         100           6169         PL         135.25         02H         F         A         1         100           6181         PL         135.25         03H         F         A         1         100           8605         PL         135.60         00H         F         E         3         210           8607         PL         135.60         01H         F         E         3         210           8590         PL         135.60         02H         F         E         3         210           8592         PL         135.60         03H         F         E         3         210           8598         PL         135.60         05H         F         E         3         210           8600         PL         135.60         07H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         08H         F         E         3         210           8805         PL         135.60         10H         F         E         3         210 <td< td=""><td>6178</td><td>PL</td><td>135.20</td><td>00H</td><td>F</td><td>В</td><td>2</td><td>100</td></td<>	6178	PL	135.20	00H	F	В	2	100
6169         PL         135.25         02H         F         A         1         100           6181         PL         135.25         03H         F         A         1         100           8605         PL         135.60         00H         F         E         3         210           8607         PL         135.60         01H         F         E         3         210           8590         PL         135.60         02H         F         E         3         210           8592         PL         135.60         03H         F         E         3         210           8596         PL         135.60         05H         F         E         3         210           8598         PL         135.60         06H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         08H         F         E         3         210           8604         PL         135.60         09H         F         E         3         210           8594         PL         135.60         10H         F         E         3         210 <td< td=""><td>6179</td><td>PL</td><td>135.25</td><td>00H</td><td>F</td><td>Α</td><td>1</td><td>100</td></td<>	6179	PL	135.25	00H	F	Α	1	100
6181         PL         135.25         03H         F         A         1         100           8605         PL         135.60         00H         F         E         3         210           8607         PL         135.60         01H         F         E         3         210           8590         PL         135.60         02H         F         E         3         210           8592         PL         135.60         03H         F         E         3         210           8598         PL         135.60         05H         F         E         3         210           8598         PL         135.60         06H         F         E         3         210           8600         PL         135.60         07H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         09H         F         E         3         210           8805         PL         135.60         10H         F         E         3         210           8764         PL         135.65         00H         F         C         1         210 <td< td=""><td>6180</td><td>PL</td><td>135.25</td><td>01H</td><td>F</td><td>Α</td><td>1</td><td>100</td></td<>	6180	PL	135.25	01H	F	Α	1	100
8605         PL         135.60         00H         F         E         3         210           8607         PL         135.60         01H         F         E         3         13C           8590         PL         135.60         02H         F         E         3         210           8592         PL         135.60         03H         F         E         3         210           8596         PL         135.60         05H         F         E         3         210           8598         PL         135.60         06H         F         E         3         210           8600         PL         135.60         07H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         08H         F         E         3         210           8604         PL         135.60         09H         F         E         3         210           8594         PL         135.60         10H         F         E         3         210           8764         PL         135.65         00H         F         C         1         210 <td< td=""><td>6169</td><td>PL</td><td>135.25</td><td>02H</td><td>F</td><td>Α</td><td>1</td><td>100</td></td<>	6169	PL	135.25	02H	F	Α	1	100
8607         PL         135.60         01H         F         E         3         13C           8590         PL         135.60         02H         F         E         3         210           8592         PL         135.60         03H         F         E         3         210           8596         PL         135.60         05H         F         E         3         210           8598         PL         135.60         06H         F         E         3         210           8600         PL         135.60         07H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         08H         F         E         3         210           8604         PL         135.60         09H         F         E         3         210           8594         PL         135.60         4H         F         E         3         210           8764         PL         135.65         00H         F         C         1         210           6193         PL         135.65         01H         F         C         1         210	6181	PL	135.25	03H	F	Α	1	100
8590         PL         135.60         02H         F         E         3         210           8592         PL         135.60         03H         F         E         3         210           8596         PL         135.60         05H         F         E         3         210           8598         PL         135.60         06H         F         E         3         210           8600         PL         135.60         07H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         08H         F         E         3         210           8604         PL         135.60         09H         F         E         3         210           8805         PL         135.60         10H         F         E         3         210           8764         PL         135.61         0H         F         D         2         210           6192         PL         135.65         01H         F         C         1         210           6194         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210	8605	PL	135.60	00H	F	E	3	210
8592         PL         135.60         03H         F         E         3         210           8596         PL         135.60         05H         F         E         3         210           8598         PL         135.60         06H         F         E         3         210           8600         PL         135.60         07H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         08H         F         E         3         210           8604         PL         135.60         09H         F         E         3         210           8805         PL         135.60         10H         F         E         3         210           8764         PL         135.61         0H         F         D         2         210           6192         PL         135.65         00H         F         C         1         210           6194         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210           6195         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J	8607	PL	135.60	01H	F	E	3	13C
8596         PL         135.60         05H         F         E         3         210           8598         PL         135.60         06H         F         E         3         210           8600         PL         135.60         07H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         08H         F         E         3         210           8604         PL         135.60         09H         F         E         3         210           8605         PL         135.60         10H         F         E         3         210           8594         PL         135.60         4H         F         E         3         210           8764         PL         135.61         0H         F         D         2         210           6192         PL         135.65         00H         F         C         1         210           6193         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J           6328         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J           6	8590	PL	135.60	02H	F	Е	3	210
8598         PL         135.60         06H         F         E         3         210           8600         PL         135.60         07H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         08H         F         E         3         210           8604         PL         135.60         09H         F         E         3         210           8805         PL         135.60         10H         F         E         3         210           8764         PL         135.60         4H         F         E         3         210           8764         PL         135.61         0H         F         D         2         210           6192         PL         135.65         00H         F         C         1         210           6193         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J           6328         PL         140.10         0AH         M         A         3         90J           6331         PL         140.10         0CH         M         A         3         90J           6	8592	PL	135.60	03H	F	Е	3	210
8600         PL         135.60         07H         F         E         3         210           8602         PL         135.60         08H         F         E         3         210           8604         PL         135.60         09H         F         E         3         210           8805         PL         135.60         10H         F         E         3         13C           8594         PL         135.60         4H         F         E         3         210           8764         PL         135.61         0H         F         D         2         210           6192         PL         135.65         00H         F         C         1         210           6193         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210           6194         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210           6195         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J           6328         PL         140.10         0BH         M         A         3         90J           6	8596	PL	135.60	05H	F	Е	3	210
8602         PL         135.60         08H         F         E         3         210           8604         PL         135.60         09H         F         E         3         210           8805         PL         135.60         10H         F         E         3         210           8594         PL         135.60         4H         F         E         3         210           8764         PL         135.61         0H         F         D         2         210           6192         PL         135.65         00H         F         C         1         210           6193         PL         135.65         01H         F         C         1         210           6194         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210           6195         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J           6328         PL         140.10         0BH         M         A         3         90J           6331         PL         140.10         0CH         M         A         3         90J           6	8598	PL	135.60	06H	F	Е	3	210
8604         PL         135.60         09H         F         E         3         210           8805         PL         135.60         10H         F         E         3         13C           8594         PL         135.60         4H         F         E         3         210           8764         PL         135.61         0H         F         D         2         210           6192         PL         135.65         00H         F         C         1         210           6193         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210           6194         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210           6195         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J           6328         PL         140.10         0BH         M         A         3         90J           6330         PL         140.10         0CH         M         A         3         90J           6331         PL         140.10         0CH         M         A         3         90J           6	8600	PL	135.60	07H	F	Е	3	210
8805         PL         135.60         10H         F         E         3         13C           8594         PL         135.60         4H         F         E         3         210           8764         PL         135.61         0H         F         D         2         210           6192         PL         135.65         00H         F         C         1         210           6193         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210           6194         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210           6195         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J           6328         PL         140.10         0AH         M         A         3         90J           6330         PL         140.10         0CH         M         A         3         90J           6331         PL         140.10         0CH         M         A         3         90J           6332         PL         140.10         0CH         M         A         3         90J           6	8602	PL	135.60	08H	F	Е	3	210
8594         PL         135.60         4H         F         E         3         210           8764         PL         135.61         0H         F         D         2         210           6192         PL         135.65         00H         F         C         1         210           6193         PL         135.65         01H         F         C         1         210           6194         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210           6195         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J           6328         PL         140.10         0AH         M         A         3         90J           6329         PL         140.10         0BH         M         A         3         90J           6331         PL         140.10         0CH         M         A         3         90J           6332         PL         140.10         0EH         M         A         3         90J           6333         PL         140.10         0FH         M         A         3         90J           6	8604	PL	135.60	09H	F	Е	3	210
8764         PL         135.61         0H         F         D         2         210           6192         PL         135.65         00H         F         C         1         210           6193         PL         135.65         01H         F         C         1         210           6194         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210           6195         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J           6328         PL         140.10         0AH         M         A         3         90J           6329         PL         140.10         0BH         M         A         3         90J           6330         PL         140.10         0CH         M         A         3         90J           6331         PL         140.10         0EH         M         A         3         90J           6332         PL         140.10         0EH         M         A         3         90J           6333         PL         140.10         0FH         M         A         3         90J	8805	PL	135.60	10H	F	Е	3	13C
6192         PL         135.65         00H         F         C         1         210           6193         PL         135.65         01H         F         C         1         210           6194         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210           6195         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J           6328         PL         140.10         0AH         M         A         3         90J           6329         PL         140.10         0BH         M         A         3         90J           6330         PL         140.10         0CH         M         A         3         90J           6331         PL         140.10         0DH         M         A         3         90J           6332         PL         140.10         0EH         M         A         3         90J           6333         PL         140.10         0FH         M         A         3         90J           6334         PL         140.10         0GH         M         A         3         90J <td< td=""><td>8594</td><td>PL</td><td>135.60</td><td>4H</td><td>F</td><td>Е</td><td>3</td><td>210</td></td<>	8594	PL	135.60	4H	F	Е	3	210
6193         PL         135.65         01H         F         C         1         210           6194         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210           6195         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J           6328         PL         140.10         0AH         M         A         3         90J           6329         PL         140.10         0BH         M         A         3         90J           6330         PL         140.10         0CH         M         A         3         90J           6331         PL         140.10         0EH         M         A         3         90J           6332         PL         140.10         0EH         M         A         3         90J           6333         PL         140.10         0FH         M         A         3         90J           6334         PL         140.10         0GH         M         A         3         90J           8136         PL         140.15         00H         F         E         2         90J	8764	PL	135.61	0H	F	D	2	210
6194         PL         135.65         02H         F         C         1         210           6195         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J           6328         PL         140.10         0AH         M         A         3         90J           6329         PL         140.10         0BH         M         A         3         90J           6330         PL         140.10         0CH         M         A         3         90J           6331         PL         140.10         0DH         M         A         3         90J           6332         PL         140.10         0EH         M         A         3         90J           6333         PL         140.10         0FH         M         A         3         90J           6334         PL         140.10         0GH         M         A         3         90J           8136         PL         140.15         00H         F         E         2         90J	6192	PL	135.65	00H	F	С	1	210
6195         PL         140.10         00H         M         A         3         90J           6328         PL         140.10         0AH         M         A         3         90J           6329         PL         140.10         0BH         M         A         3         90J           6330         PL         140.10         0CH         M         A         3         90J           6331         PL         140.10         0DH         M         A         3         90J           6332         PL         140.10         0EH         M         A         3         90J           6333         PL         140.10         0FH         M         A         3         90J           6334         PL         140.10         0GH         M         A         3         90J           8136         PL         140.15         00H         F         E         2         90J	6193	PL	135.65	01H	F	С	1	210
6328       PL       140.10       0AH       M       A       3       90J         6329       PL       140.10       0BH       M       A       3       90J         6330       PL       140.10       0CH       M       A       3       90J         6331       PL       140.10       0DH       M       A       3       90J         6332       PL       140.10       0EH       M       A       3       90J         6333       PL       140.10       0FH       M       A       3       90J         6334       PL       140.10       0GH       M       A       3       90J         8136       PL       140.15       00H       F       E       2       90J	6194	PL	135.65	02H	F	С	1	210
6329       PL       140.10       0BH       M       A       3       90J         6330       PL       140.10       0CH       M       A       3       90J         6331       PL       140.10       0DH       M       A       3       90J         6332       PL       140.10       0EH       M       A       3       90J         6333       PL       140.10       0FH       M       A       3       90J         6334       PL       140.10       0GH       M       A       3       90J         8136       PL       140.15       00H       F       E       2       90J	6195	PL	140.10	00H	М	Α	3	90J
6330       PL       140.10       0CH       M       A       3       90J         6331       PL       140.10       0DH       M       A       3       90J         6332       PL       140.10       0EH       M       A       3       90J         6333       PL       140.10       0FH       M       A       3       90J         6334       PL       140.10       0GH       M       A       3       90J         8136       PL       140.15       00H       F       E       2       90J	6328	PL	140.10	0AH	М	Α	3	90J
6331       PL       140.10       0DH       M       A       3       90J         6332       PL       140.10       0EH       M       A       3       90J         6333       PL       140.10       0FH       M       A       3       90J         6334       PL       140.10       0GH       M       A       3       90J         8136       PL       140.15       00H       F       E       2       90J	6329	PL	140.10	0BH	М	Α	3	90J
6332       PL       140.10       0EH       M       A       3       90J         6333       PL       140.10       0FH       M       A       3       90J         6334       PL       140.10       0GH       M       A       3       90J         8136       PL       140.15       00H       F       E       2       90J	6330	PL	140.10	0CH	М	Α	3	90J
6333       PL       140.10       0FH       M       A       3       90J         6334       PL       140.10       0GH       M       A       3       90J         8136       PL       140.15       00H       F       E       2       90J	6331	PL	140.10	0DH	М	Α	3	90J
6334 PL 140.10 0GH M A 3 90J 8136 PL 140.15 00H F E 2 90J	6332	PL	140.10	0EH	М	Α	3	90J
8136 PL 140.15 00H F E 2 90J	6333	PL	140.10	0FH	М	Α	3	90J
	6334	PL	140.10	0GH	М	Α	3	90J
8137 PL 140.15 01H F E 2 90J	8136	PL	140.15	00H	F	Е	2	90J
	8137	PL	140.15	01H	F	Е	2	90J

8138	PL	140.15	02H	F	E	2	90J
6197	PL	140.17	00H	F	С	1	90J
6198	PL	140.17	01H	F	С	1	90J
6199	PL	140.17	02H	F	С	1	90J
6200	PL	140.17	03H	F	С	1	90J
6201	PL	140.20	00H	F	С	3	220
6202	PL	140.25	00H	F	В	2	220
6203	PL	140.25	01H	F	В	2	220
6204	PL	140.25	02H	F	В	2	220
6205	PL	140.30	00H	F	В	1	220
6206	PL	140.30	01H	F	В	1	220
6207	PL	140.30	02H	F	В	1	220
6208	PL	140.30	03H	F	В	1	220
6209	PL	140.30	04H	F	В	1	220
6210	PL	145.00	00H	F	Е	4	290
6211	PL	145.00	01H	F	Е	4	290
6212	PL	145.00	02H	F	Е	4	290
6213	PL	145.00	03H	F	Е	4	290
7839	PL	145.00	04AH	F	Е	4	13C
7840	PL	145.00	04BH	F	Е	4	13C
7838	PL	145.00	04H	F	Е	4	13C
6214	PL	145.05	00H	F	D	3	290
7005	PL	145.05	01H	F	D	3	290
7007	PL	145.05	02H	F	D	3	290
6215	PL	145.10	00H	F	С	2	290
6216	PL	145.12	00H	F	В	1	290
6217	PL	150.05	00H	F	D	4	200
6218	PL	150.05	01H	F	D	4	200
6219	PL	150.10	00H	F	В	3	200
6220	PL	150.10	01H	F	В	3	200
6221	PL	150.15	00H	F	В	2	200
6222	PL	150.20	00H	F	Α	1	200
6223	PL	150.20	01H	F	Α	1	200
6224	PL	155.25	00H	F	Е	0	23H
6225	PL	155.30	00H	F	D	4	23H
6226	PL	155.30	01H	F	D	4	23H
6227	PL	155.30	02H	F	D	4	23H
6228	PL	155.30	03H	F	D	4	23H
6229	PL	155.30	04H	F	D	4	23H
6230	PL	155.30	05H	F	D	4	23H
6231	PL	155.30	06H	F	D	4	210
6232	PL	155.30	07H	F	D	4	23H
6233	PL	155.30	08H	F	D	4	240
	l	I.	l	1	1		

8122         PL         155.30         09H         F         D         4         23H           6235         PL         155.30         10H         F         D         4         23H           7274         PL         155.30         11H         F         D         4         23H           8088         PL         155.35         00H         F         C         3         23H           8090         PL         155.35         01H         F         C         3         23H           8092         PL         155.40         00H         F         B         2         23H           6237         PL         155.40         00H         F         B         2         23H           6238         PL         155.40         01H         F         B         2         210           6240         PL         160.05         00H         F         B         2         210           6241         PL         160.10         00H         F         B         2         120           6242         PL         160.10         02H         F         B         2         120 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>								
7274         PL         155.30         11H         F         D         4         23H           8088         PL         155.35         00H         F         C         3         23H           8090         PL         155.35         01H         F         C         3         23H           8092         PL         155.35         02H         F         C         3         23H           6237         PL         155.40         00H         F         B         2         23H           6238         PL         155.40         01H         F         B         2         23H           6239         PL         155.40         02H         F         B         2         23H           6239         PL         155.42         00H         F         B         2         210           6240         PL         160.05         00H         F         B         1         23H           6241         PL         160.10         00H         F         B         2         120           6242         PL         160.10         02H         F         B         2         120 <td< td=""><td>8122</td><td>PL</td><td>155.30</td><td>09H</td><td>F</td><td>D</td><td>4</td><td>23H</td></td<>	8122	PL	155.30	09H	F	D	4	23H
8088         PL         155.35         00H         F         C         3         23H           8090         PL         155.35         01H         F         C         3         23H           8092         PL         155.35         02H         F         C         3         23H           6237         PL         155.40         00H         F         B         2         23H           6238         PL         155.40         01H         F         B         2         23H           6239         PL         155.40         02H         F         B         2         210           6240         PL         155.42         00H         F         B         1         23H           6241         PL         160.05         00H         F         B         1         23H           6241         PL         160.10         00H         F         B         2         120           6242         PL         160.10         01H         F         B         2         120           6243         PL         160.10         02BH         F         B         2         120 <t< td=""><td>6235</td><td>PL</td><td>155.30</td><td>10H</td><td>F</td><td>D</td><td>4</td><td>23H</td></t<>	6235	PL	155.30	10H	F	D	4	23H
8090         PL         155.35         01H         F         C         3         23H           8092         PL         155.35         02H         F         C         3         23H           6237         PL         155.40         00H         F         B         2         23H           6238         PL         155.40         01H         F         B         2         23H           6239         PL         155.40         02H         F         B         2         210           6240         PL         155.42         00H         F         B         1         23H           6241         PL         160.05         00H         F         B         1         23H           6242         PL         160.10         00H         F         B         2         120           6243         PL         160.10         01H         F         B         2         120           7074         PL         160.10         02H         F         B         2         120           6244         PL         160.10         03H         F         B         2         120 <td< td=""><td>7274</td><td>PL</td><td>155.30</td><td>11H</td><td>F</td><td>D</td><td>4</td><td>23H</td></td<>	7274	PL	155.30	11H	F	D	4	23H
8092         PL         155.35         02H         F         C         3         23H           6237         PL         155.40         00H         F         B         2         23H           6238         PL         155.40         01H         F         B         2         23H           6239         PL         155.40         02H         F         B         2         210           6240         PL         155.42         00H         F         B         1         23H           6241         PL         160.05         00H         F         C         3         120           6242         PL         160.10         00H         F         B         2         120           6243         PL         160.10         01H         F         B         2         120           7074         PL         160.10         02H         F         B         2         120           6244         PL         160.10         02H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.15         00H         F         B         1         120 <td< td=""><td>8088</td><td>PL</td><td>155.35</td><td>00H</td><td>F</td><td>С</td><td>3</td><td>23H</td></td<>	8088	PL	155.35	00H	F	С	3	23H
6237         PL         155.40         00H         F         B         2         23H           6238         PL         155.40         01H         F         B         2         23H           6239         PL         155.40         02H         F         B         2         210           6240         PL         155.42         00H         F         B         1         23H           6240         PL         160.05         00H         F         C         3         120           6241         PL         160.10         00H         F         B         2         120           6242         PL         160.10         01H         F         B         2         120           6243         PL         160.10         02AH         F         B         2         120           7074         PL         160.10         02BH         F         B         2         120           6244         PL         160.10         03H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.15         00H         F         B         1         120           <	8090	PL	155.35	01H	F	С	3	23H
6238         PL         155.40         01H         F         B         2         23H           6239         PL         155.40         02H         F         B         2         210           6240         PL         155.42         00H         F         B         1         23H           6241         PL         160.05         00H         F         C         3         120           6242         PL         160.10         00H         F         B         2         120           6243         PL         160.10         01H         F         B         2         120           7073         PL         160.10         02AH         F         B         2         120           7074         PL         160.10         02BH         F         B         2         120           6244         PL         160.10         03H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.15         00H         F         B         1         120           6247         PL         160.15         01H         F         B         1         120           <	8092	PL	155.35	02H	F	С	3	23H
6239         PL         155.40         02H         F         B         2         210           6240         PL         155.42         00H         F         B         1         23H           6241         PL         160.05         00H         F         C         3         120           6242         PL         160.10         00H         F         B         2         120           6243         PL         160.10         01H         F         B         2         120           7073         PL         160.10         02AH         F         B         2         120           7074         PL         160.10         02BH         F         B         2         120           6244         PL         160.10         03H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.15         00H         F         B         1         120           6245         PL         160.15         01H         F         B         1         120           6247         PL         160.15         02H         F         B         1         120           <	6237	PL	155.40	00H	F	В	2	23H
6240         PL         155.42         00H         F         B         1         23H           6241         PL         160.05         00H         F         C         3         120           6242         PL         160.10         00H         F         B         2         120           6243         PL         160.10         01H         F         B         2         120           7073         PL         160.10         02AH         F         B         2         120           7074         PL         160.10         02BH         F         B         2         120           6244         PL         160.10         02H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.10         03H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.15         00H         F         B         1         120           6246         PL         160.15         01H         F         B         1         120           6248         PL         160.15         03H         F         B         1         120           <	6238	PL	155.40	01H	F	В	2	23H
6241         PL         160.05         00H         F         C         3         120           6242         PL         160.10         00H         F         B         2         120           6243         PL         160.10         01H         F         B         2         120           7073         PL         160.10         02AH         F         B         2         120           7074         PL         160.10         02BH         F         B         2         120           6244         PL         160.10         02H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.10         03H         F         B         2         120           6246         PL         160.15         00H         F         B         1         120           6247         PL         160.15         01H         F         B         1         120           6248         PL         160.15         03H         F         B         1         120           6250         PL         160.15         04H         F         B         1         120           <	6239	PL	155.40	02H	F	В	2	210
6242         PL         160.10         00H         F         B         2         120           6243         PL         160.10         01H         F         B         2         120           7073         PL         160.10         02AH         F         B         2         120           7074         PL         160.10         02BH         F         B         2         120           6244         PL         160.10         03H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.10         03H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.15         00H         F         B         1         120           6246         PL         160.15         01H         F         B         1         120           6247         PL         160.15         02H         F         B         1         120           6248         PL         160.15         03H         F         B         1         120           6250         PL         160.15         04H         F         B         1         120           <	6240	PL	155.42	00H	F	В	1	23H
6243         PL         160.10         01H         F         B         2         120           7073         PL         160.10         02AH         F         B         2         120           7074         PL         160.10         02BH         F         B         2         120           6244         PL         160.10         02H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.10         03H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.15         00H         F         B         1         120           6246         PL         160.15         01H         F         B         1         120           6247         PL         160.15         02H         F         B         1         120           6248         PL         160.15         03H         F         B         1         120           6249         PL         160.15         04H         F         B         1         120           6250         PL         240.30         00H         M         A         1         13C           <	6241	PL	160.05	00H	F	С	3	120
7073         PL         160.10         02AH         F         B         2         120           7074         PL         160.10         02BH         F         B         2         120           6244         PL         160.10         02H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.10         03H         F         B         2         120           6246         PL         160.15         00H         F         B         1         120           6246         PL         160.15         01H         F         B         1         120           6247         PL         160.15         02H         F         B         1         120           6248         PL         160.15         03H         F         B         1         120           6249         PL         160.15         03H         F         B         1         120           6250         PL         240.25         00H         M         A         1         13C           6252         PL         240.30         01H         F         E         2         13C           <	6242	PL	160.10	00H	F	В	2	120
7074         PL         160.10         02BH         F         B         2         120           6244         PL         160.10         02H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.10         03H         F         B         2         120           6246         PL         160.15         00H         F         B         1         120           6247         PL         160.15         01H         F         B         1         120           6248         PL         160.15         02H         F         B         1         120           6249         PL         160.15         03H         F         B         1         120           6250         PL         160.15         04H         F         B         1         120           6251         PL         240.25         00H         M         A         1         13C           8434         PL         240.30         01AH         F         E         2         13C           8436         PL         240.30         01BH         F         E         2         13C	6243	PL	160.10	01H	F	В	2	120
6244         PL         160.10         02H         F         B         2         120           6245         PL         160.10         03H         F         B         2         120           6246         PL         160.15         00H         F         B         1         120           6247         PL         160.15         01H         F         B         1         120           6248         PL         160.15         02H         F         B         1         120           6249         PL         160.15         03H         F         B         1         120           6250         PL         160.15         04H         F         B         1         120           6251         PL         240.25         00H         M         A         1         13C           6252         PL         240.30         01H         F         E         2         13C           8434         PL         240.30         01H         F         E         2         13C           8432         PL         240.30         01H         F         E         2         13C <td< td=""><td>7073</td><td>PL</td><td>160.10</td><td>02AH</td><td>F</td><td>В</td><td>2</td><td>120</td></td<>	7073	PL	160.10	02AH	F	В	2	120
6245         PL         160.10         03H         F         B         2         120           6246         PL         160.15         00H         F         B         1         120           6247         PL         160.15         01H         F         B         1         120           6248         PL         160.15         02H         F         B         1         120           6249         PL         160.15         03H         F         B         1         120           6250         PL         160.15         04H         F         B         1         120           6251         PL         240.25         00H         M         A         1         13C           6252         PL         240.30         00H         F         E         2         13C           8434         PL         240.30         01BH         F         E         2         13C           8432         PL         240.30         01H         F         E         2         13C           8438         PL         240.30         02H         F         E         2         13C	7074	PL	160.10	02BH	F	В	2	120
6246       PL       160.15       00H       F       B       1       120         6247       PL       160.15       01H       F       B       1       120         6248       PL       160.15       02H       F       B       1       120         6249       PL       160.15       03H       F       B       1       120         6250       PL       160.15       04H       F       B       1       120         6251       PL       240.25       00H       M       A       1       13C         6252       PL       240.30       00H       F       E       2       13C         8434       PL       240.30       01AH       F       E       2       13C         8436       PL       240.30       01H       F       E       2       13C         8432       PL       240.30       02H       F       E       2       13C	6244	PL	160.10	02H	F	В	2	120
6247         PL         160.15         01H         F         B         1         120           6248         PL         160.15         02H         F         B         1         120           6249         PL         160.15         03H         F         B         1         120           6250         PL         160.15         04H         F         B         1         120           6251         PL         240.25         00H         M         A         1         13C           6252         PL         240.30         00H         F         E         2         13C           8434         PL         240.30         01AH         F         E         2         13C           8436         PL         240.30         01H         F         E         2         13C           8432         PL         240.30         02H         F         E         2         13C	6245	PL	160.10	03H	F	В	2	120
6248       PL       160.15       02H       F       B       1       120         6249       PL       160.15       03H       F       B       1       120         6250       PL       160.15       04H       F       B       1       120         6251       PL       240.25       00H       M       A       1       13C         6252       PL       240.30       00H       F       E       2       13C         8434       PL       240.30       01BH       F       E       2       13C         8436       PL       240.30       01H       F       E       2       13C         8432       PL       240.30       02H       F       E       2       13C	6246	PL	160.15	00H	F	В	1	120
6249       PL       160.15       03H       F       B       1       120         6250       PL       160.15       04H       F       B       1       120         6251       PL       240.25       00H       M       A       1       13C         6252       PL       240.30       00H       F       E       2       13C         8434       PL       240.30       01BH       F       E       2       13C         8436       PL       240.30       01H       F       E       2       13C         8432       PL       240.30       02H       F       E       2       13C	6247	PL	160.15	01H	F	В	1	120
6250       PL       160.15       04H       F       B       1       120         6251       PL       240.25       00H       M       A       1       13C         6252       PL       240.30       00H       F       E       2       13C         8434       PL       240.30       01AH       F       E       2       13C         8436       PL       240.30       01BH       F       E       2       13C         8432       PL       240.30       02H       F       E       2       13C         8438       PL       240.30       02H       F       E       2       13C	6248	PL	160.15	02H	F	В	1	120
6251       PL       240.25       00H       M       A       1       13C         6252       PL       240.30       00H       F       E       2       13C         8434       PL       240.30       01AH       F       E       2       13C         8436       PL       240.30       01BH       F       E       2       13C         8432       PL       240.30       01H       F       E       2       13C         8438       PL       240.30       02H       F       E       2       13C	6249	PL	160.15	03H	F	В	1	120
6252       PL       240.30       00H       F       E       2       13C         8434       PL       240.30       01AH       F       E       2       13C         8436       PL       240.30       01BH       F       E       2       13C         8432       PL       240.30       01H       F       E       2       13C         8438       PL       240.30       02H       F       E       2       13C	6250	PL	160.15	04H	F	В	1	120
8434       PL       240.30       01AH       F       E       2       13C         8436       PL       240.30       01BH       F       E       2       13C         8432       PL       240.30       01H       F       E       2       13C         8438       PL       240.30       02H       F       E       2       13C	6251	PL	240.25	00H	М	Α	1	13C
8436       PL       240.30       01BH       F       E       2       13C         8432       PL       240.30       01H       F       E       2       13C         8438       PL       240.30       02H       F       E       2       13C	6252	PL	240.30	00H	F	Е	2	13C
8432         PL         240.30         01H         F         E         2         13C           8438         PL         240.30         02H         F         E         2         13C	8434	PL	240.30	01AH	F	Е	2	13C
8438 PL 240.30 02H F E 2 13C	8436	PL	240.30	01BH	F	E	2	13C
	8432	PL	240.30	01H	F	Е	2	13C
8441 PL 240.30 04H F E 2 13C	8438	PL	240.30	02H	F	E	2	13C
	8441	PL	240.30	04H	F	E	2	13C